

EDUCATION SCHOOL PLACES COMMISSIONING PLAN 2023

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1. Foreword by the Deputy Leader and Children, Education and Families Portfolio Holder

The Bromley School Places Plan 2023-27 is our annual review of the need for school places. It sets out how we intend to meet need in Bromley in future years and informs how we work with our key partners including local schools, academy trusts and the Department for Education to achieve our aims.

We are proud of the levels of excellence in the London Borough of Bromley and our diverse mix of high performing schools, including foundation schools, sponsored and standalone academies and faith schools, with most being rated as Good or Outstanding by Ofsted.

Although most of Bromley schools are no longer controlled directly by the Council, we retain the responsibility for ensuring that there are sufficient school places available to meet need in the local area. In its recent White Paper, the Government re-confirmed its intention that councils should continue to lead on forecasting the future need for school places and identifying proposals to meet need.

Our success in meeting need is demonstrated by the creation of over 6,000 places locally over the past 12 years and ensuring that there have been sufficient places each year.

Looking forward I am confident that this plan will continue to ensure we are able to meet need.

Yours Sincerely

Councillors Kate Lymer

Deputy Leader and Executive Portfolio Holder for Children Education and Families,
London Borough of Bromley

2. Executive Summary

- The Council has met its statutory duty each year since 2010 ensuring that every on-time applicant gets an offer of a school place on primary and secondary national offer day
- In the most recent admissions rounds 88% of applicants for a primary school place and 68% of secondary applicants got their first choice
- The Council's current pupil place planning focus is special education needs (SEN). Bromley's average annual growth of 14% for the number of children and young people with an Education Care and Health Plan (EHCP) over the last 3 years has outstripped London and national comparators and it is unclear when this rate of increase in need will flatten.
- The Council is continuing to work with the Department of Education (DfE) to deliver the new SEN Free School in Chislehurst at the earliest opportunity.
- Current Greater London Authority (GLA) School Roll Projections are indicating a fall in need for primary school places for this decade. Other indicators such as live births and GP data also suggest a reduction in need. However, the need for primary school places has remained strong in Bromley in recent years whilst other parts of London have seen a significant fall. In January 2021 Reception places in Bromley were at a higher peak than at any point in the past decade.
- There is uncertainty about the projections of falling need for primary school places. During the past year there has not been any significant reduction in school numbers in Bromley, but on-time applications for starting at school in 2023 have fallen. Over the medium-term other factors could affect need, such as migration and the number of housing units being delivered in the Borough.
- There is a continuing need for the Harris Kent House secondary free school to open to ensure that there are sufficient secondary school places to meet local need. The scheme is currently at feasibility stage.
- The Council and its partners have added over 6,500 new permanent school places since 2011. As part of this expansion the Council has invested over £80m in expanding existing schools and worked with the Government to open 4 primary and 2 secondary Free Schools

3 Recommendations

- 3.1 That pupil roll projections and other trend data set out in the report be noted.
- 3.2 That the continued increase in the number of children and young people with an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP), above demographic trends be noted.
- 3.3 That a planning margin of 5% above the GLA School Roll Projections continues to be implemented to provide for local variations in need and to meet parental preferences.
- 3.4 That the GLA School Roll Projections indicate a potential future reduction in the need for primary places and this position needs to be kept under review.
- 3.5 Whilst there are, currently, sufficient places available or planned to meet current and projected demand for school places, the Council will work with schools to safeguard the existing supply of school places as required.
- 3.6 That there are specific pressures for placements for pupils with an Education Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) and that the Council works with local schools, trusts and the DfE to bring proposals forward to increase capacity and improve provision where necessary. The High Needs Funding and Estates Review will be a key route for identifying opportunities to bring forward additional capacity.
- 3.7 That discussions be undertaken with schools, multi academy trusts and the DfE, as outlined in this report, to ensure a sufficient supply of mainstream school places in the Borough, including through expansions and opening new schools.
- 3.8 That whilst there has been progress in the delivery of both Harris Kent House and Redwood Academy free schools that there remains a potential delay to both projects and that it is recommended that the Council engages in conversation with both trusts to ensure that there are sufficient school places available until each school opens.
- 3.9 That the Council should actively seek to increase the capacity of in-Borough specialist provision.
- 3.10 Where expansion is agreed, to implement through the education capital programme (subject to the availability of funds).
- 3.11 That officers continue dialogue with the DfE on amending the primary and secondary planning areas.

4 Purpose of plan

The Council's School Places Plan 2023-27 is a 4-year rolling annual strategy that sets out how the Council intends to ensure that there are enough high-quality accessible school places locally. Fundamental to this aim is that as far as is practicable, children and young people should be able to access an education place that meets their needs within their own community.

Whilst most of Bromley schools are academies, the Council retains responsibility for ensuring that there are sufficient school places to meet need.

The plan provides analysis of historic data and demographics and includes details of the projected future need for school places. The information contained within this document provides the basis for the Council, schools and academies and other agencies to work in partnership to plan future provision. It also provides parents with an understanding of how the Council intends to ensure sufficient education provision in the future.

Statutory context

The Education Act 1996 makes local authorities responsible for securing sufficient school places for children of compulsory school age in their local area and that provision should be diverse and increase opportunities for parental choice.

The Children and Families Act 2014 places statutory responsibilities on the Council for supporting children and young people with special education needs (SEN) and disabilities to ensure that there are good places for all pupils.

The Local Authority can influence the supply of schools by expanding existing schools. Since the 2011 Education Act local authorities are no longer able to open new maintained schools and all new schools must be secured via the Free School route.

Central Government Policy

In last year's plan we provided details of the Government's proposals for Education as set out within their Schools White Paper and SEN Green Paper.

In December 2022 the Government announced that the Schools Bill would not progress in the third session of Parliament. However, it announced that parts of the Bill would proceed as part of separate legislation.

Whilst most of the aspects of the Bill relating to the powers of academies are not expected to proceed for now, the Government remains committed to seeing the continued transition to a fully academised school system by 2030. The establishment of a register of children not in school and greater powers to tackle illegal schools are expected to be prioritised.

Following the SEN Green Paper and resulting consultation last year the Government responded in the form of its *Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) and*

Alternative Provision (AP) Improvement Plan Right Support, Right Place, Right Time published in March 2023. The document reiterates the Government's intentions to move toward a national system for SEN and Alternative Provision with core standards.

2023 also sees SEN capacity included for the first time within the local authority annual school capacity return to central government. This could be significant as it may result in a change over time whereby capital funds to support SEN provision are no longer based solely on the local SEN cohort, but also in part on the capacity of existing provision for children with SEN within each local area. It is unclear at this point who would be the winners and losers from this change.

Note on data.

Please note that where new information is available the relevant sections of this plan have been updated. However, as this plan is being produced earlier this year some datasets, such as the DfE Spring 2023 School Census and 2023 SEN2 Census and derived DfE publications, are not yet available. Where this is the case, the information presented will be the same as in last year's plan.

However, wherever possible this plan has been updated using the Autumn (October) 2022 school census.

5 Bromley context

Bromley is a diverse London borough that combines urban and town centre environments, suburbs and small rural communities on the edge of London bordering the counties of Surrey and Kent and 6 other London boroughs. There are significant cross borough movements for school places, particularly at secondary age, with Bromley being a net importer of pupils for mainstream provision.

Bromley has also been a pioneer in terms of school organisation, with 94% of local schools being academies, which atypically aligns Bromley to the Government's aspiration that all schools become academies. This influences the way the Council works with schools, academy trusts, partner organisations and Government agencies. As the Council does not control most of its schools to deliver change it seeks to maintain and improve its relationships with partner agencies on a systems leadership basis.

Primary

Since 2010 there has been a significant increase in primary school rolls in Bromley. There are now 4,233 more pupils in local primary schools than there were in 2010, an increase of 18%. Over this period Reception Year rolls have increased from 3,442 to 3,851, with a peak of 4,051 in January 2021. Key growth areas have been Crystal Palace, Penge and Anerley, Beckenham, Central Bromley and Cray Valley. As autumn 2022 there are 27,216 pupils in Bromley primary schools.

During this period the Council has provided 2,625 primary places through permanent expansion of existing schools and a further 1,890 places by working with the Department for Education through its free school programme. This has delivered 4 new schools: Harris Primary Academy Beckenham, Harris Primary Academy Shortlands, La Fontaine Academy and Langley Park Primary.

Primary school rolls are currently projected to fall steadily over the next decade, according to the GLA School Roll Projections. This trend would appear to be echoed by live birth and GP registration data that indicates a potential reduction in need. Migration has also been historically a significant factor in the need for school places, however the long-term implications of recent changes, such as Covid that saw a 6% decrease in school admissions for September 2021 entry, remain to be seen. However, between January 2022 and October 2022 which takes into account the 2022 Reception Year intake, reception rolls have remained static with a slight decrease of 57 pupils across all years.

Boroughs in other parts of London have had to initiate significant programmes of school capacity reductions, with wide reaching implications. To a certain extent the need for school places is cyclical and there are significant issues with adding capacity back into the system when needed after capacity is physically reduced. This is particularly the case in Bromley which has been a leader in academisation, but where the Council no longer controls the organisation of most of its schools.

Data set out later in this report illustrates that Bromley has seen lower levels of reduction in the need for primary school places than other parts of London. Data

from recent years suggests that going forward changes in the need for primary places are likely to be influenced more by local than Borough-wide trends.

Secondary

Since 2016 the corresponding increase in the need for primary school places has begun to be reflected in the need for secondary school places. There are now 2,839 more pupils in Bromley secondary schools than there were in 2016, an increase of 13%. Over this same period Year 7 rolls have increased from 3,463 in 2016 to 3,936 in October 2022, an increase of 14%.

Most secondary schools in the borough have seen an increase in the need for places and are operating at capacity, with the most acute need in north-west Bromley, where the Council has had to make offers to out-of-Borough schools on national offer day. Conversely, secondary schools in Cray Valley have surplus capacity, but are not generally a 'reasonable offer' for children living in Penge, Anerley or Crystal Palace due to travel times and distances.

During this period the Council has provided an additional 300 permanent secondary places through the expansion of Bishop Justus School whilst a further 2,580 places were provided in working with the Department for Education to open Eden Park High School and Bullers Wood School for Boys through its free school programme.

Special Education Needs

Since 2020 Bromley has experienced a growth of 44% in the number children and young people aged 0-25 with an Education Health and Care Plan. This additional need presents the Council with significant challenges, both in terms of effectively meeting the needs of children and finding suitable placements whilst managing the associated costs of provision, support and transport.

Over the past 10 years the Council has significantly expanded its existing provision, increasing the number of special school places by 89% and primary resource provision places by 51%, whilst also seeking to support children and young people with an EHCP in mainstream classes where appropriate.

The three most significant type of need for children with an EHCP in Bromley are Speech, Language and Communication Needs (SLCN), Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) and Social, Emotional and Mental Health Needs (SEMH).

The Council wherever possible seeks to support children locally. However, one of the major challenges for the Council is how to reduce the number of pupils going to the costly independent sector because their needs cannot be met locally either due to their complexity or following the outcome of a tribunal. Currently there are 229 pupils with an Education Health and Care Plan in independent special schools and 65 in independent maintained schools.

Bromley has an approved special free school and multi-agency centre of excellence for Autism, Redwood Academy that forms a core part of its strategy to meet the need

for specialist placements in future years. A sponsor has been appointed and the Department for Education is currently undertaking a feasibility on the scheme.

The Council currently working with Oaklands Primary School and The Highway Primary School to investigate opening an additional resources provision (ARP) at each school.

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6 Background - Borough wide summary

School Organisation

Bromley has 102 schools including 2 free schools in the pre-opening stage. This is made up of 20 secondary schools, 76 primary schools, 5 special schools and an alternative provision academy.

Except for the secondary sector, Bromley's schools are mixed gender. In the secondary sector half of Bromley schools are single sex, with 5 boys and 5 girls schools. These provide places for 54% of the secondary school population.

18 of Bromley's schools have a religious denomination, with 12% of the borough's school population being in a Church of England (9%) or Roman Catholic (3%) school. There are 2 Church of England Secondary Schools, but no in-borough Catholic secondary provision. The borough has two grammar schools, St Olave's (boys) and Newstead Wood (girls).

Bromley has a highly academised school systems with 96 academies, including 2 in the pre-opening stage. The academy environment has changed in recent years, in line with government policy, from a system dominated by single academy trusts, to one characterised by larger multi-academy trusts, many locally grown. Many of these trusts now operate schools in other boroughs. However, the information in this report solely concentrates on schools in Bromley.

The section below details the organisation of schools based on pupil numbers in the Autumn 2022 School Census. The table below details the make-up of the Bromley's school population by trust and/or type of school. The trusts with the largest number of pupils at their schools in Bromley are Impact (8,086), Education for the 21st Century (5,030) and Harris Federation (4,941). 6,035 pupils are currently taught in single academy trusts and 2,791 in maintained schools.

Figure 6.1: Pupils in Bromley Schools by School Organisation

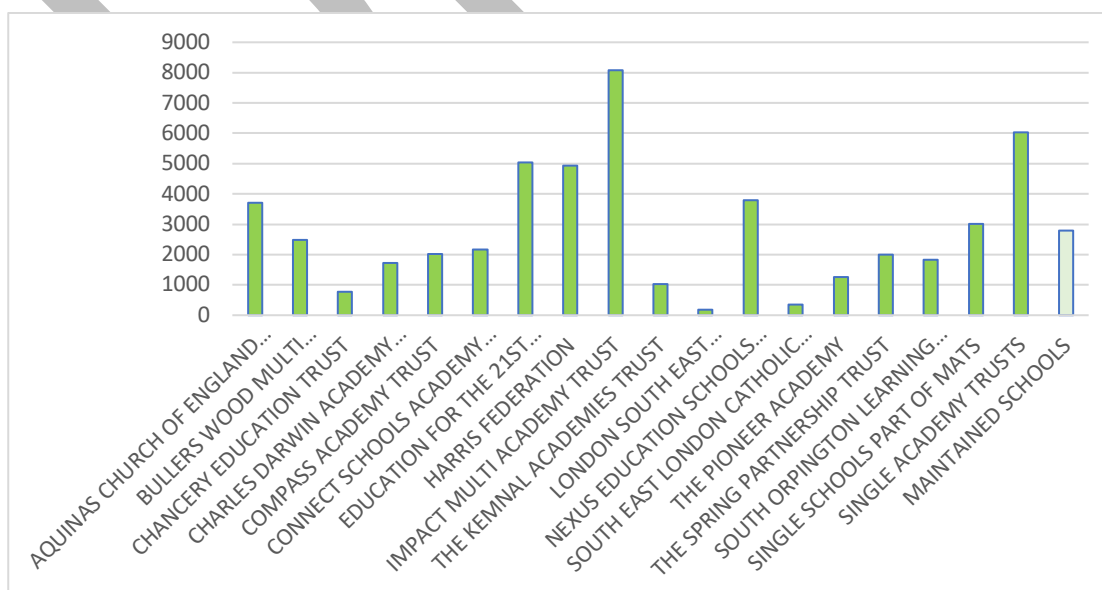
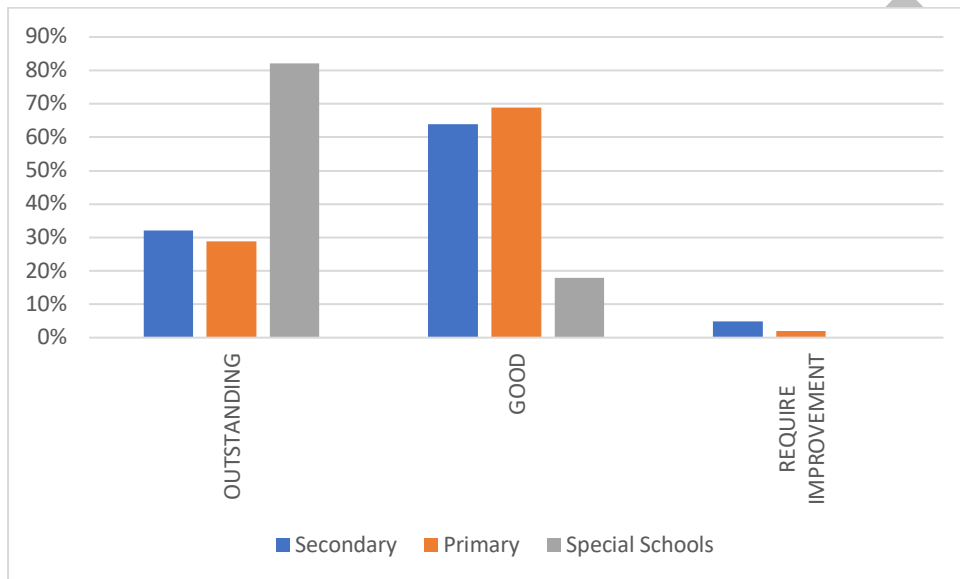


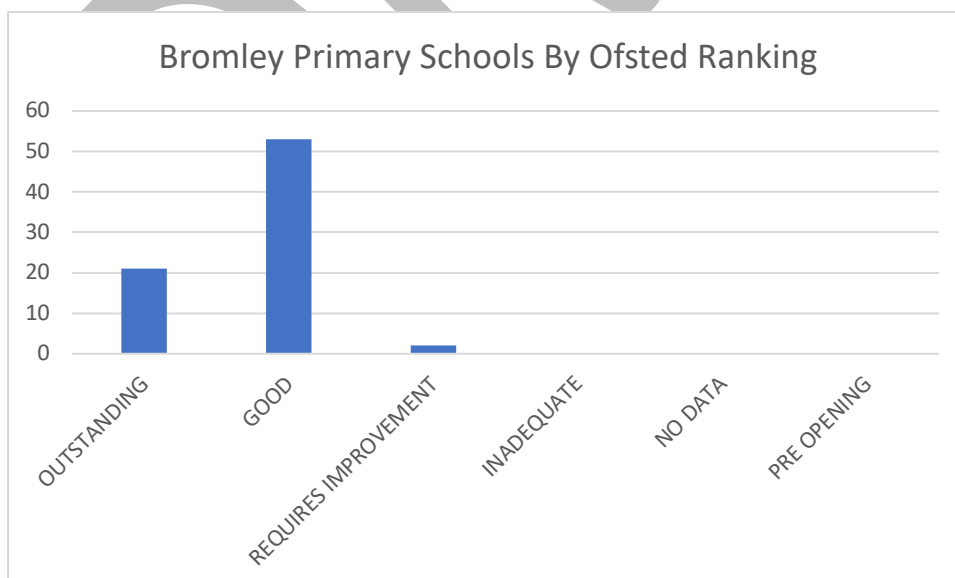
Table 6.2 below provides details of the percentage of Bromley pupils in Ofsted ranked schools, by type of schools. 82% of pupils in special schools in Bromley are educated in a school ranked outstanding, compared with 32% of secondary pupils and 29% of primary pupils. 5% of secondary pupils and 2% of primary pupils are taught in schools assessed as Requires Improvement. No schools are currently ranked as Inadequate.

Figure 6.2: Percentage of Pupils in Bromley Primary, Secondary and Special Schools by Ofsted Ranking



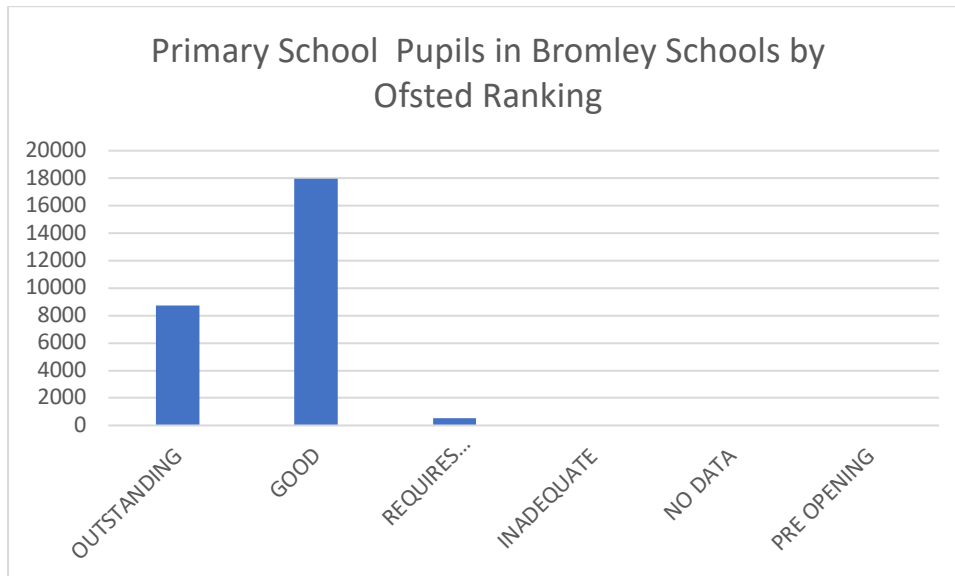
21 of Bromley's primary schools are ranked as Outstanding, 53 Good and 2 as Requires Improvement.

Figure 6.3: Bromley Primary Schools by Ofsted Ranking



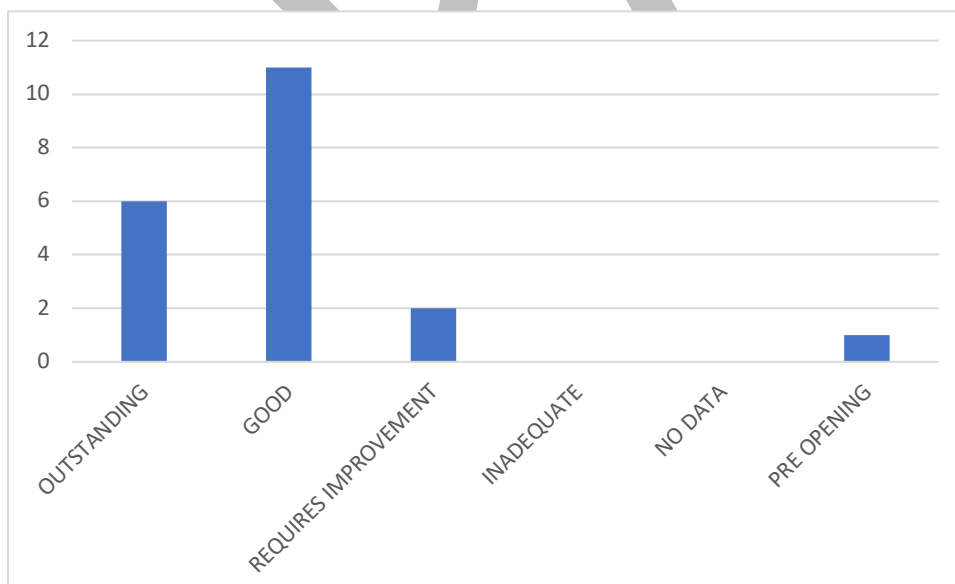
8,709 of Bromley's primary school pupils are taught in Outstanding primary schools, 17,961 in schools ranked Good and 546 in schools assessed by Ofsted as Requires Improvement.

Figure 6:4 Primary School Pupils in Bromley Schools by Ofsted Ranking



6 of Bromley secondary schools are rated as Outstanding, 11 Good and 2 Requires Improvement. There is a single secondary schools Harris Kent House in the pre-opening phase.

Figure 6.5: Bromley Secondary Schools by Ofsted Ranking



The table below details the number of pupils in Bromley secondary schools by Ofsted rating. 7,928 pupils attend an Outstanding school, 16,200 attend schools rated Good and 1,220 schools rated as Requires Improvement.

Figure 6.6: Secondary School Pupils in Bromley Schools by Ofsted Ranking

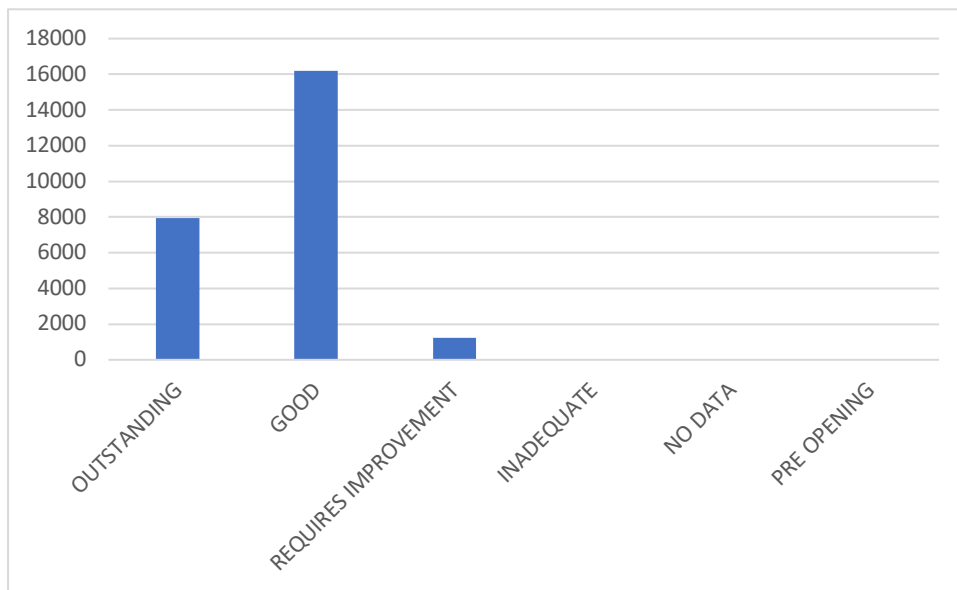
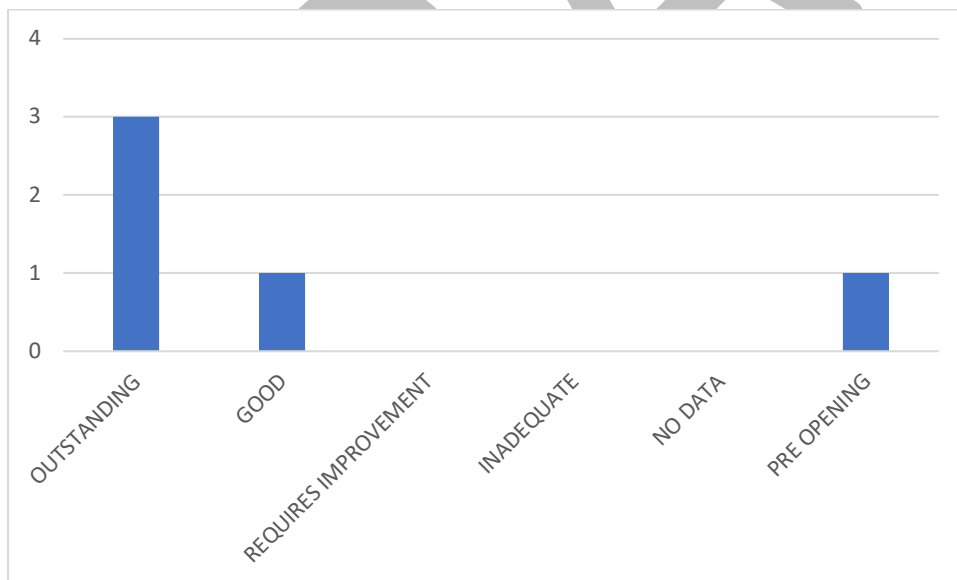


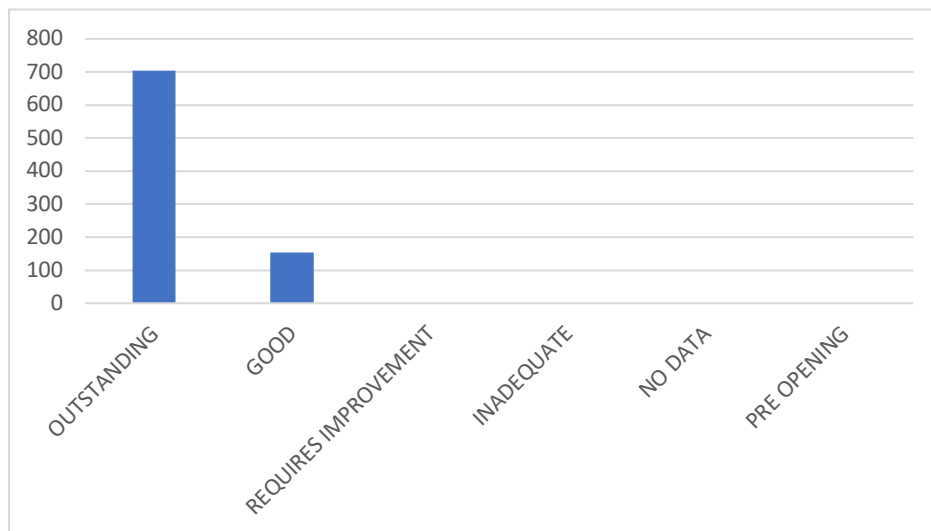
Figure 6.7 below details that 3 out of 4 of Bromley's open Special Schools are ranked as Outstanding. 1 Special School, Redwood Academy is in the pre-opening stage.

Figure 6.7: Bromley Special Schools by Ofsted Ranking



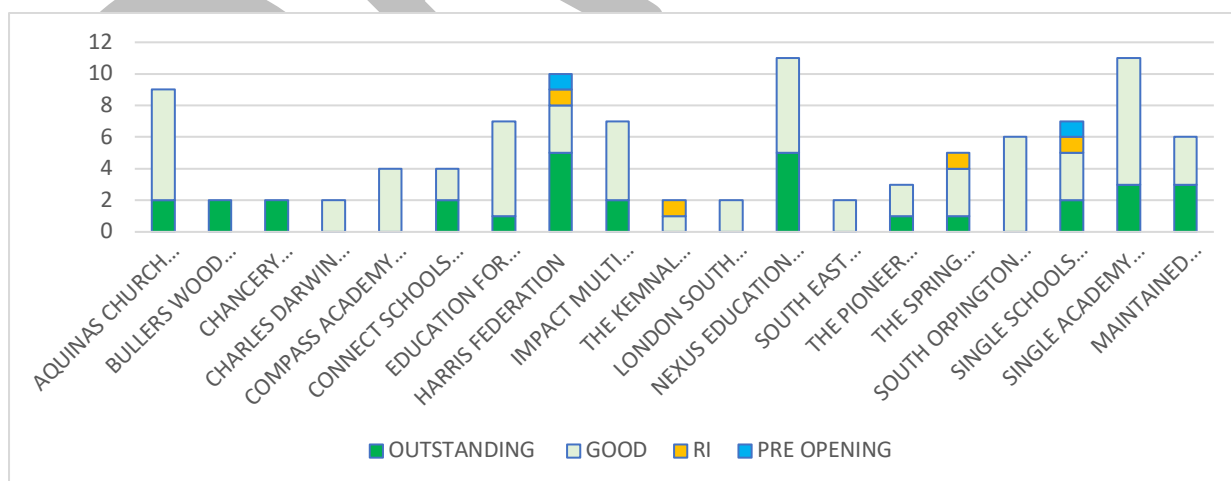
703 pupils attend special schools with an Outstanding rating.

Figure 6.8: Special School Pupils in Bromley Schools by Ofsted Ranking



The table below analyses the number of pupils in different multi-academy trusts, trusts, and schools. Harris federation has the highest number of pupils (3,366) in Ofsted raked Outstanding schools, but also has the most pupils in schools ranked as Requires Improvement (619). Impact MAT has 2,153 pupils in schools raked outstanding (2,153). Bullers Wood, Connect Schools, Nexus each have more than 1,000 pupils in Outstanding Bromley schools. Over 50% of pupils in Bromley’s maintained schools, attend schools rated as Outstanding.

Figure 6.9: Pupils in Bromley Schools by Trust and Ofsted Ranking



Planning Area 5 has the most schools (14) with the joint highest number (6) being ranked as Outstanding, equal to Planning Area 3. All of Bromley’s Requires Improvement Schools are in Planning Areas 7 & 8.

Figure 6.10: Number of Schools in Planning Areas by Ofsted Ranking

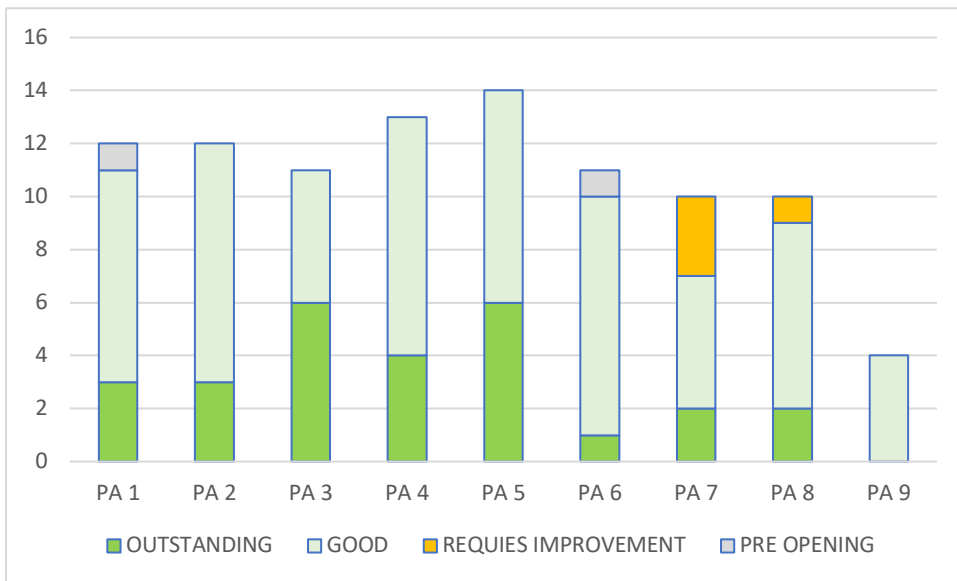
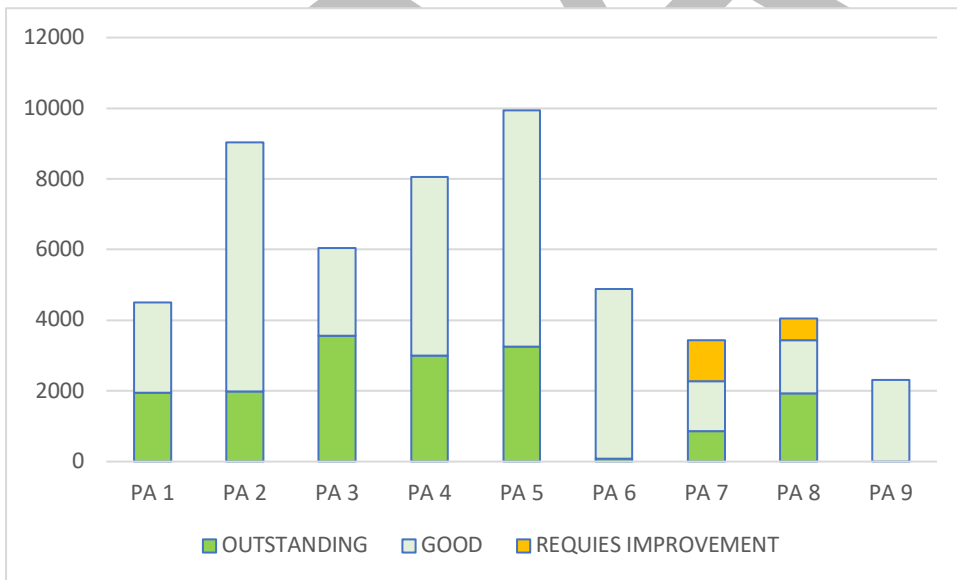


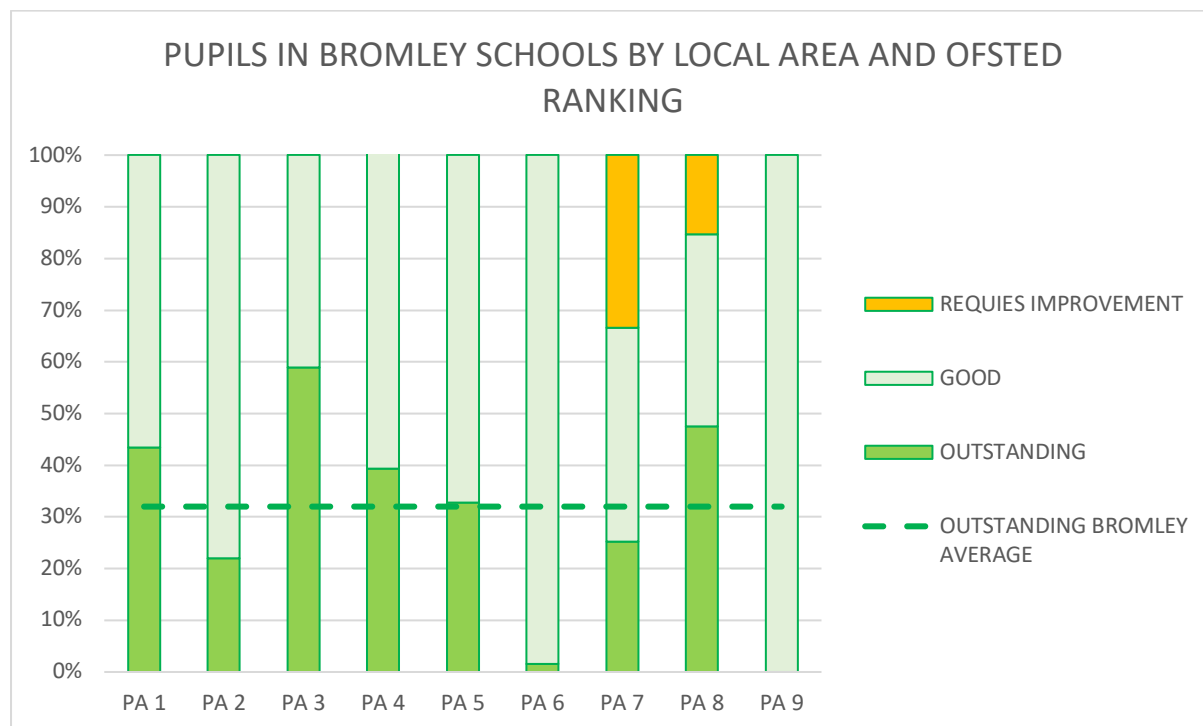
Figure 6.11 details number of pupils in each planning area by Ofsted ranking. Planning Area 3 has the most pupils in Outstanding Schools (3,467) closely followed by Planning Area 5 (3,261). 1,147 pupils in Planning Area 7 and 619 in Planning Area 8 were in schools rated as Requires Improvement.

Figure 6.11: Number of pupils in Planning Areas by Ofsted Ranking



The table below analyses each Planning Area by the number of pupils in each Ofsted Ranking. Pupils in Planning Area 3 are most likely to be in a school ranked Outstanding (59%), whilst a third of pupils in Planning Area 7 attend a school ranked as Requires Improvement. Planning Areas 1, 3, 4, 5 and 8 all have more pupils in schools ranked outstanding than the Bromley average of 32%.

Figure 6.12: Percentage of pupils in Ofsted Ranked Schools by Planning Area

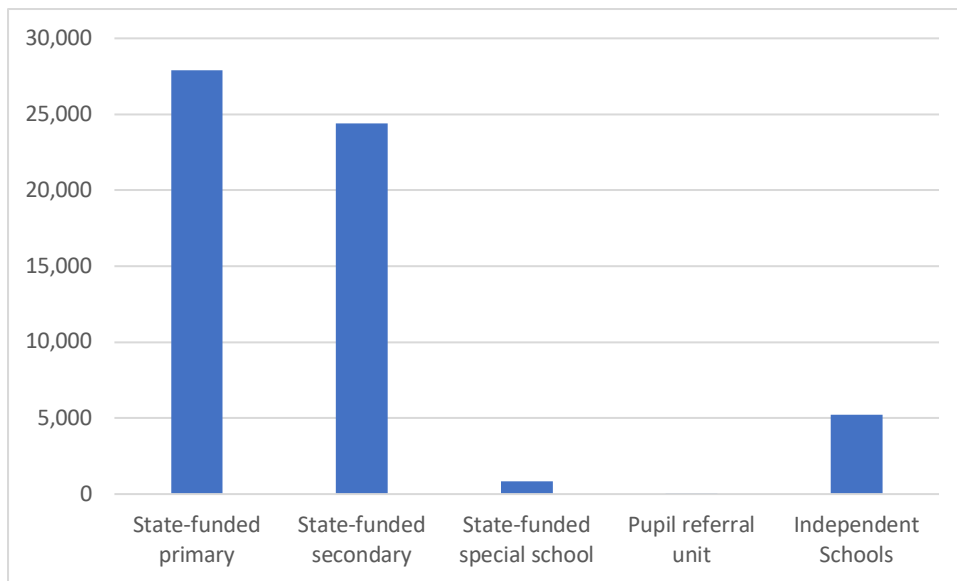


DfE School Census Analysis

This section focusses on analysis of the DfE school census.

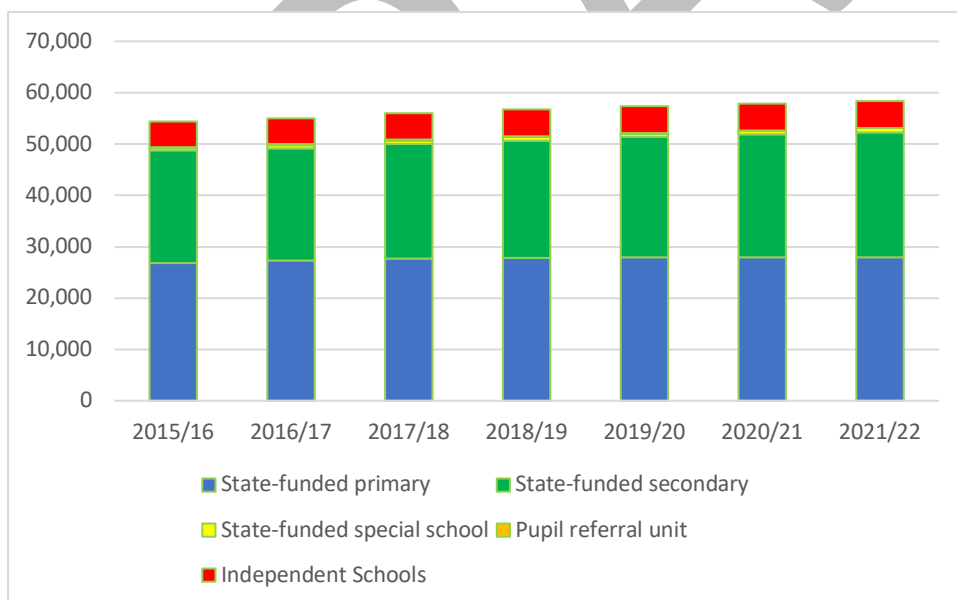
The table below provides analysis of the types of schools in Bromley. Primary Schools make up the largest type of school by pupil population with 27,907 pupils on roll, followed by secondary schools with 24,395 and independent schools with 5,277 pupils.

Figure 6.13: Comparative types of Bromley schools by pupil numbers – January 2022



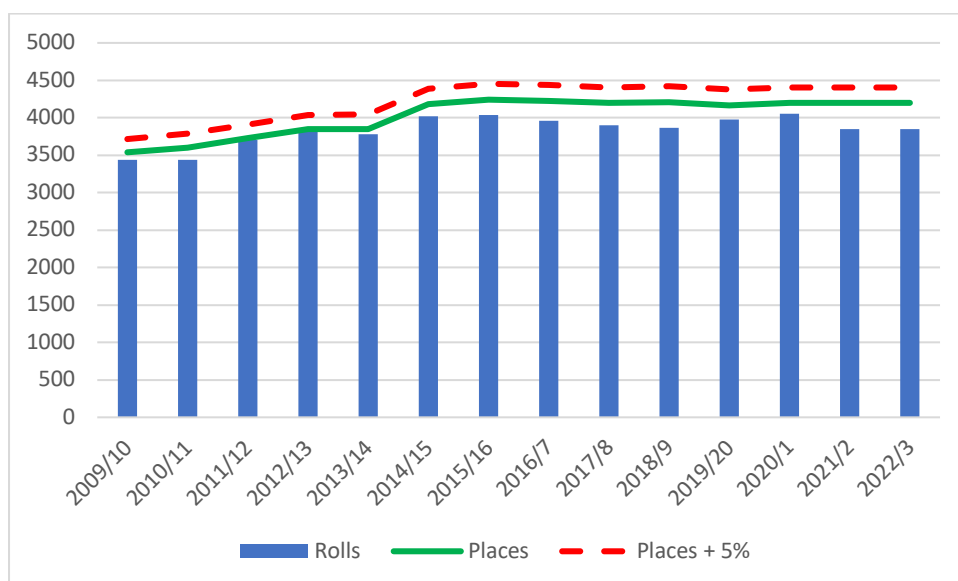
The number of pupils in all types of schools in Bromley has increased from 54,398 in January 2016 to 58,419 in January 2022, an increase of 7.4%. Over this period the primary school population has grown by 4%, secondary population by 11% and independent schools by 4%.

Figure 6.14: Change in Bromley school population by type of school 2015-2022



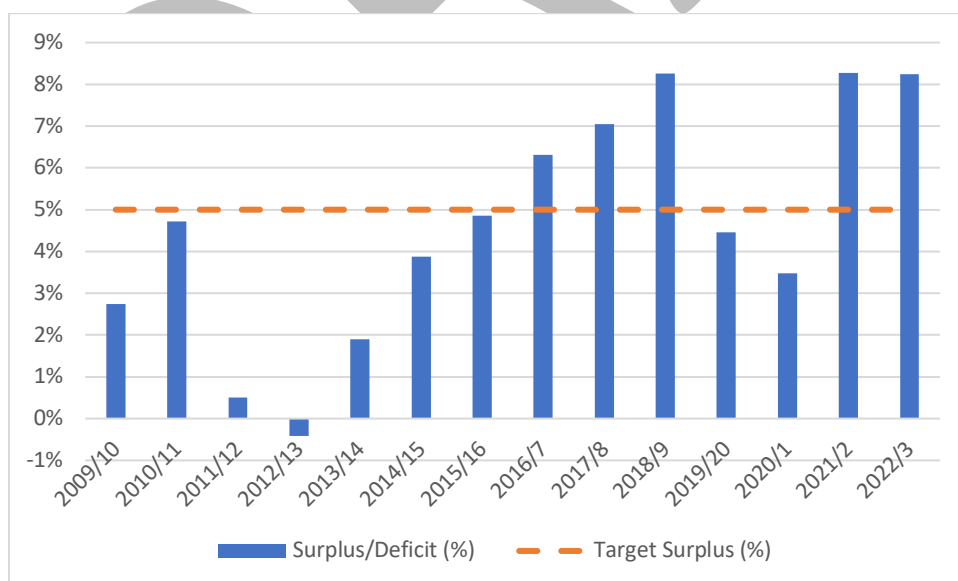
The table below details the number of Reception Year pupils on roll at Bromley primary schools between 2009/10 and 2022/23. Reception numbers grew between 2009/10 and 2014/15 to reach a first peak of 4,036, then after a small dip to 2018/19 rolls peaked again at 4,051. In October 2022 Reception rolls were 3,851, one up from 3,850 in January 2022.

Figure 6.15: Bromley primary school reception year rolls and capacity 2010-23



The Council has a policy to plan for 5% surplus Reception places, to act as a contingency for shifts in need and to support choice, part of the Council’s statutory sufficiency duty. For 9 of the past 14 years the surplus has been below 5%, and for 5 years, including the January and October 2022 census, the surplus has exceeded 5%. The surplus is currently 8% boroughwide, but fluctuates between planning areas. More details on the position in each planning area can be found in Section 9 of this report.

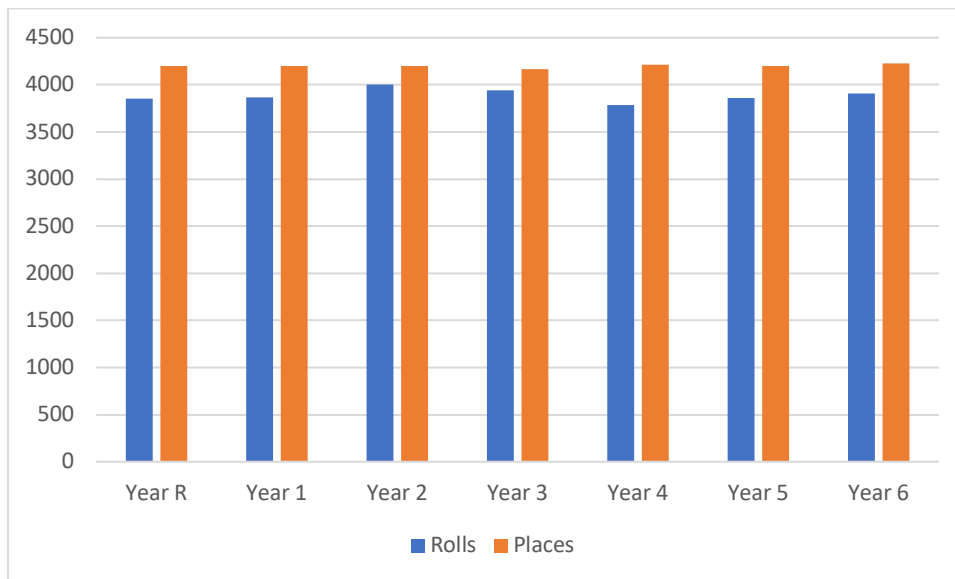
Figure 6.16: Percentage of surplus places in Reception year 2010-23



The table below compares primary school rolls and capacities for each national curriculum year at the October 2022 census. In each year there are more places

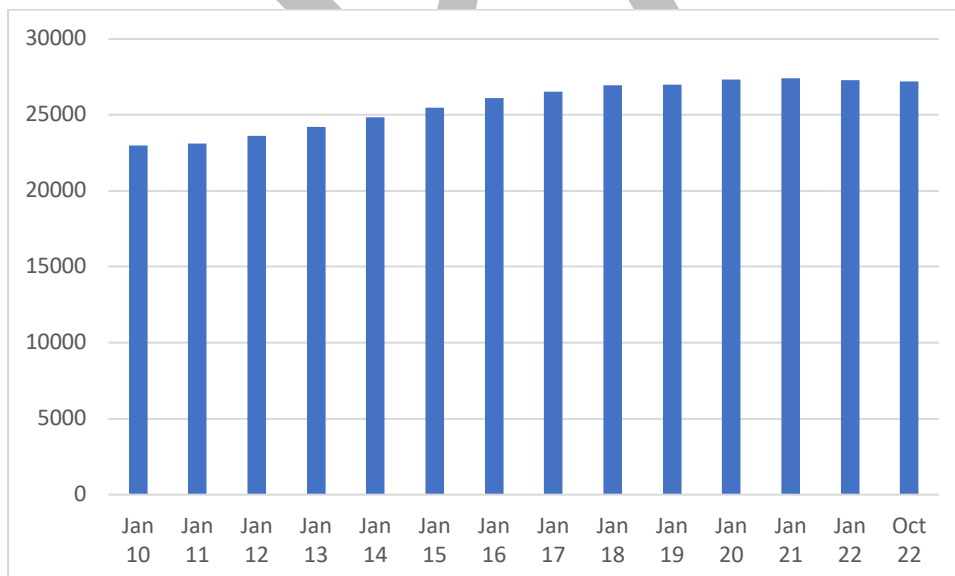
than pupils on role. The surplus ranges from 5% in Year 2 and Year 3 to 10% in Year 4.

Figure 6.17 Primary school population by year group Autumn 2022



The population across all primary years has increased from 22,983 to a peak of 27,421 in January 2021 and has since reduced slightly (by less than 1%) to 27,216 in October 2022. Overall, in October 2022 there are over 18% more pupils in Bromley primary schools than there were in January 2020.

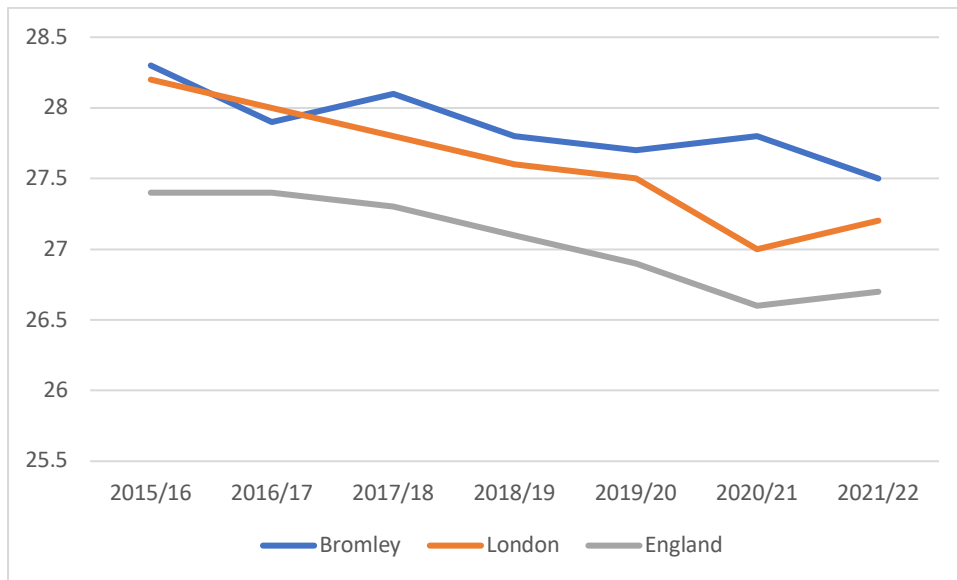
Figure 6.18: Change in primary school rolls Bromley 2016-22



The next two tables provide details of Key Stage 1 & 2 class sizes in Bromley compared to London and nationwide averages. Although Key Stage 1 class sizes have fallen in all areas, class sizes are currently higher in Bromley than both London and nationwide comparators.

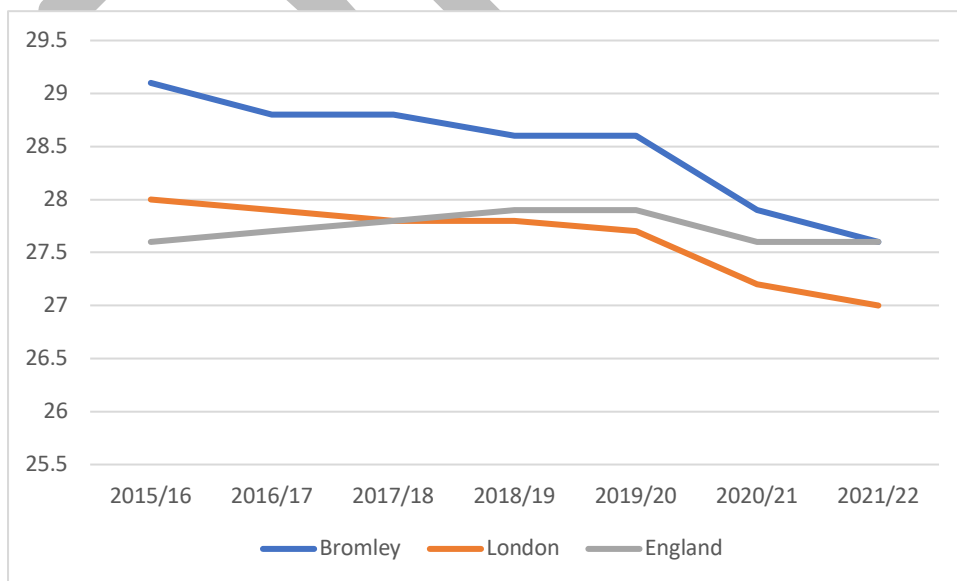
It should be noted that falling class sizes is not necessarily an indication of reducing rolls, it can also be a result, in part, of increases in capacity resulting from bulge classes, school expansion and the opening of new schools.

Figure 6.19: Comparative Key Stage 1 Class Sizes 2015-22



Key Stage 2 class sizes tend to be larger due to the lack of class size legislation applicable to Key Stage 1 where class sizes are restricted to 30 pupils. In 2015/16 the number of pupils in Bromley in Key Stage 2 was higher than both London and England averages. Since Bromley's Key Stage 2 average class size has dropped from over 29 pupils a class to under 28, similar to the English average.

Figure 6.20: Comparative Key Stage 2 Class Sizes 2015-22



The table below provides comparative analysis of primary school rolls in Bromley with that of London and England. Whilst primary rolls fell slightly in Bromley in 2022, across the period 2016 to 2022 Bromley's number of school rolls have held up well in comparison.

Figure 6.21: Comparative annual change in primary school rolls 2016-22

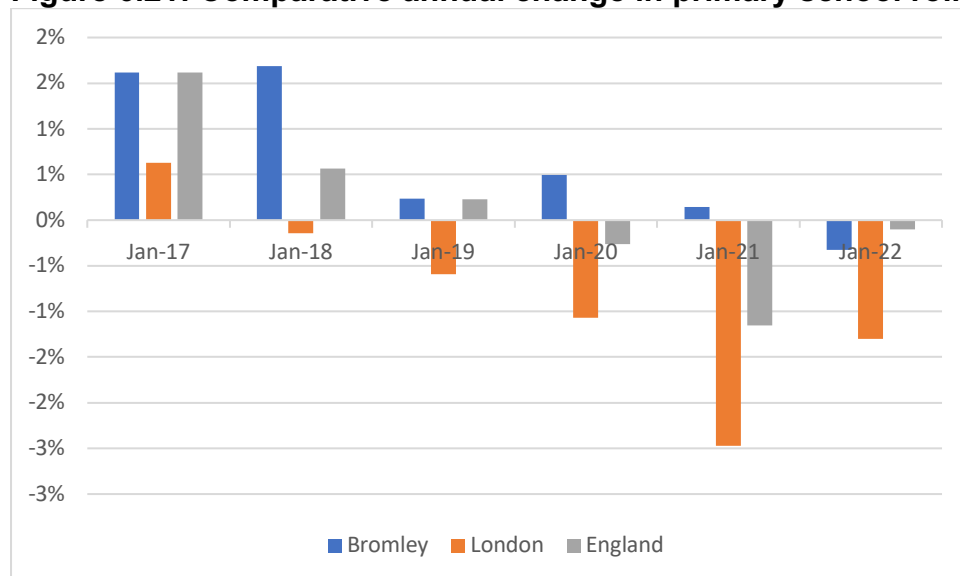


Table 6.22 below details the change in Year 7 rolls in secondary schools between January 2010 and October 2022. Rolls initially fell from 3,498 in January 2010 to 3,319 in January 2013 before increasing to a peak of 4,023 in January 2020. This is an increase of 15% on January 2010. In January 2022 Year 7 rolls were 3,937 and fell by 1 to 3936 in October 2022. This is 13% higher than in 2010.

Figure 6.22: Change in Year 7 rolls 2010-22

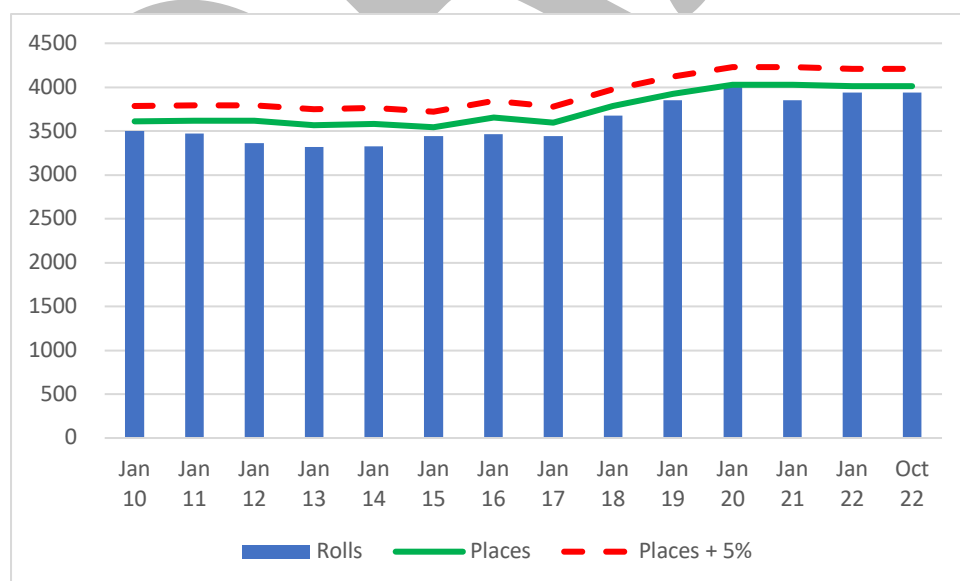
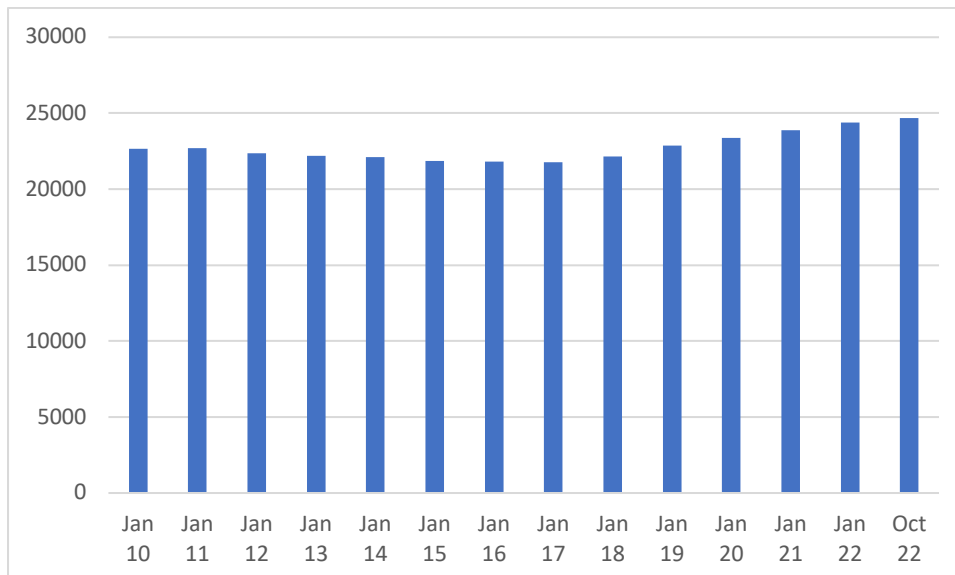


Table 6.23 below analyses the total change in secondary school rolls across all national curriculum years between January 2010 and October 2022. Rolls initially fell

from 22,648 in January 2010 to 21,774 in January 2017. Since then, secondary school rolls have risen to 24,662 in October 2022. This represents an increase of 13% on 2017 and 9% on 2010.

Figure 6.23: Change in secondary rolls Bromley 2010-22



The table below provides details of the pupil population of each secondary national curriculum year group. Year 7 at 3,936 has the most pupils compared with 3,645 in Year 11 and 2,655 in Year 13.

Figure 6.24: Secondary school rolls by national curriculum years autumn 2022

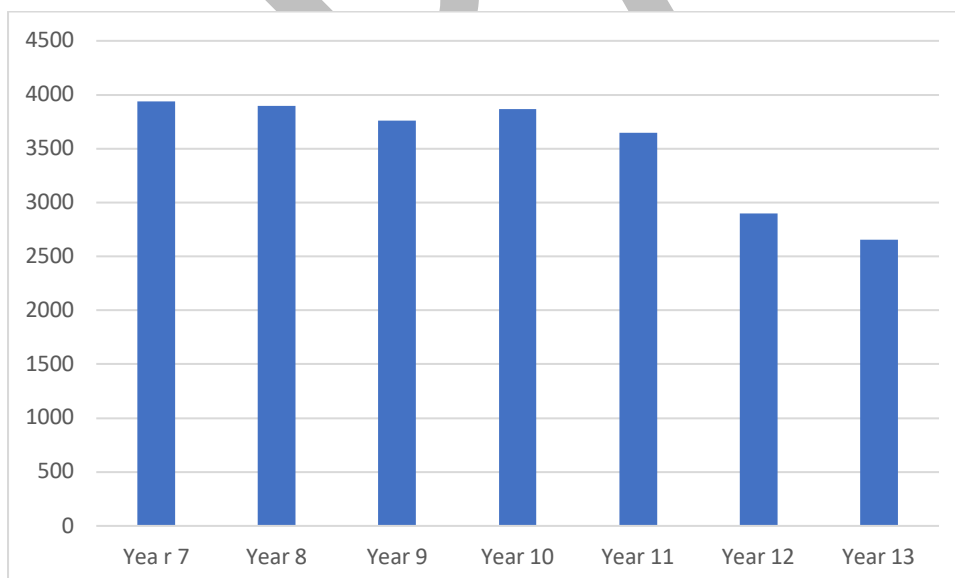
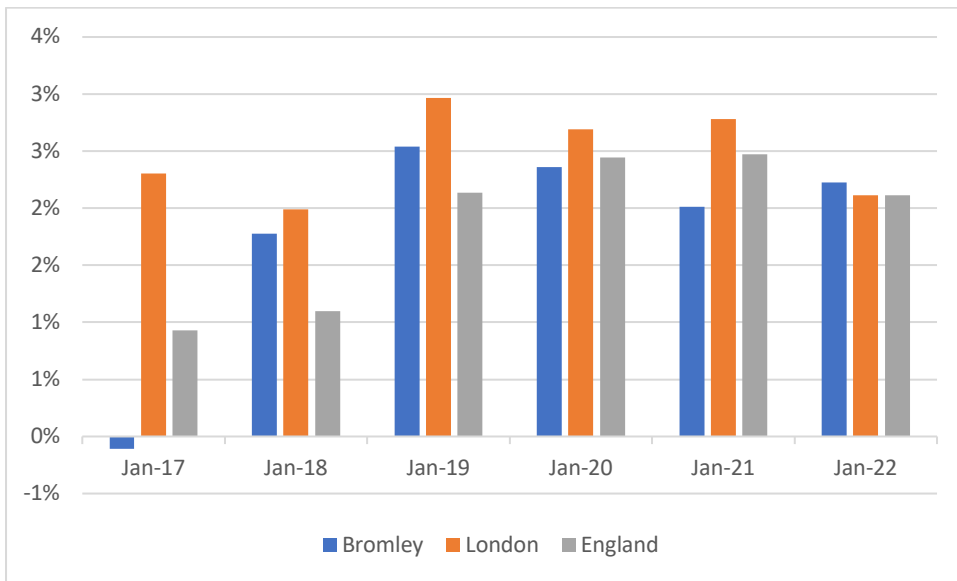


Figure 6.25 below provides comparison of the rates of growth in pupil rolls in secondary schools between Bromley, London and nationwide between January 2016 and January 2022.

Figure 6.25: Change in comparative secondary rolls – all years 2016-22

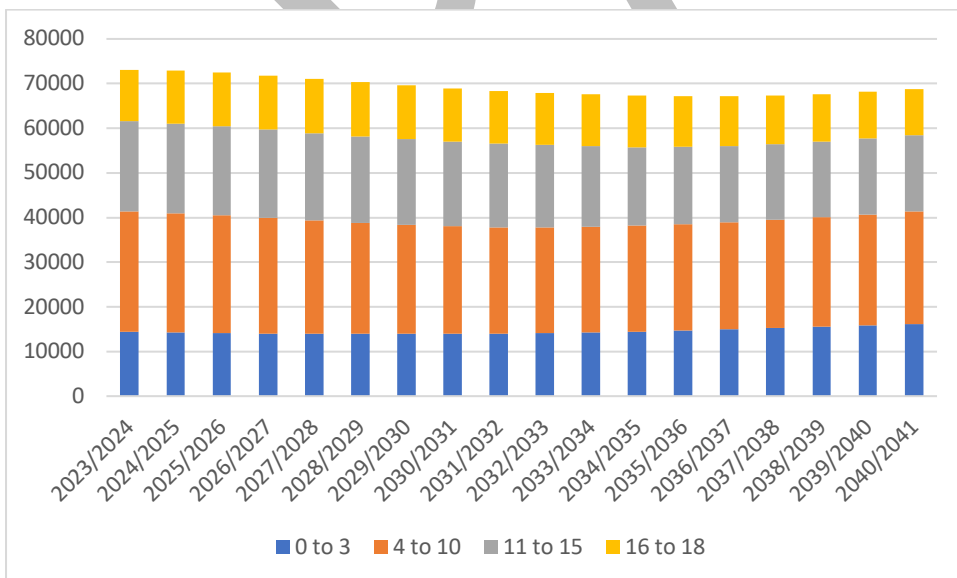


GLA School Roll Projections

This section includes analyses of the most recent GLA 2022 School Roll Projections.

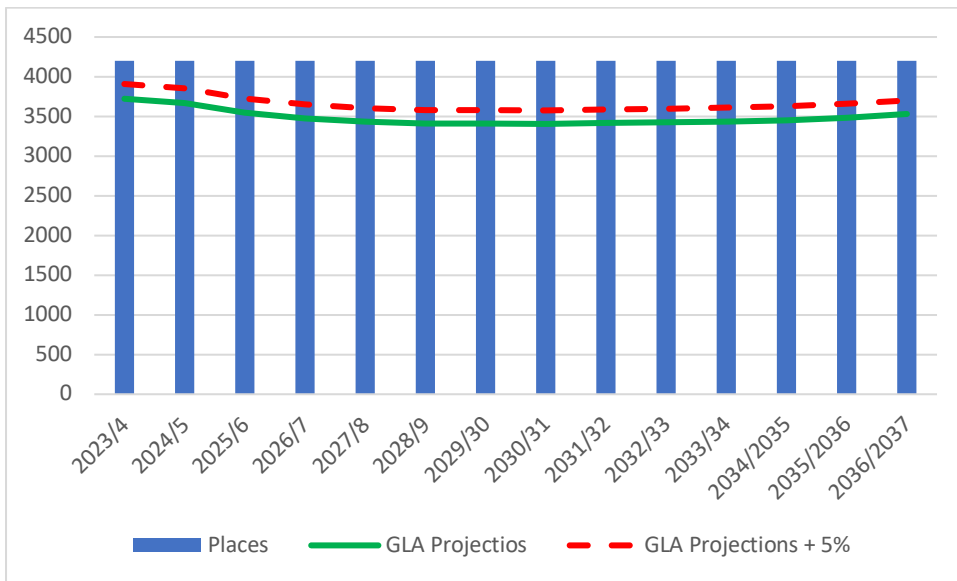
The table below sets out the 0-18 population projections from 2023/24 through to 2040/41. The population is forecast to fall from 73,119 in 2023/24 to 69,558 in 2029/30.

Figure 6.26: Population projections age 0-18: 2023/24 to 2040/41



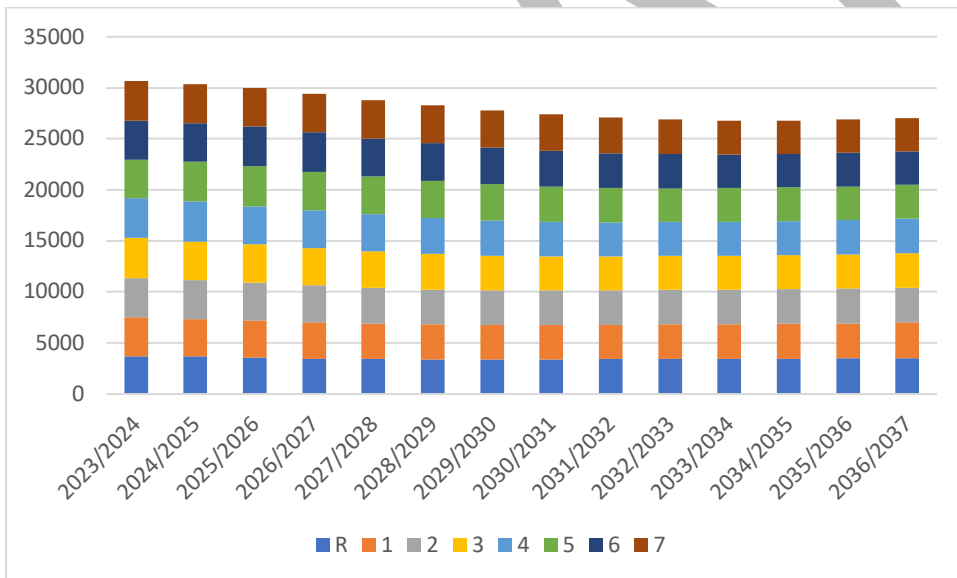
Reception Year rolls are projected to fall from 3,722 in 2023/24 to 3,408 by 2029/30, a fall of 8%, although they are forecast to increase again towards 2036/37.

Figure 6.27: Primary Reception Year Roll Projections 2023-2037



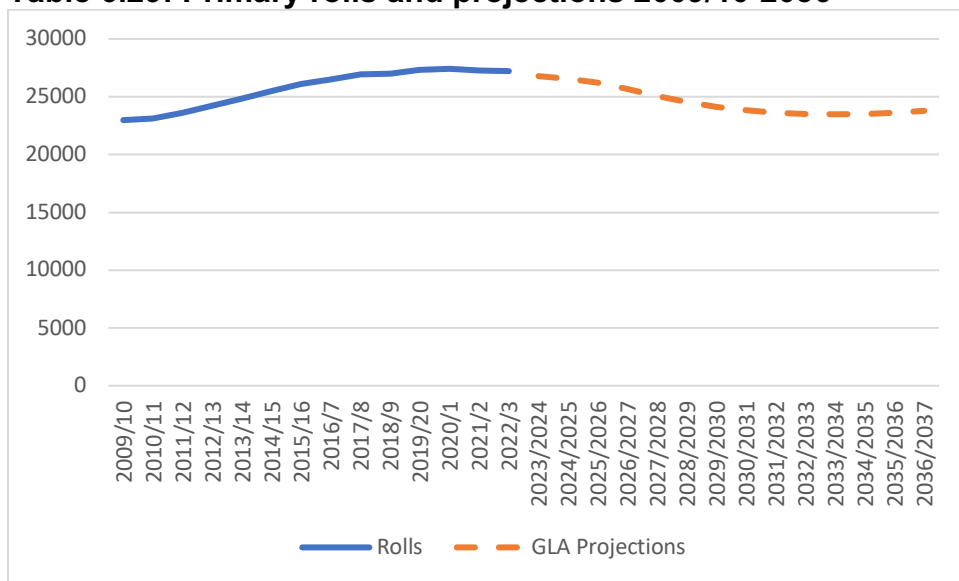
The primary school population across all national curriculum years is forecast to fall by 2,889 (9%) between 2023/24 and 2029/30.

Figure 6.28: Primary roll projections by year group



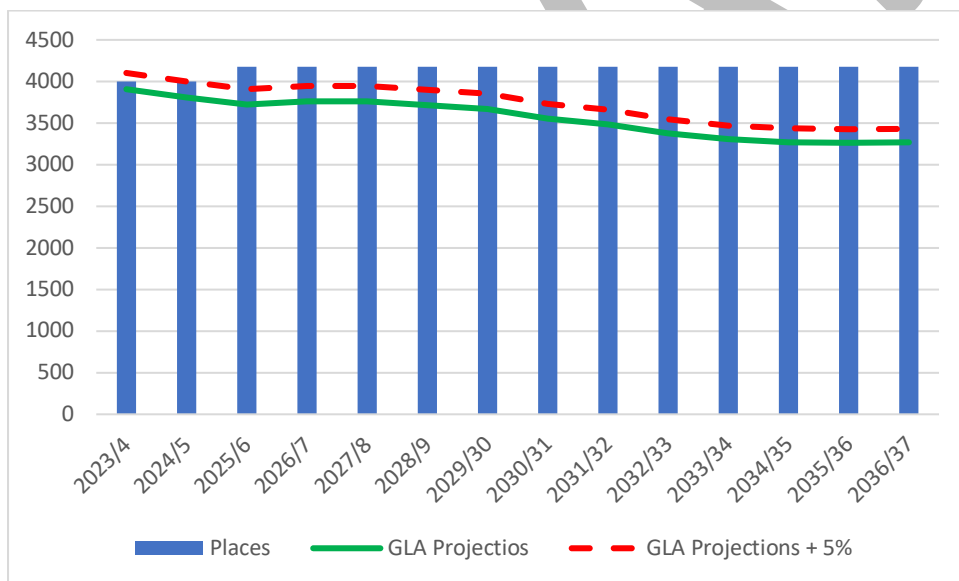
The table below shows how primary school rolls have grown from 22,983 in 2009/10 to 27,216 in 2022/23 and are forecast to fall to 23,486 in 2,033/34 before increasing to 23,790 by 2036/37.

Table 6.29: Primary rolls and projections 2009/10-2036



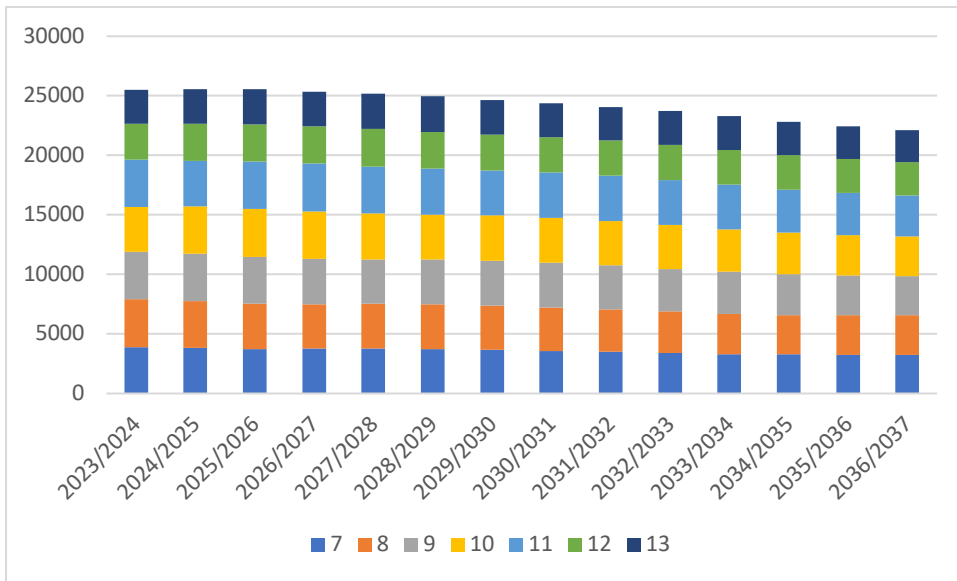
The table below provides the GLA school roll projections for Year 7 rolls from 2023/24 to 2036/37. It forecasts that rolls will fall from 3,907 in 2023/24 to 3,670 by 2029/30, a decrease of 237 (6%).

Figure 6.30: Secondary Year 7 Roll Projections 2021-2036



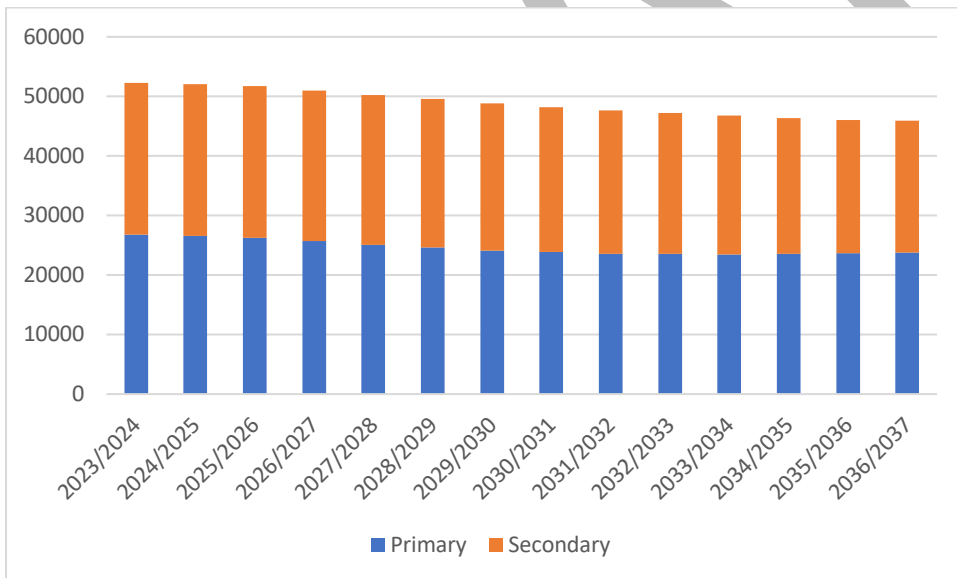
The secondary school population across all national curriculum years is forecast to fall by 823 (3%) between 2023/24 and 2029/30.

Figure 6.31: Secondary roll projections by year group



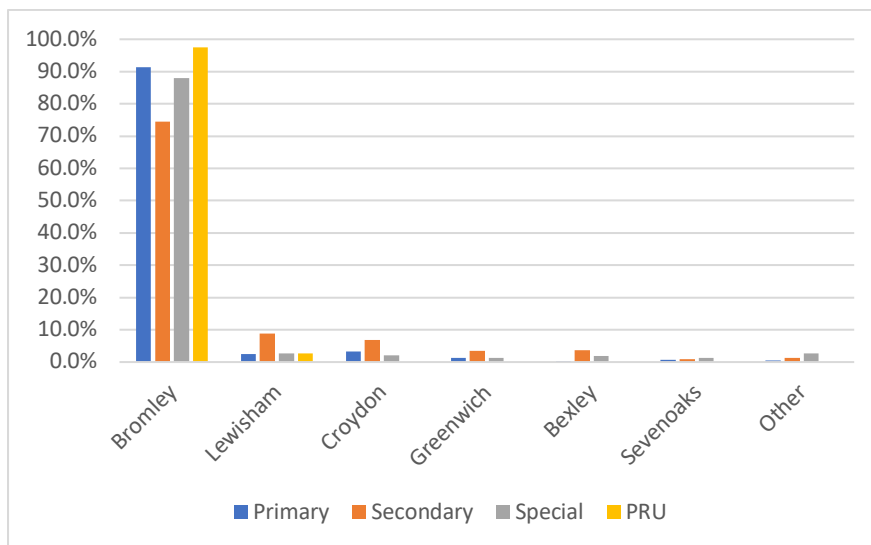
Across both primary and secondary sectors school rolls are projected to fall by 3,467 (7%) between 2023/24 and 2029/30.

Figure 6.32: Primary and Secondary School Population Projection 2023-37



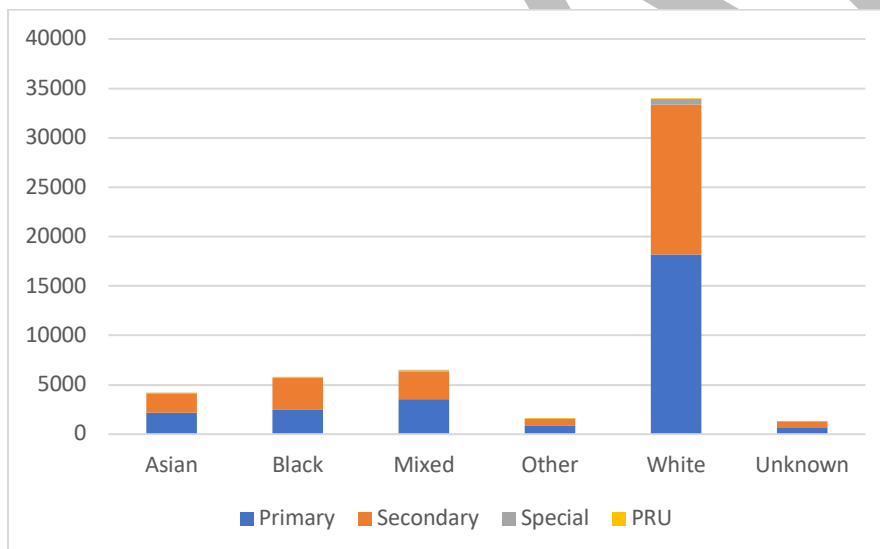
Bromley is a net importer of mainstream pupils from other boroughs. The table below provides details of school rolls by borough of residence.

Table 6.33: Pupils in Bromley Schools by borough of residence



The table below provides information about the ethnicity of pupils in state schools in Bromley. 63.8% of pupils are white and 32.6% non-white, of which mixed (12.1%) and black (10.9%) make up the largest groups.

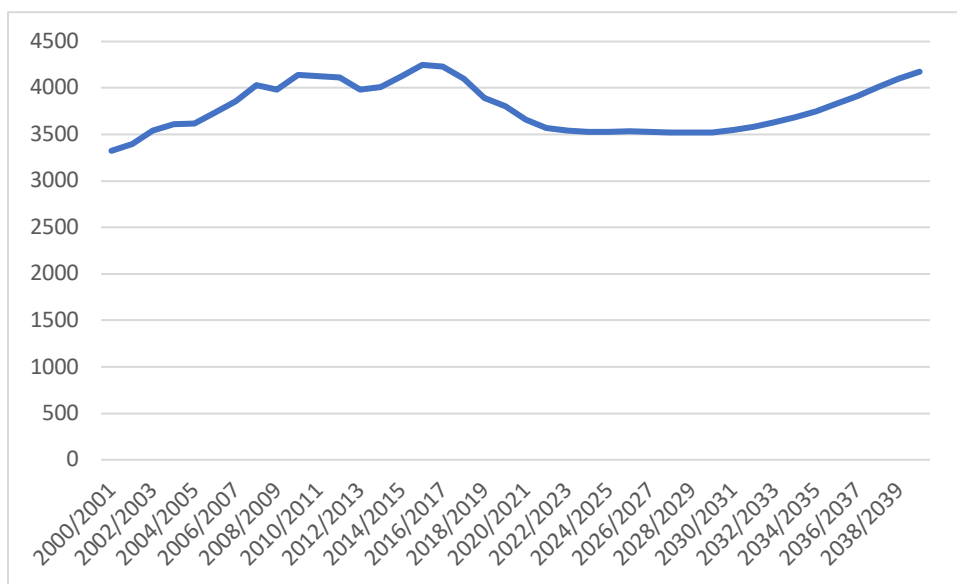
Table 6.34: School population by ethnicity January 2022



Live birth and GP registration data

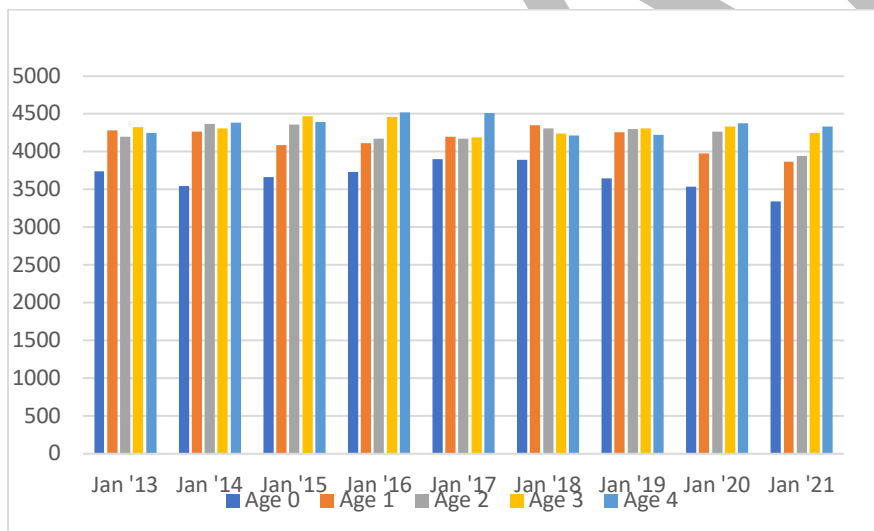
The table below provides details of live births in Bromley and projections through to 2040. It shows that after a sustained period of live births being annually over 4,000, since 2019 numbers have begun to fall and are projected to fall. However, the fall is less than projected in the GLA 2021 School Roll Projections and will not fall below 3,500 as previously projected. In 2029/30 live births are forecast to be 3,524, increasing to 4,177 by 2039/40.

Table 6.35: Live Births in Bromley 2001-40



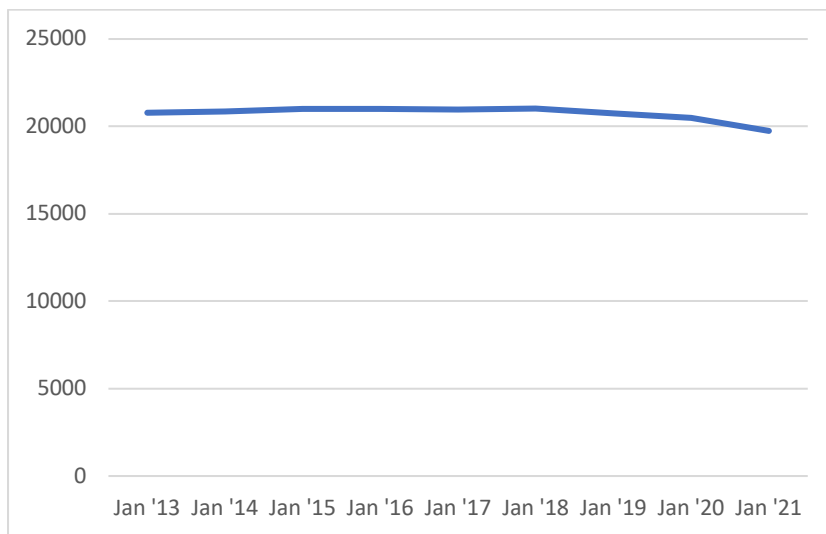
The table below sets out GP registrations by age. Similar to the live birth data above it suggests that registrations are lower than the peak in 2016 and 2017.

Table 6.36: GP Registration by age 2013-21 – Bromley



The table below shows the change in GP registration in Bromley in the 0-4 age group. GP registration grew from 20,788 in 2013 to 21,022 in 2018, but have since fallen back to 19,743.

Table 6.37: GP registrations 2012-21, 0-4 years old, Bromley

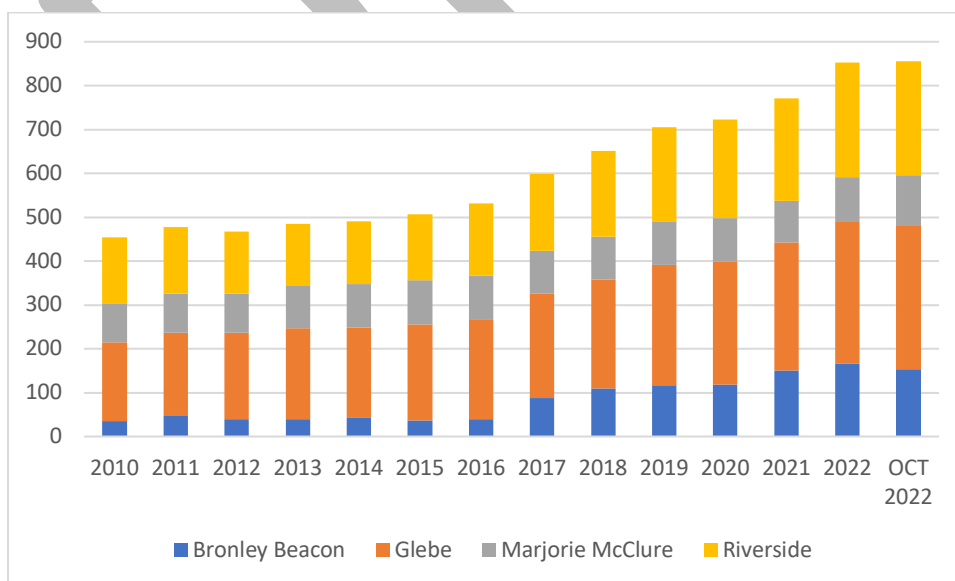


SEN (Special Education Needs)

This section sets out key data for the special education need sector, with particular focus on the increasing number of children and young people with an Education Care and Health Plan (EHCP). This is currently the key place planning pressure both locally and nationally.

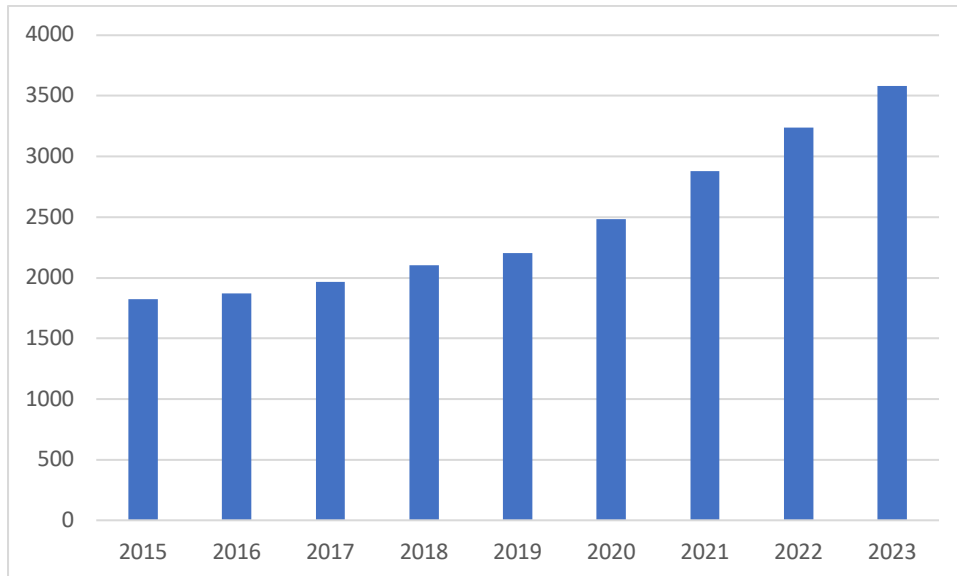
Since 2010 the special school population has grown by 402, an increase of 89%. Across this period all of Bromley’s special schools, except for Marjorie McClure, have increased in capacity. Between 2010 and 2022 the number of children in a primary school additional resources provision (ARP) increased by 51% from 234 to 354.

Figure 6.38: Bromley special school population 2010 - October 2022



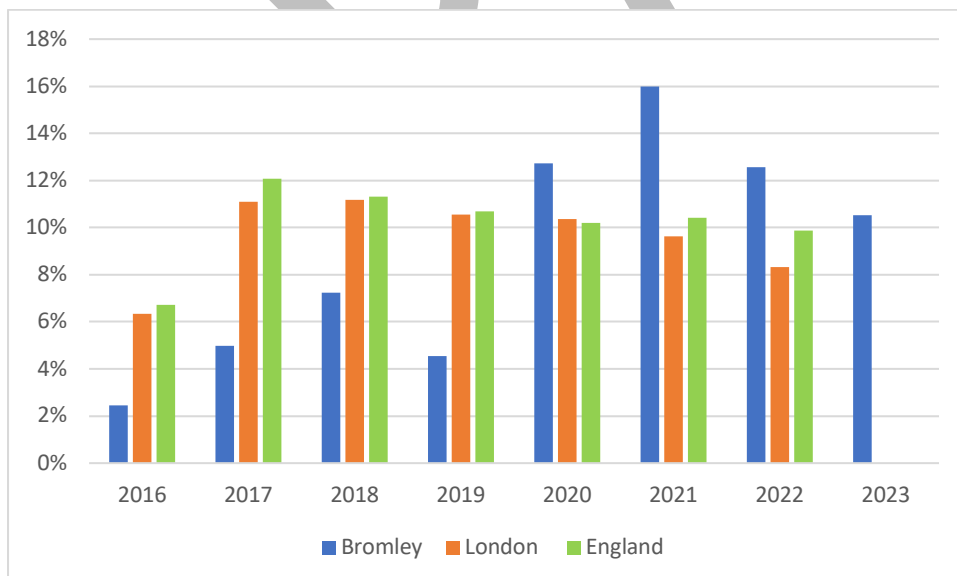
The number of children and young people in receipt of an EHCP has increased from 1,826 in 2015 to 3,582 in 2023, an increase of 91%. EHCPs have increased by 44% since 2020.

Figure 6.39: Bromley EHCPs 2015-2023



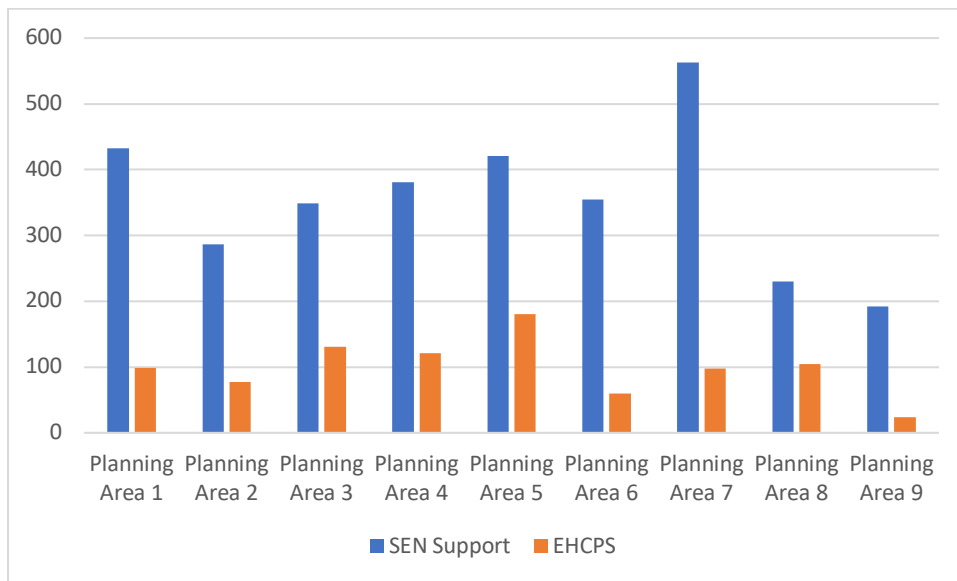
The table below provides details of the comparative growth in EHCP numbers of Bromley, London, and England. Since 2020 Bromley's rate of growth has surpassed both London's and England's.

Figure 6.40: Annual percentage change in the number of EHCPs



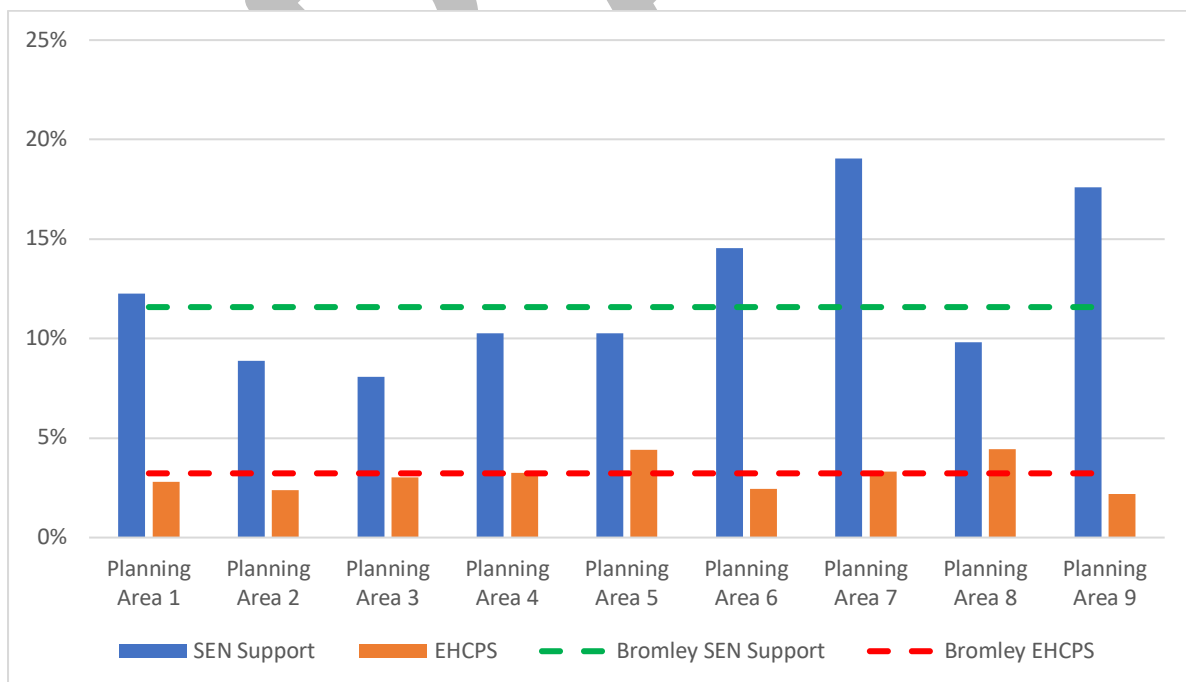
The table below provides details of the number of pupils at Bromley primary schools in receipt of either SEN Support or an EHCP by planning area. The greatest number of EHCPs are found in primary planning area 5 and pupils with SEN Support in planning area 7.

Figure 6.41: Number of pupils in primary schools with SEN Support or EHCPs in mainstream schools by planning area - October 2022



The table below reflects the data in the table above, but as a proportion of the school population. The planning areas with the greatest proportion of pupils with an EHCP are planning area 5 and 8 whilst the greatest proportion of pupils in receipt of SEN Support are at school in planning areas 7 and 9.

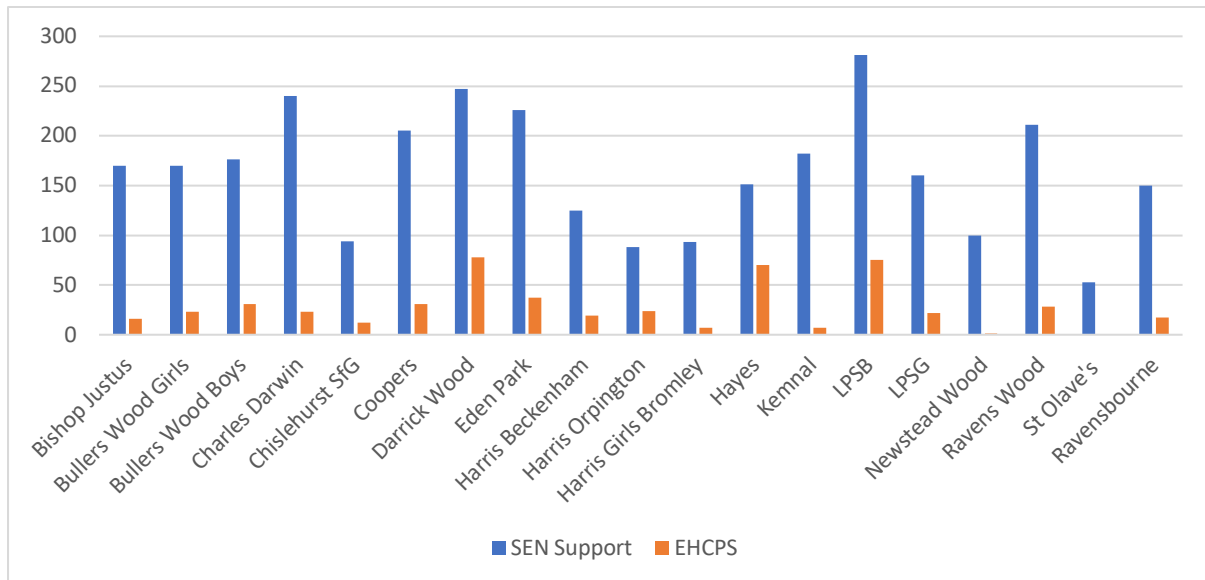
Figure 6.42: Percentage of pupils in primary schools with SEN Support or EHCPs in mainstream schools by planning area - October 2022



The table below provides details of the number of pupils at Bromley primary schools in receipt of either SEN Support or an EHCP by planning area. Unsurprisingly the highest number of children with an EHCP are at Darrick Wood School, Hayes School

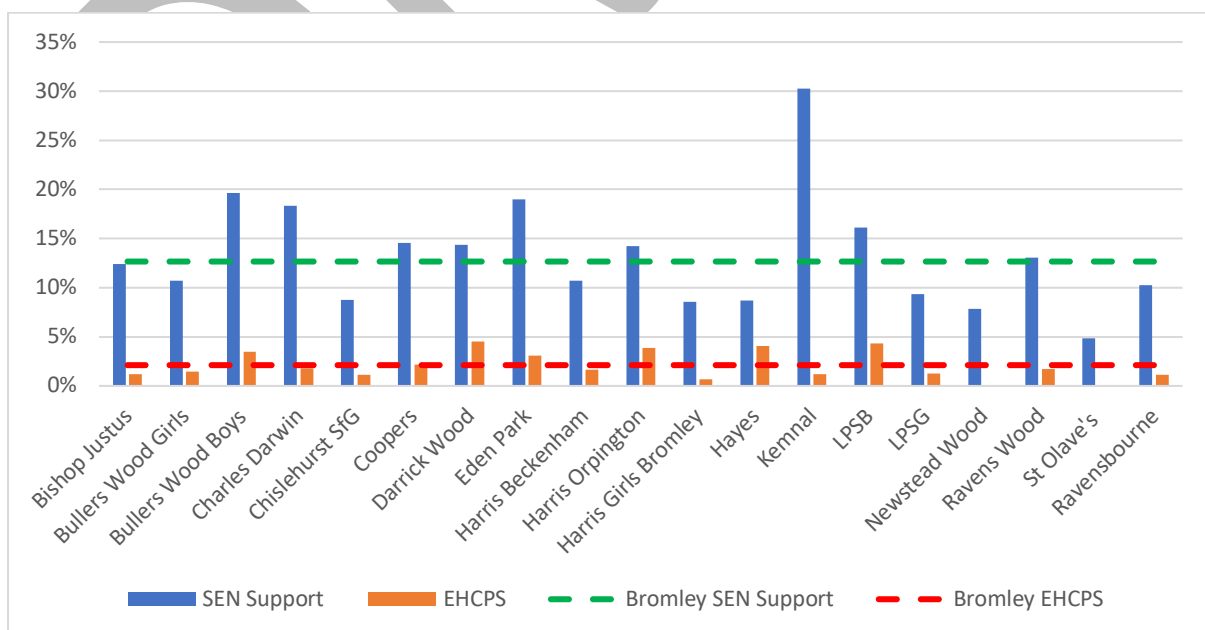
and Langley Park for Boys, the three Bromley secondary schools with additionally resourced provisions. Langley Park School for Boys also has number of pupils in receipt of SEN Support.

Figure 6.43: Number of pupils in secondary schools with SEN Support or EHCPs in mainstream schools by planning area - October 2022



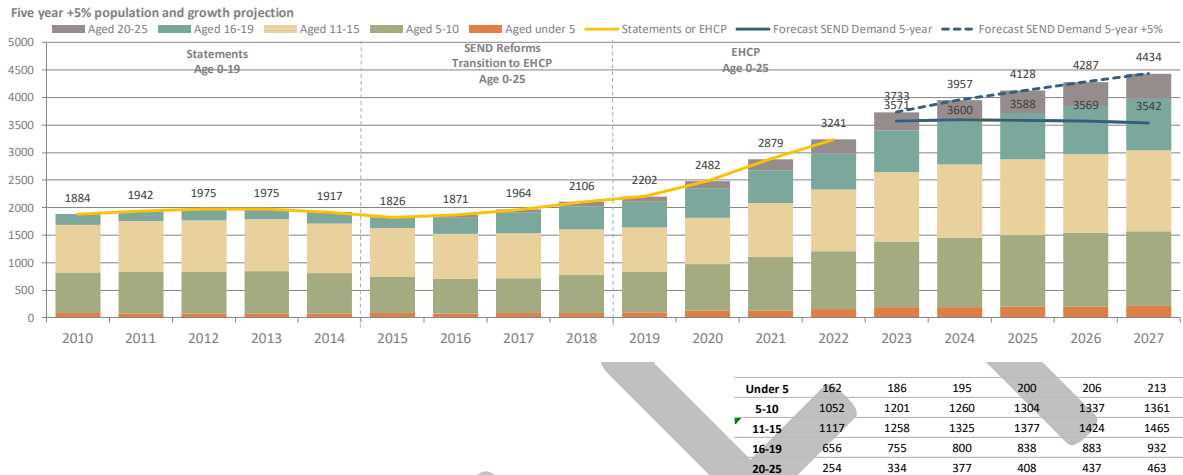
The graph below reflects the data in the table above as a proportion of the school population. Based on this data Harris Academy Orpington can be seen as a school with a higher rate of EHCPs without operating an additionally resourced provision. In terms of SEN support Kemnal is an outlier with over 30% of pupils in receipt.

Figure 6.44: Percentage of pupils in secondary schools with SEN Support or EHCPs in mainstream schools by planning area - October 2022



The Council has developed 5-year demand management model that utilised 5 years of trend data with a 5% uplift to account for above demographic growth. This projects that the number of EHCPs for children and young people aged 0-25 will increase from 3,241 in 2022 to 4,434 in 2027.

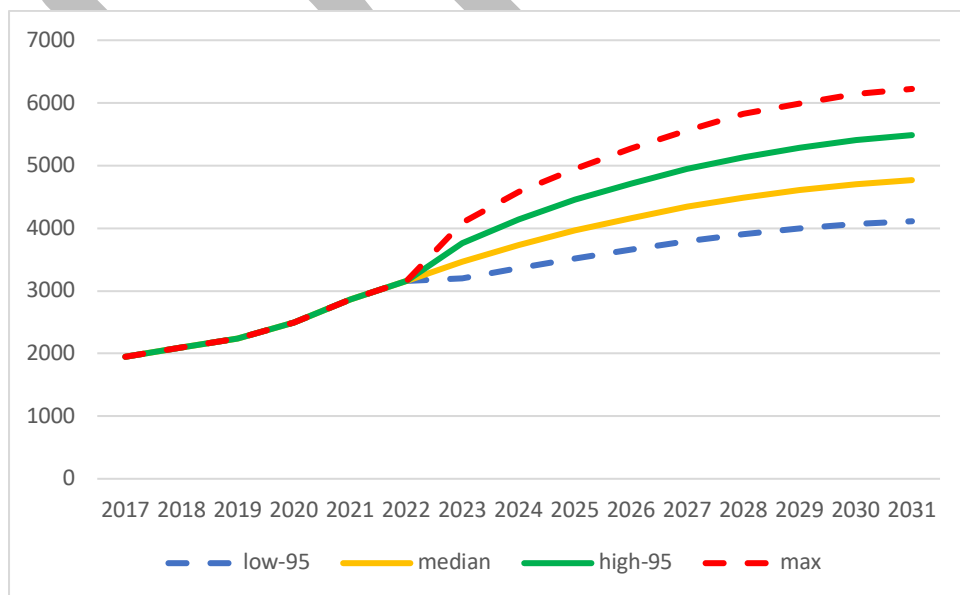
Figure 6.45: Bromley SEND demand 5-year model +5%



The Council has employed a consultant Mastodon C to support it in its aim to better understand the growth in Education Health and Care Plans and better plan to ensure new capacity meets needs.

The table below provides analysis of the projected increase in EHCPs between now and 2031. All variants of the model have numbers rising above 4,000 with the median projection increasing to 4,164 in 2026 and 4,768 by 2031 and the 95% (high) model increasing to 4,715 in 2026 and 5,486 by 2031.

Figure 6.46: EHCP population all ages 2017-31 – low, mid, high and max projections



The two tables below set out the projected change in the EHCP population between 2017 and 2031, comparing the high and mid-point variant by key stage. The model projects that the school population could increase from under 3,000 now to between 4,000 and 4,500 by 2031.

Figure 6.47: EHCPs by Key Stage 2017-31 – Midpoint projection and high variant total (Ages 4-18)

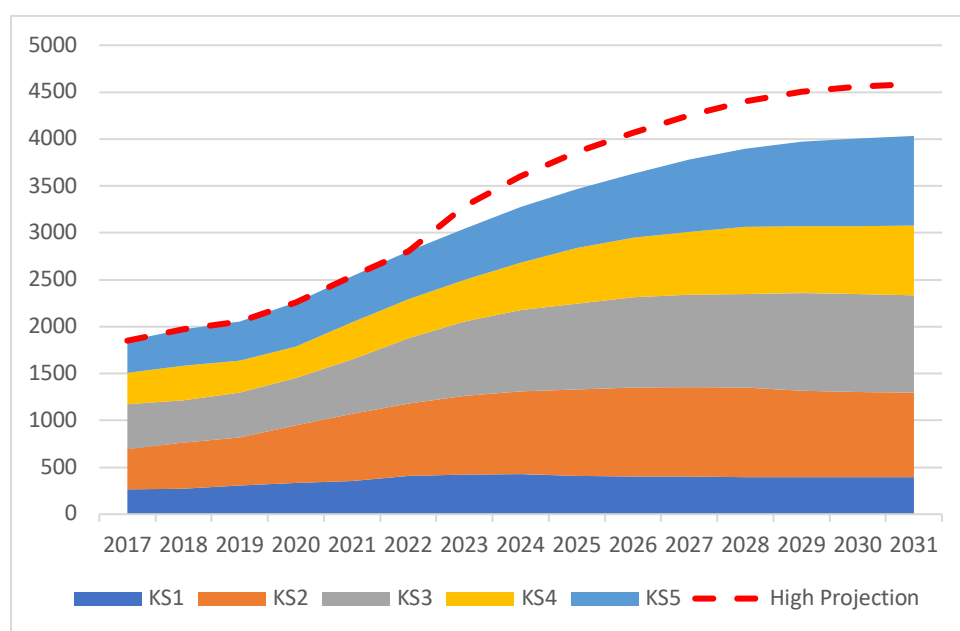
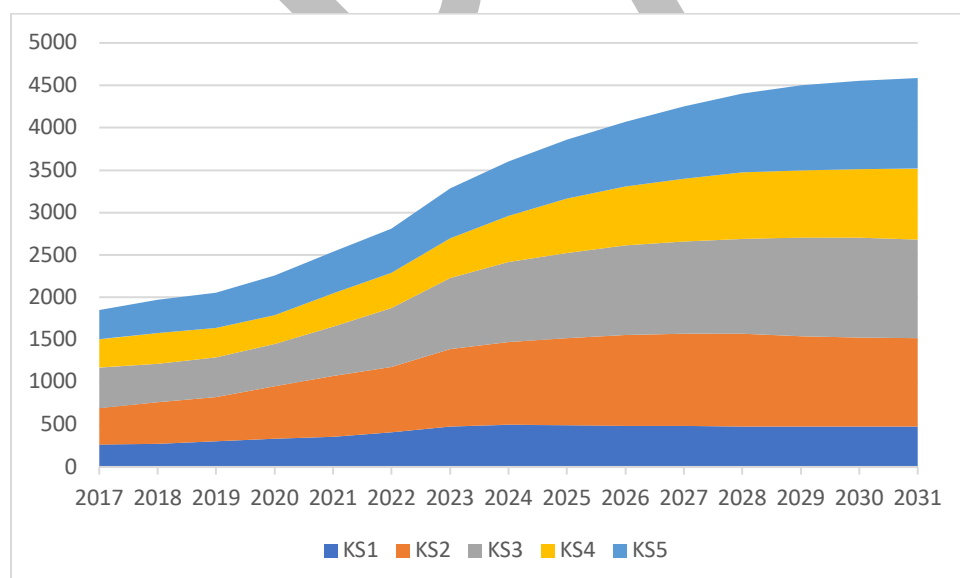
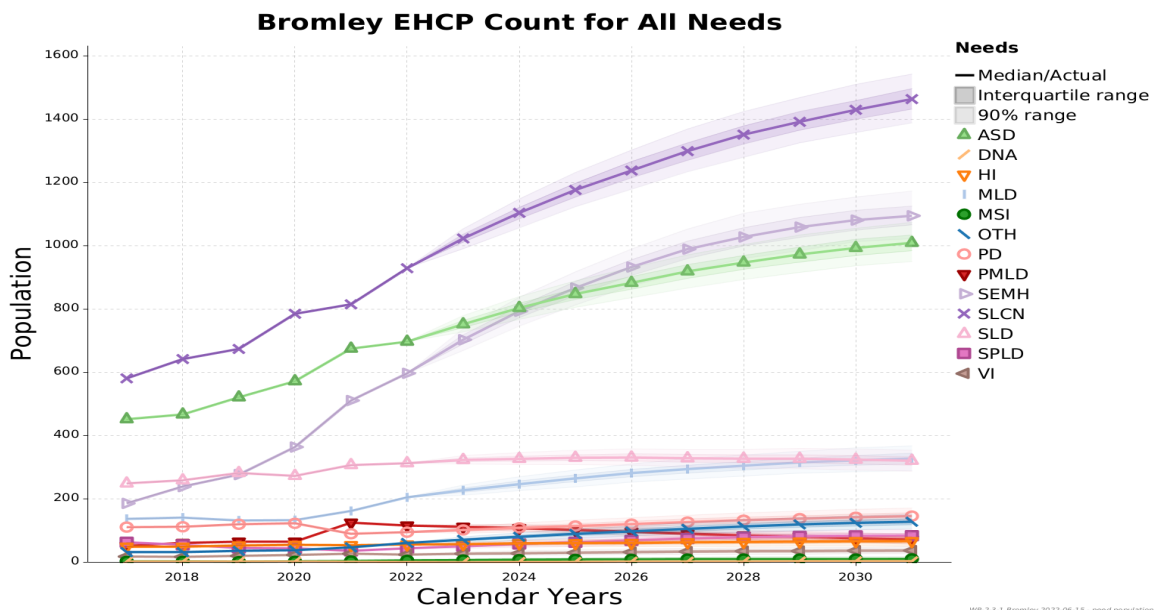


Figure 6.48: EHCPs by Key Stage 2017-31 – high variant projection (Ages 4-18)



The table below sets out the projected change in the number of EHCPs between 2017 and 2031. Whilst Speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) will remain the largest need, social, emotional and mental health needs are projected to overtake autistic spectrum disorder (ASD) as the second highest need by 2024.

Table 6.49: EHCPs by primary need 2017-31

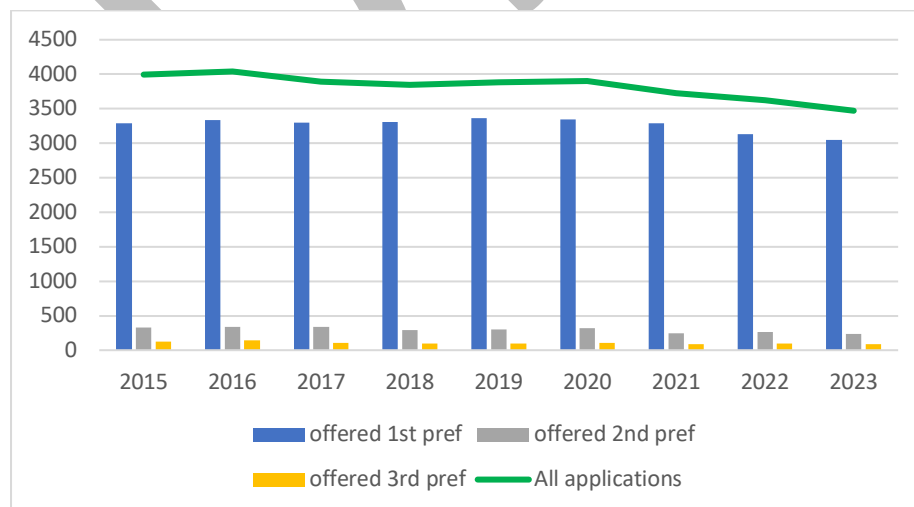


Admissions

87.93% of applicants for a place at primary school in September 2023 were offered their 1st preference. This was higher than the percentage (86.55%) achieved in 2022.

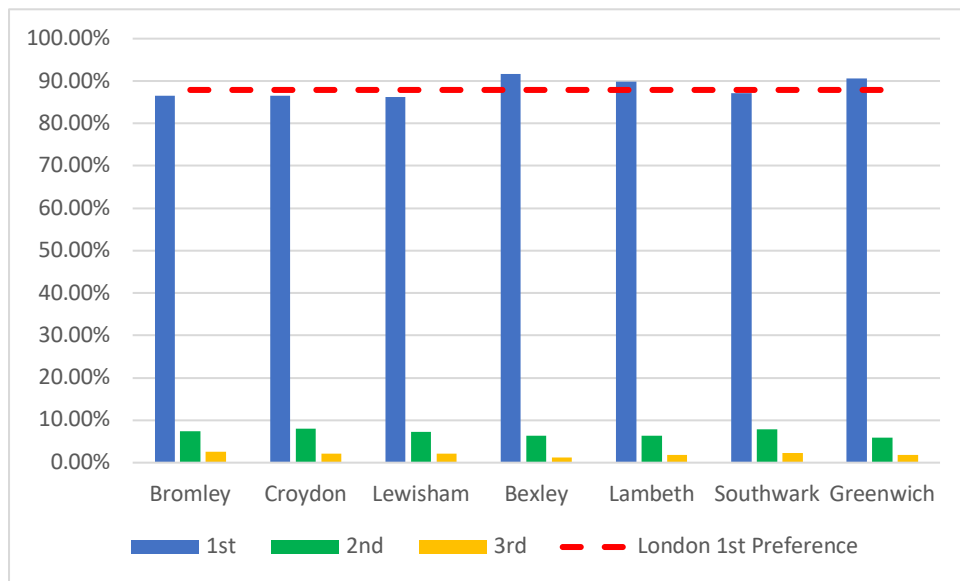
The admissions data indicates a decline in on-time applications, with 149 less Bromley applications for 2023 entry following falls of 108 and 178 in 2022 and 2021. What will be important to ascertain from the October 2023 Census data is whether the fall in on-time applications results in lower rolls. The 2022 fall in applications did not result in a reduction in reception rolls.

Figure 6.50: Primary admissions and preference data 2015-22



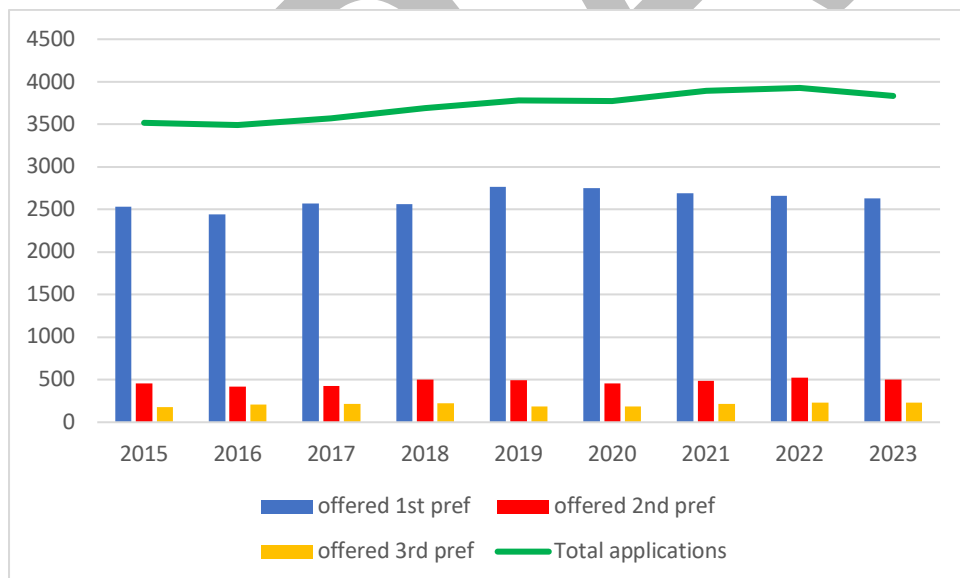
Bromley's rate of first preferences is slightly below the London average of 88.57%.

Figure 6.51 Comparative preference data for primary admissions 2023



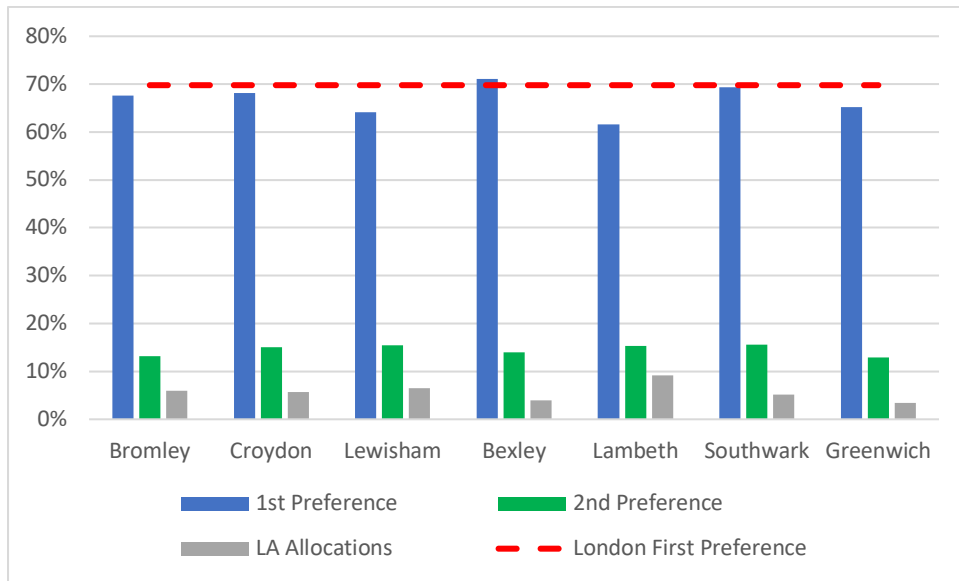
The table below provides details of the change in on-time applications for a secondary Year 7 place between 2015 and 2023. Although the number of applications is 9% higher than in 2015, 2023 applications are 2% lower than in 2022.

Figure 6.52: Secondary admissions and preference data 2015-23



The table below show the comparative data between Bromley, neighbouring boroughs, and London. Like Bromley, our neighbouring boroughs, except for Bexley, were slightly below the London average for the percentage of applicants receiving a first preference.

Figure 6.53: Comparative preference data for secondary admissions 2023



DRAFT

7. What are we seeking to achieve?

Primary sector

To balance provision of school places to the actual need.

Keep school rolls under review to ascertain whether projected falls in school rolls occur. If there is a significant downwards shift in need the Council will need to review school organisation locally and work with schools and academies locally if necessary to identify and deliver reduce surplus capacity.

There is a cyclical ebb and flow to school rolls and the Council wishes to be careful not to permanently reduce the capacity of local schools. Some of the evidence above indicates that to date Bromley has not been as severely affected by the downturn in need compared to other London boroughs and it should be noted that yet there hasn't been a significant movement of schools and academies to look at reducing capacity. Reception Year and Year 7 Rolls have been remained stable over the past year.

There may be some opportunities to look at using surplus capacity to support the delivery of SEN places.

We are currently reviewing planning areas with the Department for Education. These proposals are detailed in Appendix A. Historically Members have preferred boundaries that are co-terminus with wards and align to local communities. Since the 2022 local elections ward boundaries have changed and this has affected this arrangement.

Secondary

The key secondary phase aim of the Council is the delivery of Harris Kent House free school in Penge. Existing projections indicate that secondary rolls will increase until the middle of the decade and not reduce significantly this decade. With continued difficulties in offering all applicants a preference or in-borough place at secondary transfer, there remains a clear need for the school.

What school rolls do indicate is a shift in need locally. The Council has experienced difficulty providing places for children in north-west Bromley, whilst concurrently there remain significant surplus places at a minority of schools in the east of the borough. Except for 2 schools in the east of the borough, all Bromley secondary school are operating close to or above capacity and directing a child from Penge to an Orpington school is often not a 'reasonable' travel offer.

The Council is working with the DfE on delivering proposals to separate the Borough into 2 planning areas that better represent travel to learn characteristics. These proposals are detailed in Appendix A.

Special Education Needs

Meeting the needs of the growing number of children with an Education Care and Health Plan is currently the key place planning challenge for the Council. To better meet needs the Council needs to increase capacity and enable local schools to better support children, reducing the number of children requiring costly out-of-borough placements.

Delivery of the Special Free School, Redwood Academy, at the earliest opportunity is key to the Council meeting the need for special school places locally, although further expansion of existing schools will also be required.

The Council is currently undertaking a strategic review of its SEN estate, as part of its High Needs Funding and Estates Review, which will identify options for increasing capacity of existing provision, improving facilities and supporting more children to remain in mainstream education with support.

The Council should actively seek to increase the capacity of in-Borough specialist provision by working with existing schools to commission new Additionally Resourced Provisions (ARPs), expand existing special schools and ensure that Alternative Provision meets the changing needs of the pupil population.

8 Delivery

There are several ways that the Council can deliver new school places either by itself or through partners. This section provides details about the funding streams and programmes that the Council can access and work with partners to deliver new specialist or mainstream places.

Basic Need Programme

The Council receives Basic Need Capital Grant from the Department for Education to enable it to provide sufficient school spaces through expansion of existing schools. The Council can choose how it utilises Basic Need allocations, although future funding waves will place more responsibilities on local authorities to demonstrate efficient use of the grant.

Since 2011 the Council has received over £80 million in Basic Need Capital Grant. However, only £2.2m has been granted to Bromley since 2018-19, with the Council receiving no allocation in some years.

High Needs Capital Programme

The Council has received £15,336,464 since 2018 to assist it in delivering specialist placements. The fund is to improve and increase the number of school places for children with an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). This can be used to fund works at special schools, additional resource provisions at mainstream schools and pupil referral units and to support children with an EHCP being taught within mainstream classes.

The Council has commissioned consultants that are currently delivering a strategic review of Bromley's SEN estate, as part of the Council's High Needs Funding and Estates Review. The estate review will continue for the rest of this year into 2024 and will develop options for future expansion and improvement of SEN facilities. All existing specialist facilities are being visited and assessed with the output a programme of works that increases capacity to deliver more specialist placements, improves existing facilities so that they can better meet the need of children with complex needs and supports mainstream schools to adopt inclusive practice.

Department for Education Free Schools Programme

The DfE's free school programme is a national government led programme to deliver new academies. Whilst this programme when first established sought to address both need and increase local choice, it now focuses on the former.

6 free schools have already been opened in Bromley with 2 schools approved in the pre-opening stage. The 2 new schools form a critical part of the Council's efforts to meet mainstream and specialist need locally. The schools are:

- Harris Kent House, a secondary free school sponsored by the Harris Federation to meet the need for mainstream school places in north-west Bromley.

- Redwood Academy, a new 152 place special school for children aged 7-16 with Autism and/or speech, language and communication needs, based in Chislehurst but meeting the needs of children from across the borough.

Developer Contributions

Developer contributions have contributed £8.7m to the delivery of school places and infrastructure over the past 10 years. Until recently these monies have been received through Section 106 developer contributions. S106 contributions were in place to ensure that developers contribute to mitigating the impact of development on community infrastructure such as schools and health facilities.

Recently Section 106 has been replaced by the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). CIL is a charge that councils can set on new development in order to raise funds to help fund the infrastructure, facilities and services - such as schools or transport improvements - needed to support new homes and businesses.

Consideration will need to be given to future use of CIL monies, to ensure the educational impact of new development can be mitigated appropriately.

9 LOCAL AREA ANALYSIS

9.1 Clock House, Crystal Palace, Penge and Cator (Planning Area 1)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Clock House Ward
- Crystal Palace Ward
- Penge and Cator Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted	Date of Last Inspection
Alexandra Infants	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	10 May 2018
Alexandra Juniors	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	30 October 2019
Balgowan Primary School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	29 November 2017
Churchfields Primary School	Primary academy	Quality First Education Trust	Good	27 April 2022
Harris Girls Academy Bromley	Secondary academy	Harris Federation	Outstanding	30 November 2017
Harris Primary Academy Crystal Palace	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Good	12 September 2019
Harris Primary Academy Kent House	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Outstanding	5 May 2022
James Dixon Primary School	Primary academy	Swale Academies Trust	Good	22 January 2019

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted	Date of Last Inspection
Riverside (Beckenham)	Community special school. (ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder, SLD - Severe Learning Difficulty and PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulty)	Community	Outstanding	3 June 2019
St Anthony's Roman Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) LIMITED	Good	13 November 2019
St John's Church of England Primary School	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	23 July 2019
Stewart Fleming Primary School	Primary academy	The Pioneer Academy	Outstanding	22 June 2016

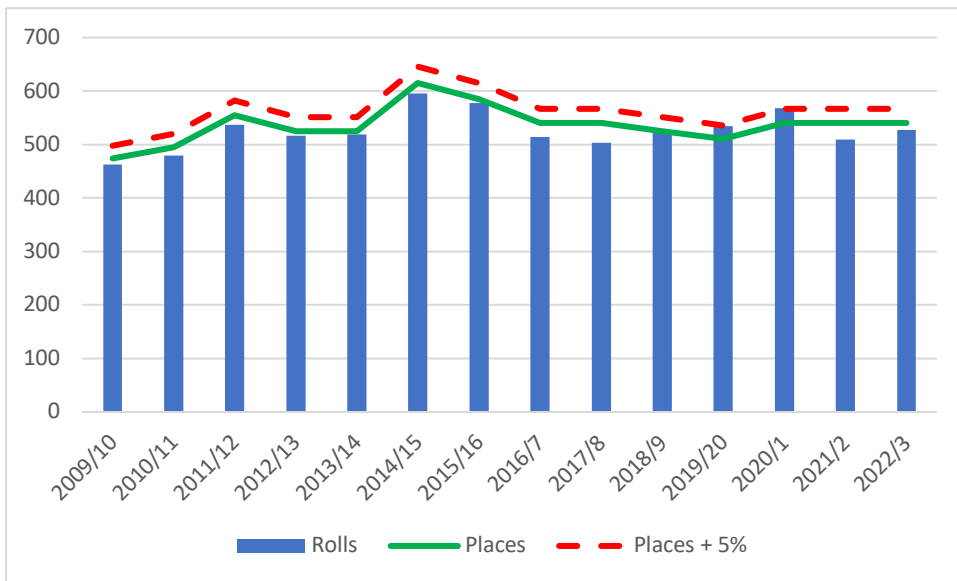
This planning area lies adjacent to 4 other London boroughs and the cross-borough movement of pupils has an impact on place planning. 3 primary schools have expanded over the past 10 years to meet local need; Churchfields; Harris Crystal Palace and; Stewart Fleming primary schools. Harris Kent House secondary free school is proposed to open in the local area.

No changes are proposed to the planning area as part of the changes outlined in Appendix A. The primary planning would be wholly within the proposed secondary planning area 1.

School Rolls

Reception rolls have increased from 462 in 2010 to 527 in October 2022. Although this is below the peak reception roll of 568 in 2021, it represents an increase from 509 in January 2022.

Figure 9.1.1: School rolls and capacities 2010-23 – Penge and Anerley



The table below shows that in every year apart from 2018 and 2022 the surplus reception places were less than the Council’s 5% planning target. There was a deficit of places in 2020 and 2021, when Churchfields increased its PAN temporarily. In October 2022 there was a 2% surplus of places, compared with the Council’s 5% planning target.

Figure 9.1.2: Reception Year rolls and capacities 2010-23

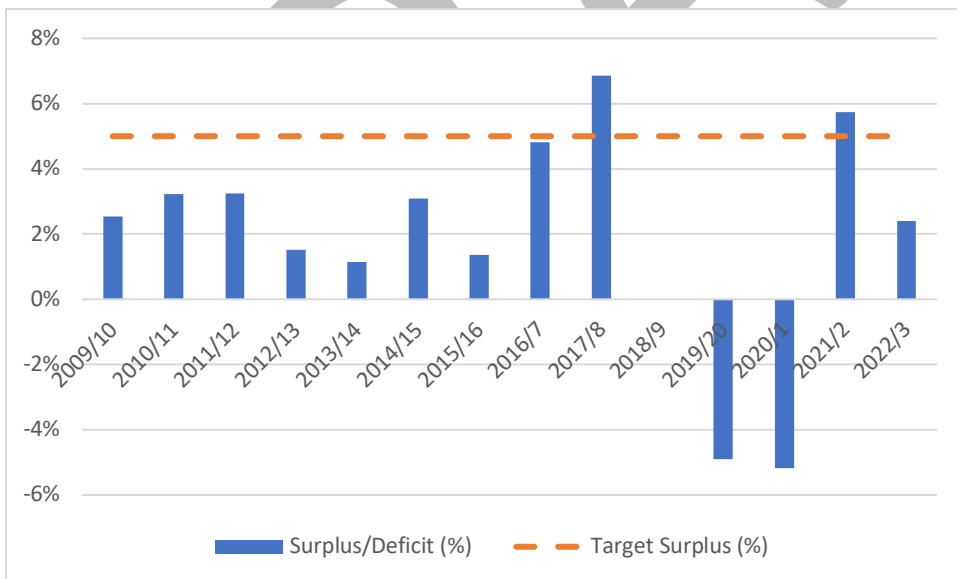
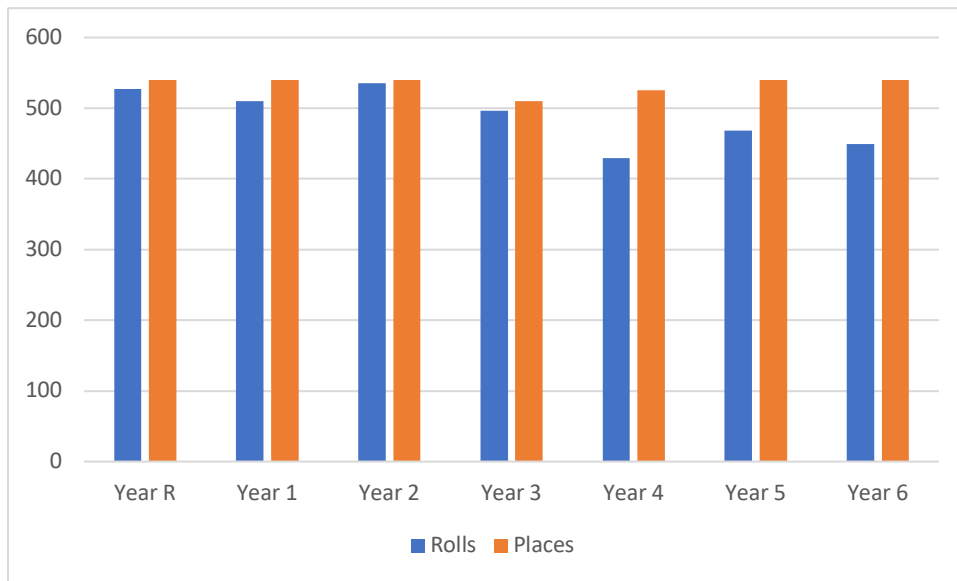


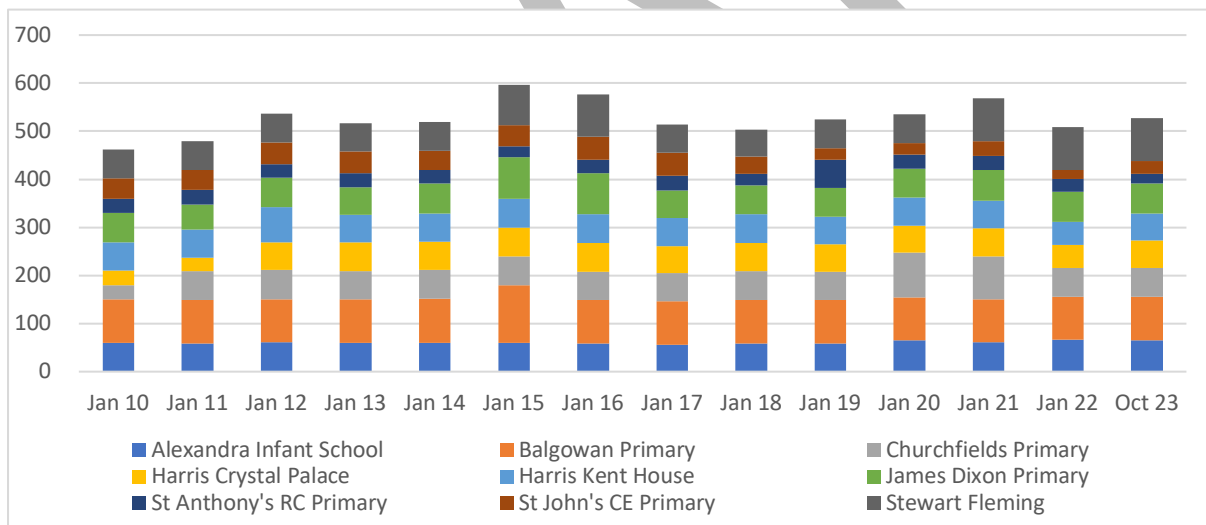
Table 10.1.3 below indicates that there is surplus capacity in all primary year groups, but with less unused capacity in Key Stage 1 than Key Stage 2.

Table 9.1.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022



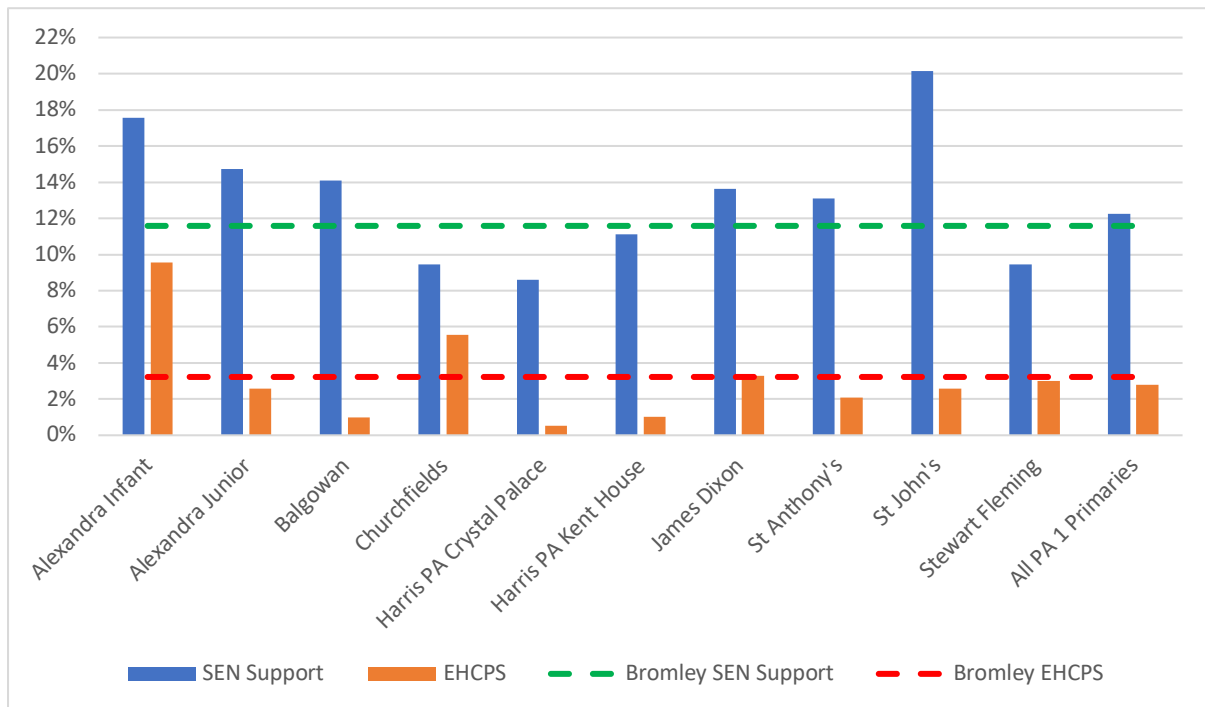
The table below provides details of Reception rolls by school for each year between 2010 and 2023.

Table 9.1.4 Receptions rolls by local school 2010-23



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools in receipt of SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). Both Alexandra Infant School and Churchfields Primary School have SEN additionally resourced provisions, which explains why these schools have higher rates of pupils with an Education Health and Care Plan. Alexandra Infant School and St John's CE Primary School both a higher proportion of children with SEN Support than the borough wide average.

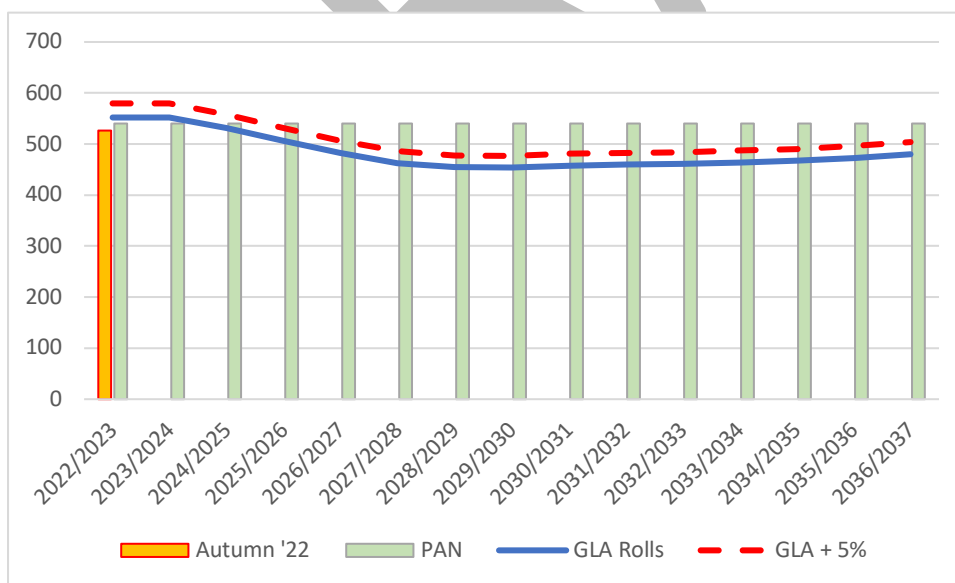
Table 9.1.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

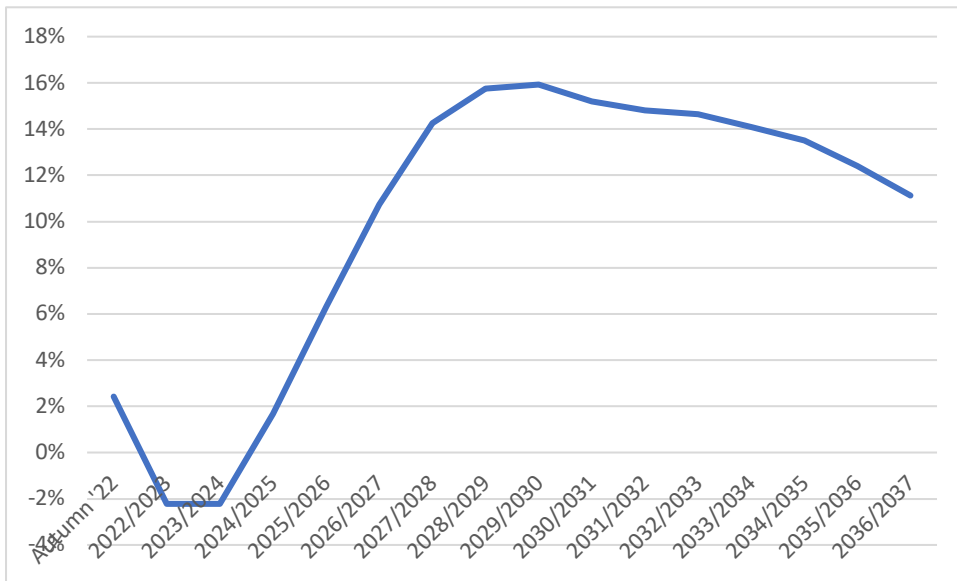
The 2022 GLA school roll projections predict that the number of children in Reception year will steadily fall to 454 by 2029/30 (compared to 473 by the GLA 2021 projections) but then rise to 480 by 2036/37.

Figure 9.1.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Penge and Anerley



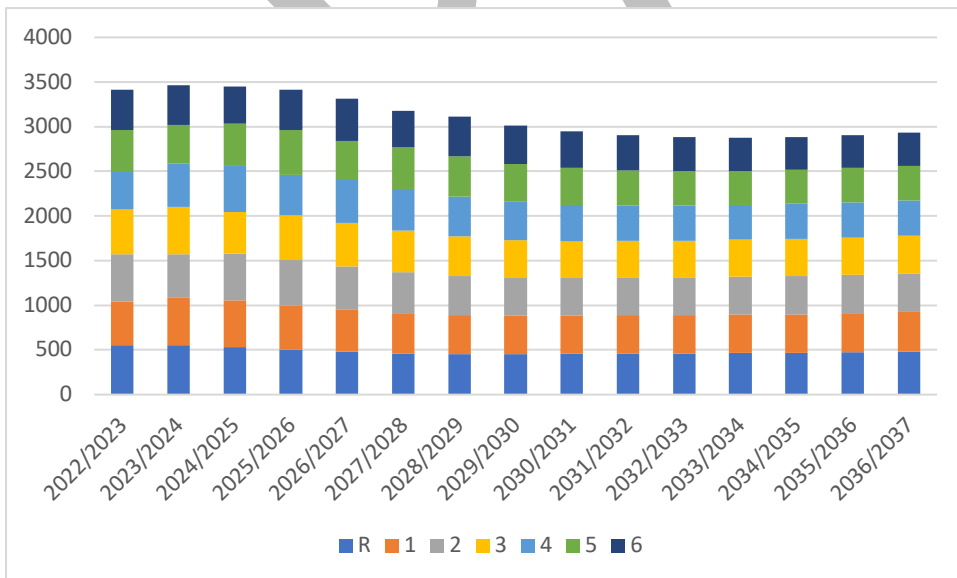
The table below indicates that from 2025/26 onwards the area is projected to have a rate of surplus reception places in excess of the 5% planned for, reaching a peak of 16% in 2029/30 before reducing during the next decade.

Figure 9.1.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places – Penge and Anerley



The GLA school roll projections predict that school rolls across all primary years will fall from 3,467 in 2023/24 to 2,878 in 2032/33 before rising to 2,932 by 2036/37.

Figure 9.1.8: Primary projections by school year 2022-36 – Penge and Anerley

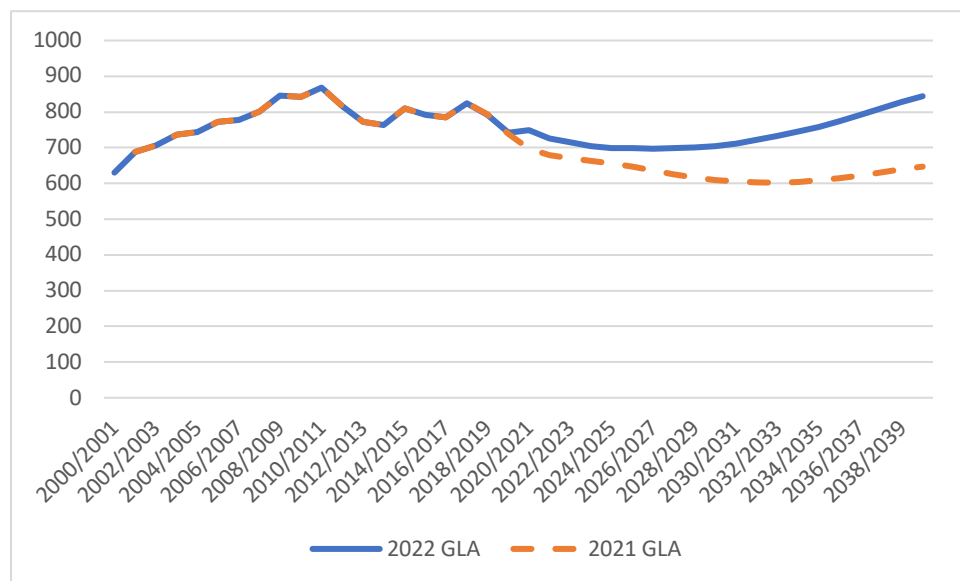


Demographics

The 2022 GLA projections indicate that live births will fall slightly from 705 now to 698 in 2026/27 before increasing to 844 by the end of the next decade. This

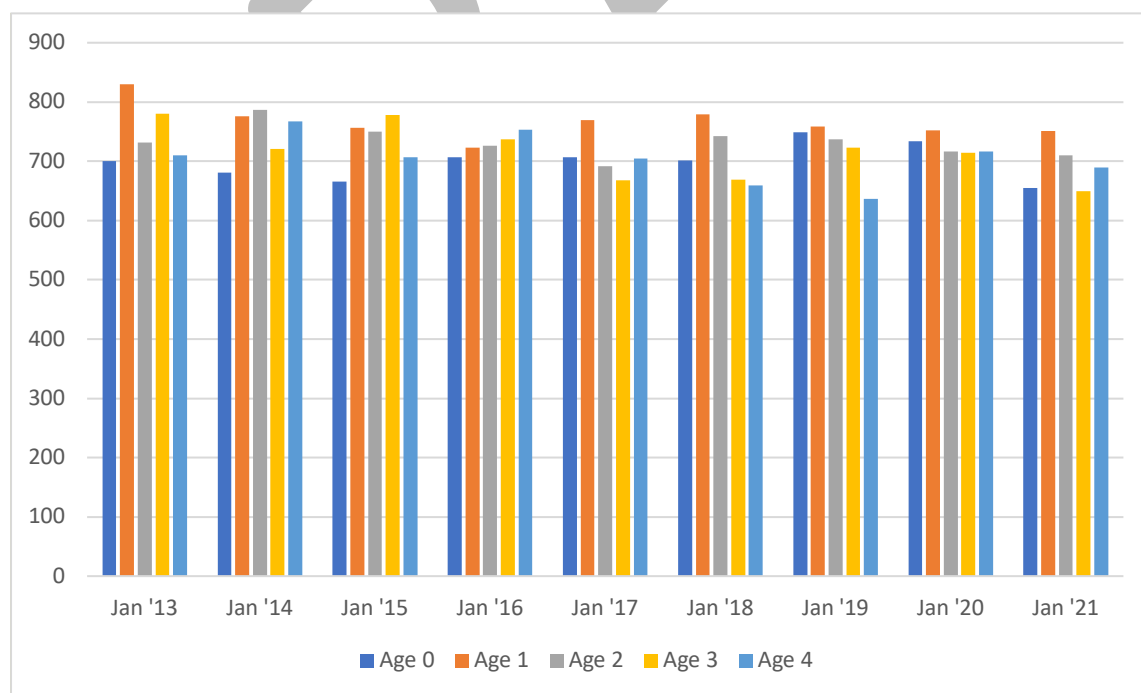
contrasts with the 2021 GLA projections that forecast that live births would fall to 603 in 2031/32 before rising to 647 by the end of the decade.

Table 9.1.9: Live births 2000-2040



The table below sets out the number of GP registrations for each age from 0-4. Between 2013 and 2021 the number of registrations fell for all age groups, but with the biggest drop of 17% amongst 3-year-olds.

Table 9.1.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age - Penge & Anerley



GP registrations have fallen for 0–4-year-olds from 3,752 in 2013 to 3,455 in 2021, a reduction of 297 registrations or 8%.

Table 9.1.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old - Penge & Anerley

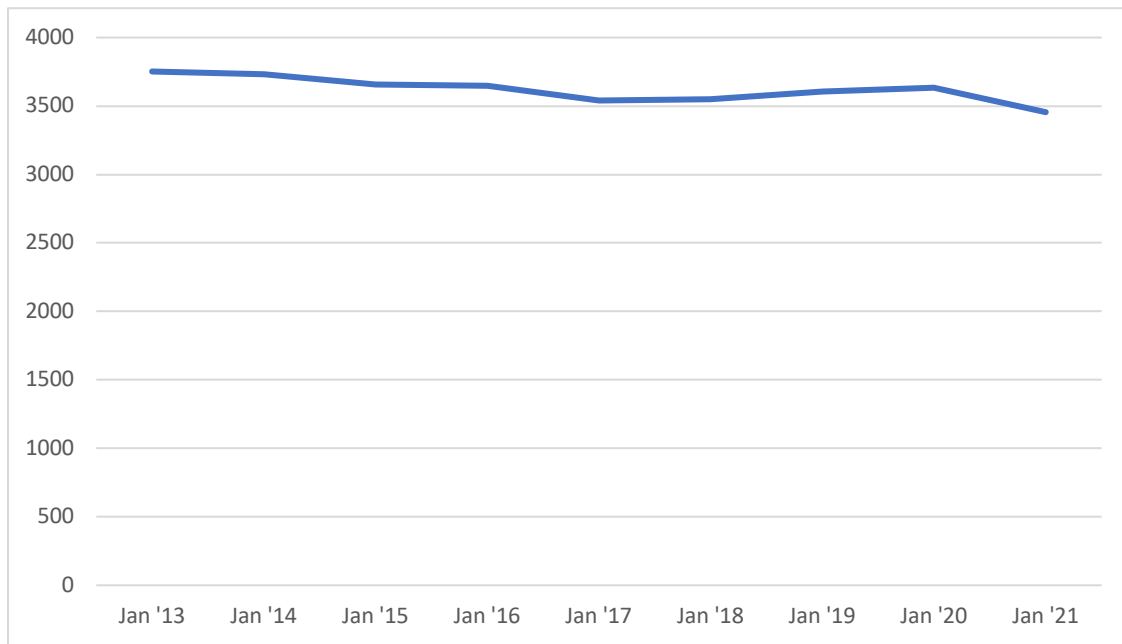
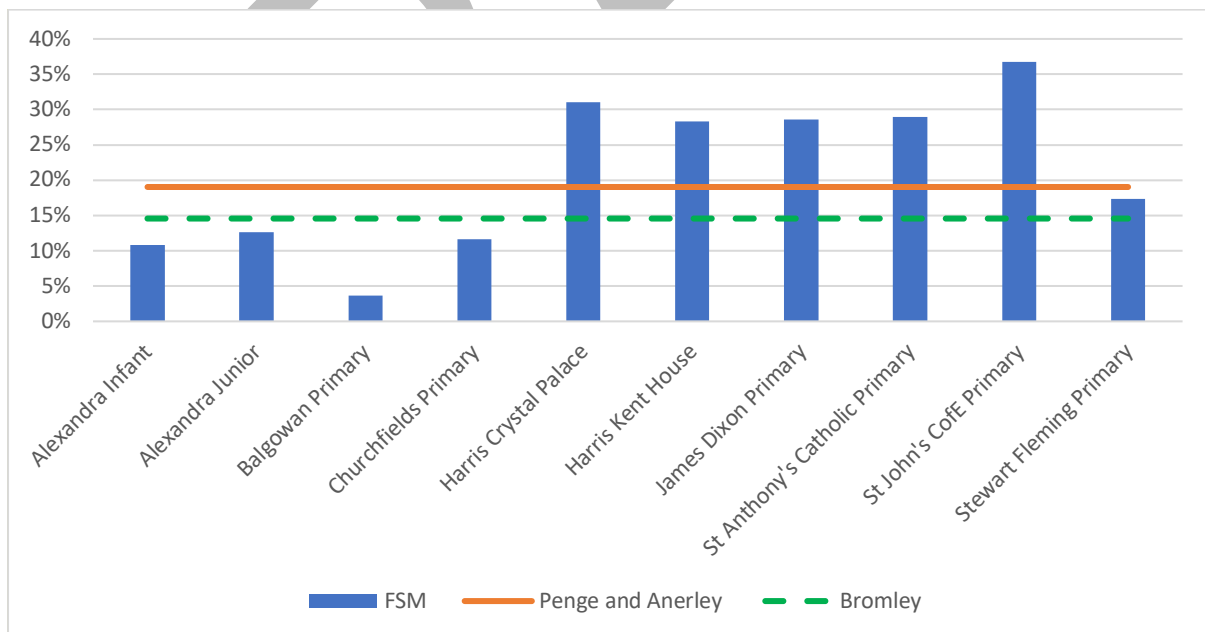


Table 9.1.10 below illustrates that there are 5 schools with significant more pupils eligible for free school meals than the local area and Bromley averages. 37% of pupils on the roll of St John’s CE Primary School are eligible for free school meals.

Table 9.1.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Penge and Anerley



9.2 Copers Cope, Kelsey and Eden Park (Planning Area 2)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Copers Cope Ward
- Kelsey and Eden Park Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Clare House Primary School	Primary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Outstanding	13 March 2019
Eden Park High School	Secondary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	3 November 2020
Harris Academy Beckenham	Secondary academy	Harris Federation	Outstanding	7 June 2017
Harris Primary Academy Beckenham	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Outstanding	27 June 2018
Harris Primary Academy Beckenham Green	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Good	11 November 2021
Langley Park Primary Academy	Secondary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Good	19 June 2019
Langley Park School for Boys	Secondary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Good	6 March 2019
Langley Park School for Girls	Primary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Good	17 November 2022
Marian Vian Primary School	Primary academy	Compass Academy Trust	Good	8 February 2018
St Mary's Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Good	9 October 2017
Unicorn Primary School	Primary academy	Compass Academy Trust	Good	12 September 2019
Worsley Bridge Primary School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	12 September 2018

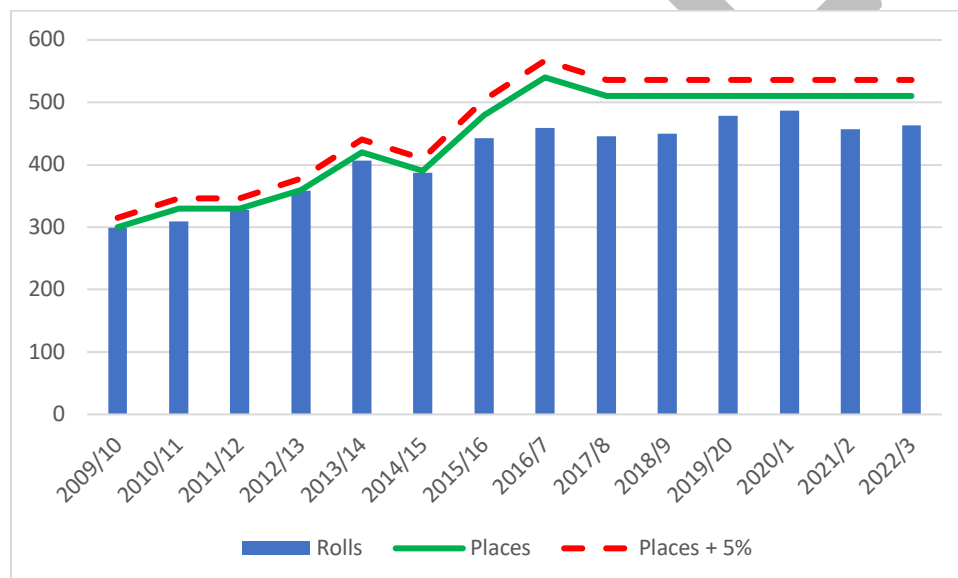
Beckenham has experienced considerable growth in pupil numbers. Local schools have been expanded to meet this need. Clare House and Worsley Bridge primary schools expanded by a form of entry each and 2 primary free schools opened locally, Harris Primary Academy Beckenham and Langley Park Primary School, opened both adding 420 places. A new secondary free school has also opened in the area, Eden Park High School, add 1,680 places.

No changes are proposed to the planning area as part of the changes outlined in Appendix A. The primary planning would be wholly within the proposed secondary planning area 1.

School Rolls

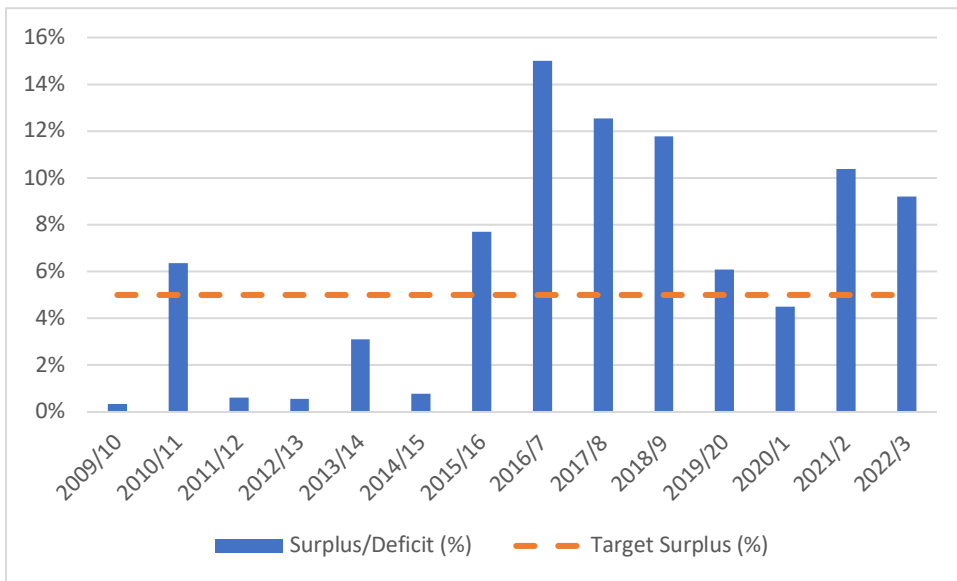
Reception rolls have increased by 164 or 55% between 2010 and Autumn 2022, as reception year capacities have increased from 300 in 2010 to 510.

Figure 9.2.1: Reception rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Beckenham



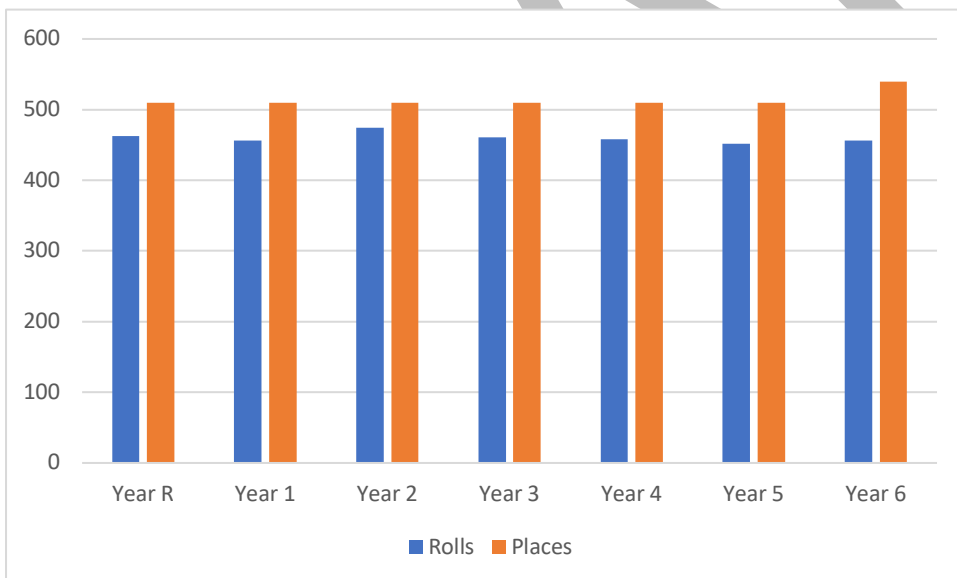
Whilst there has been a significant increase in both school rolls and capacities, over the past 8 years, except for 2021, there has been a surplus of Reception year places in excess of 5%, the Council's target.

Figure 9.2.2: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Beckenham



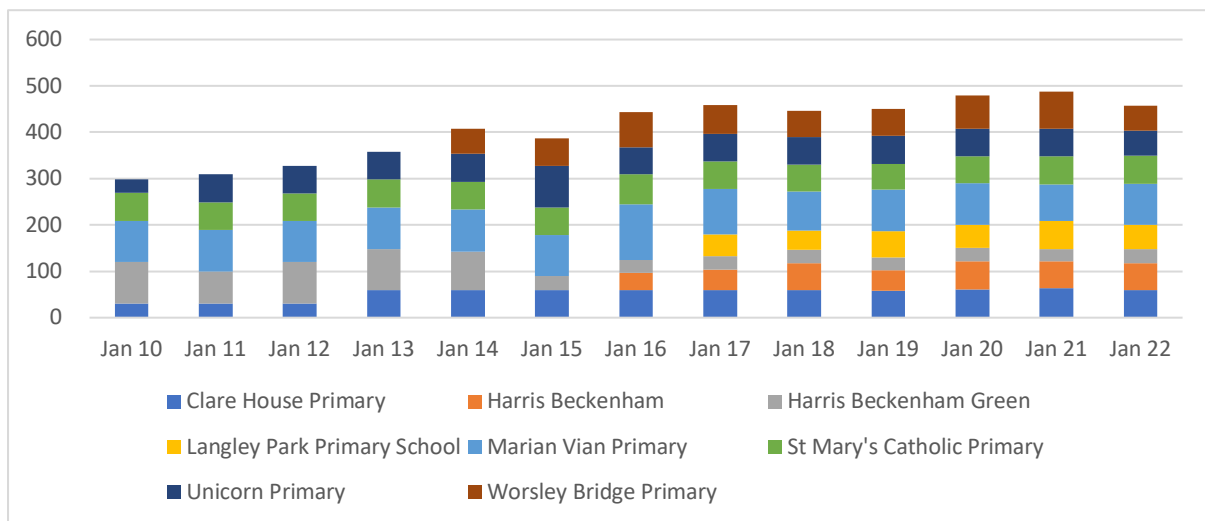
The table below shows that in each primary year in 2022 there were more school places than pupils on roll.

Table 9.2.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 – Beckenham



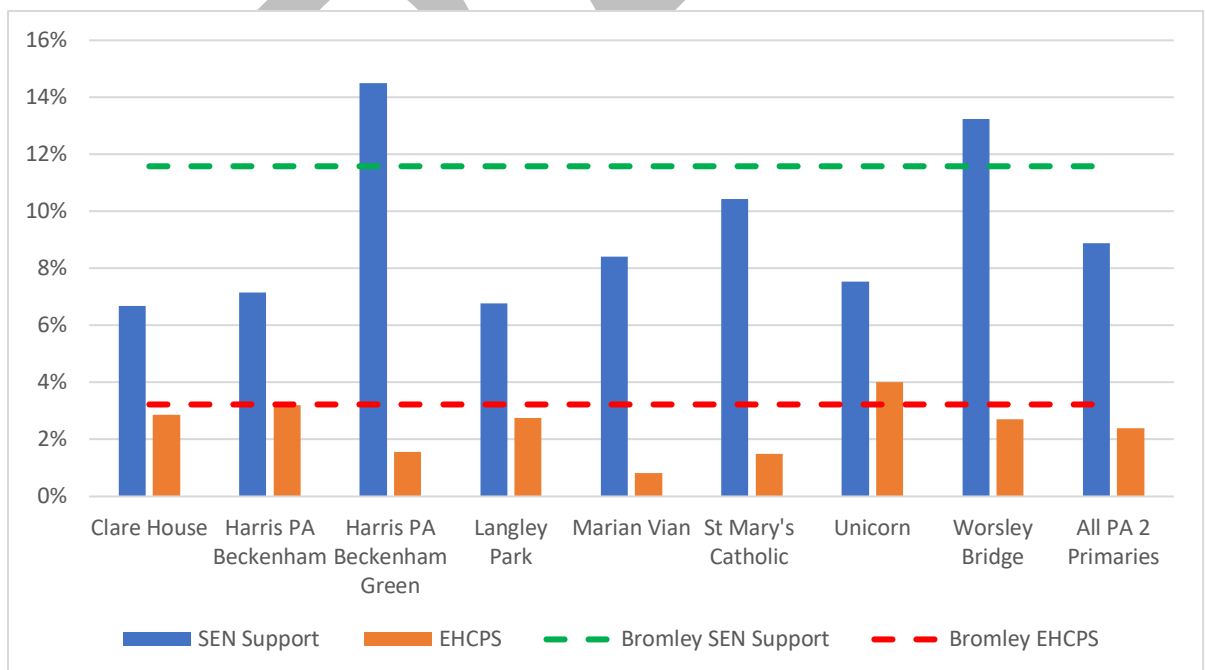
The table below provides detail of reception rolls by school across each year between 2010 and 2022. It provides a detailed visual picture of how new places at expanded schools and free schools has shaped the primary planning area.

Table 9.2.4 Reception year rolls by local school 2010-22 – Beckenham



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). There are no SEN additionally resourced provisions in the planning area and as a result most schools are below the borough wide average for the proportion of children with an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). Harris Primary Academy Beckenham Green and Worsley Bridge Primary School both have levels of pupils in receipt of SEN Support above the boroughwide average.

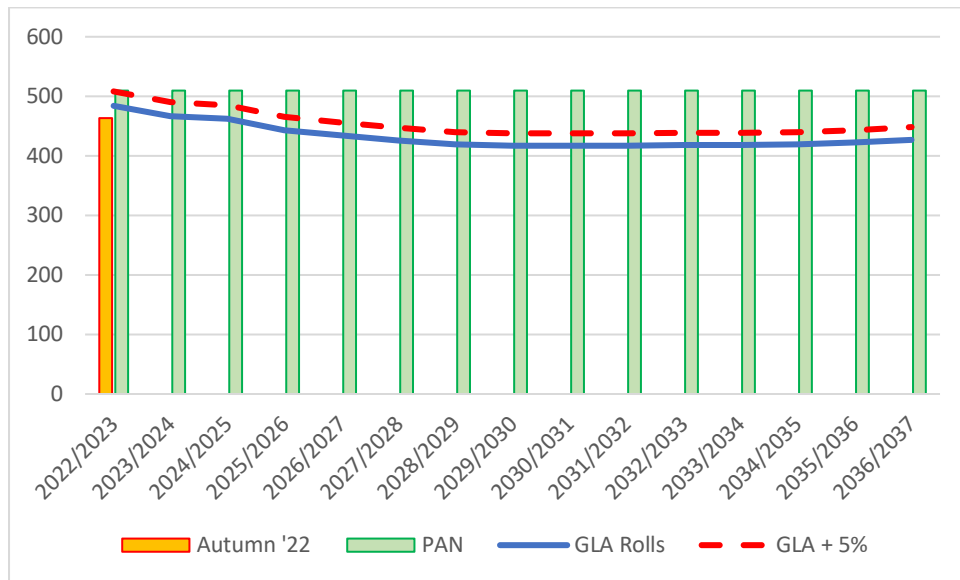
Table 9.2.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

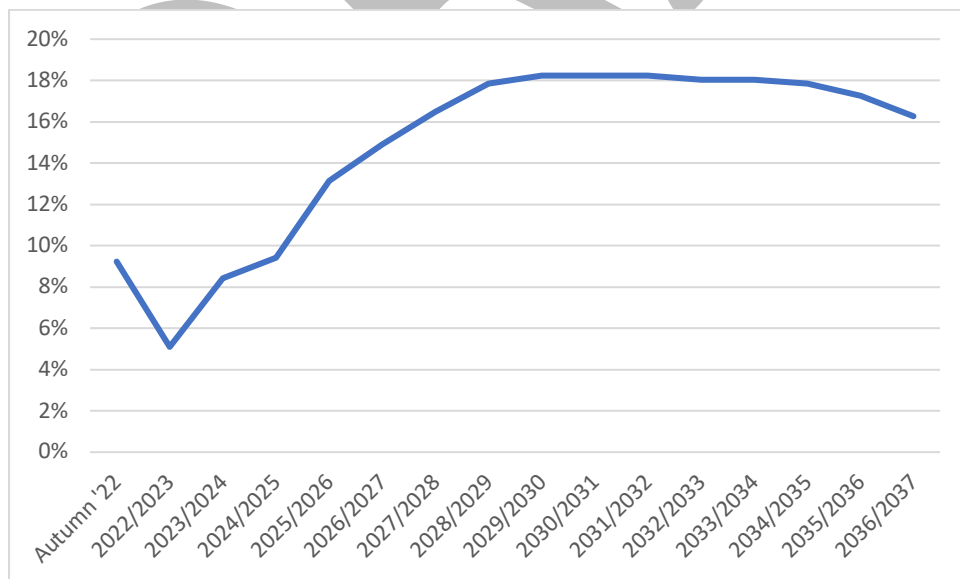
Based on the GLA 2022 School Roll Projections Reception rolls are projected to fall by 70 between 2022/23 and 2029/30 which is lower than the 80 forecast by the GLA in 2021.

Figure 9.2.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Beckenham



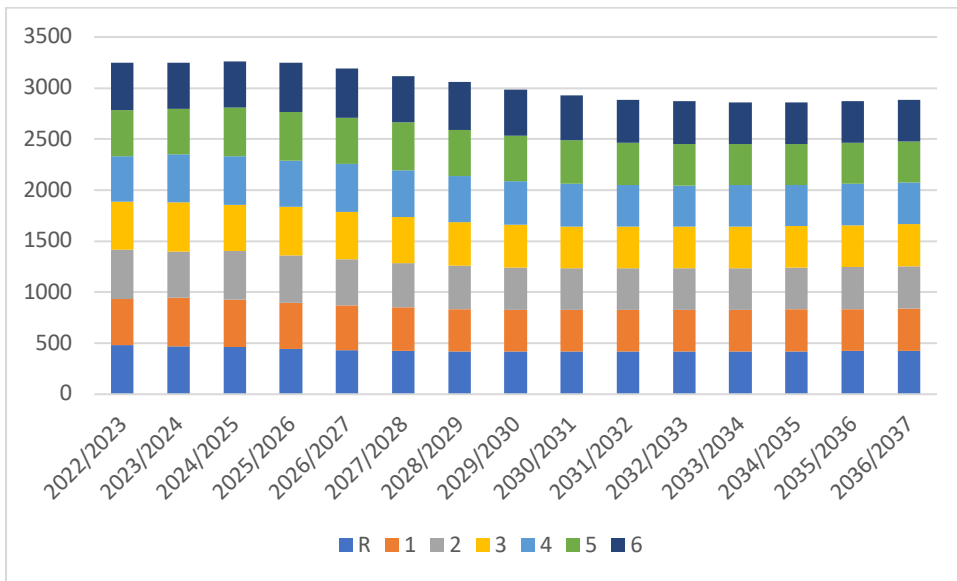
The surplus in school places is expected to grow until 2028/29 when it will be 93 places, double the local surplus in autumn 2022.

Figure 9.2.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Beckenham



Rolls across all primary years are projected to decrease by 226 between 2022/23 and 2029/30, but the decrease is less than the GLA 2021 projections.

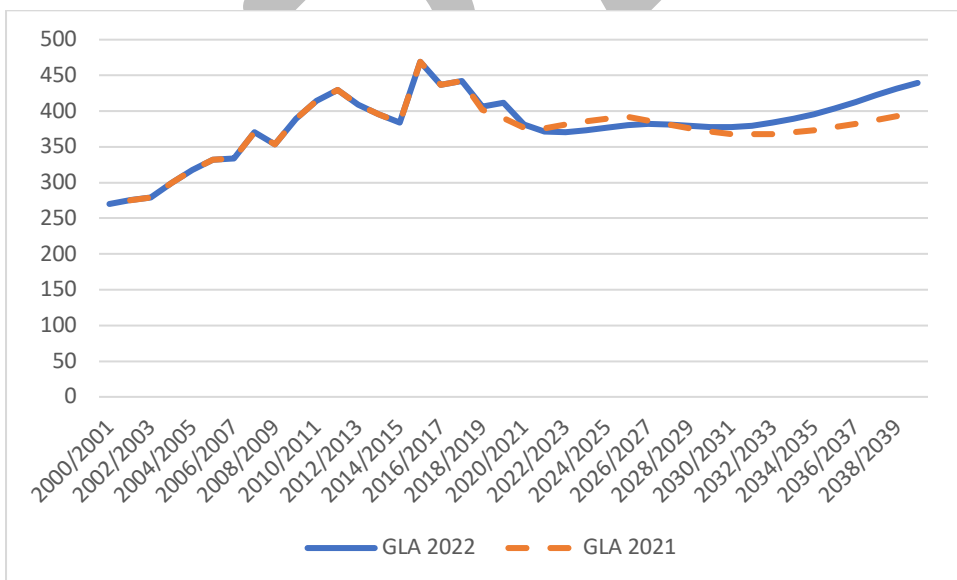
Figure 9.2.8: Primary school roll projections – Beckenham



Demographics

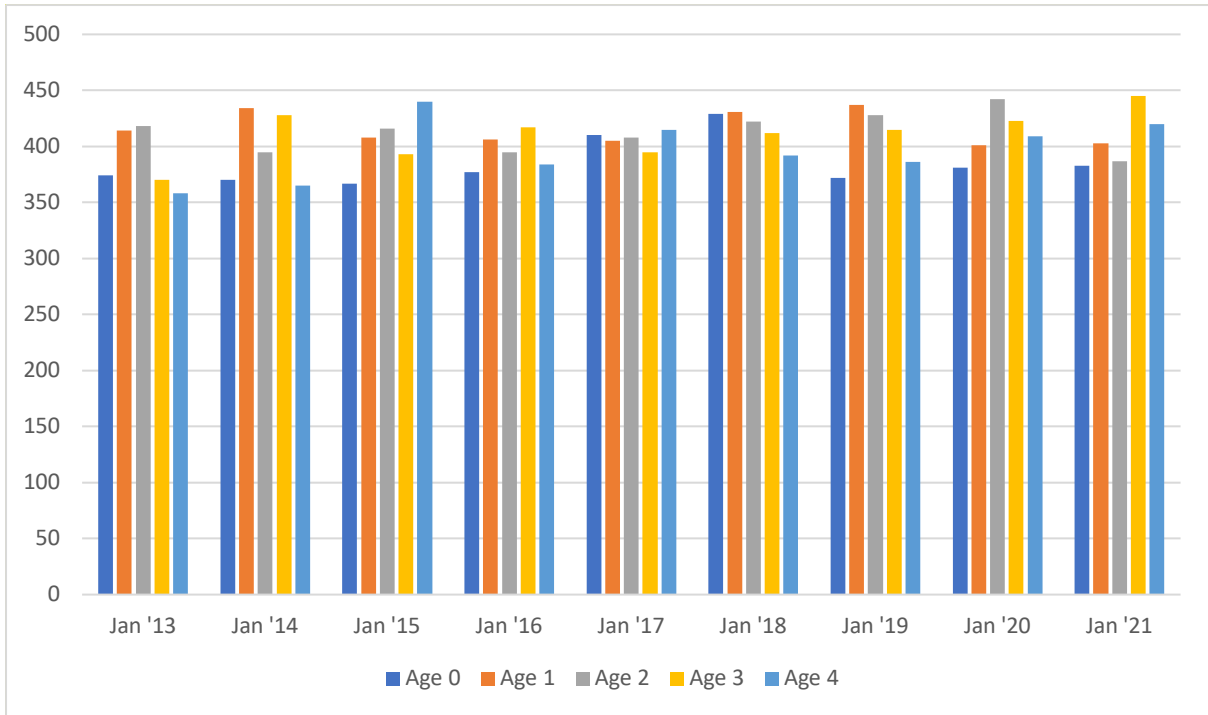
The number of live births is projected to stay relatively stable for the rest of this decade with 373 live births in 2029/30 compared to 373 in 2023/24. The 2022 projections are indicating a slightly higher increase in live births during the next decade with 439 in 2019/40 compared with 397 in the 2021 projections.

Table 9.2.9: Live births – Beckenham 2000-2040



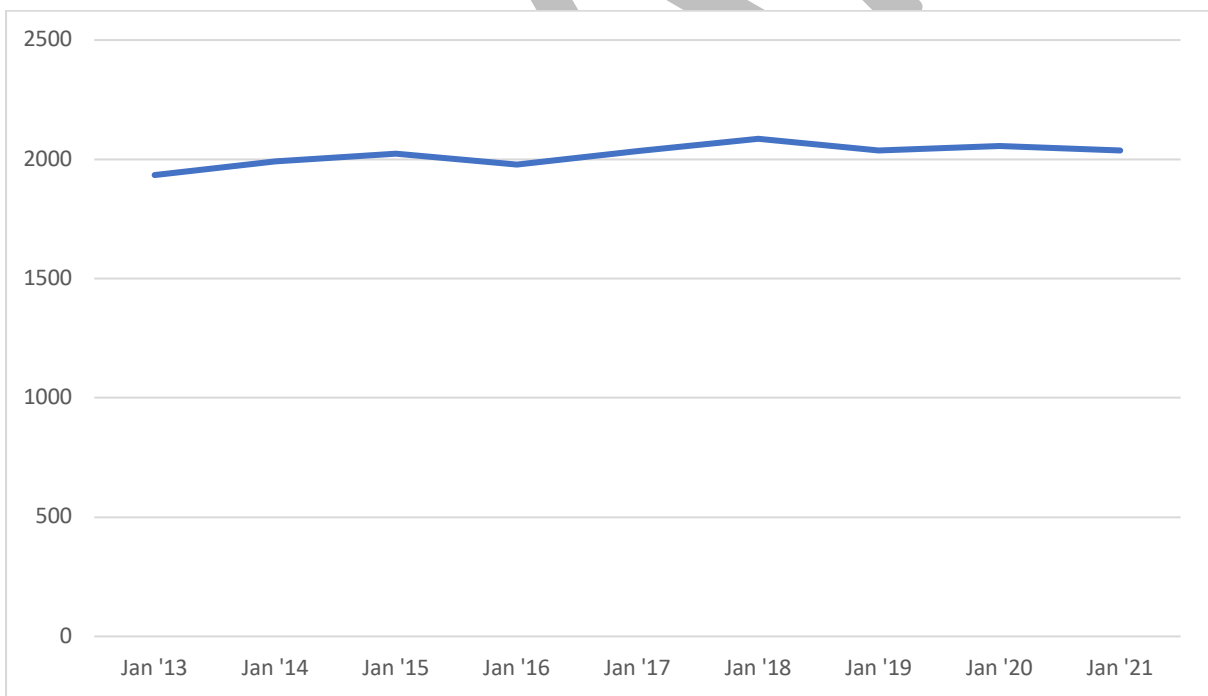
Whilst overall GP registrations have increased between 2013 and 2021, the number of registrations increased for 0, 3 and 4-year-olds, but fell for 1- and 2-year-olds.

Table 9.2.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Beckenham



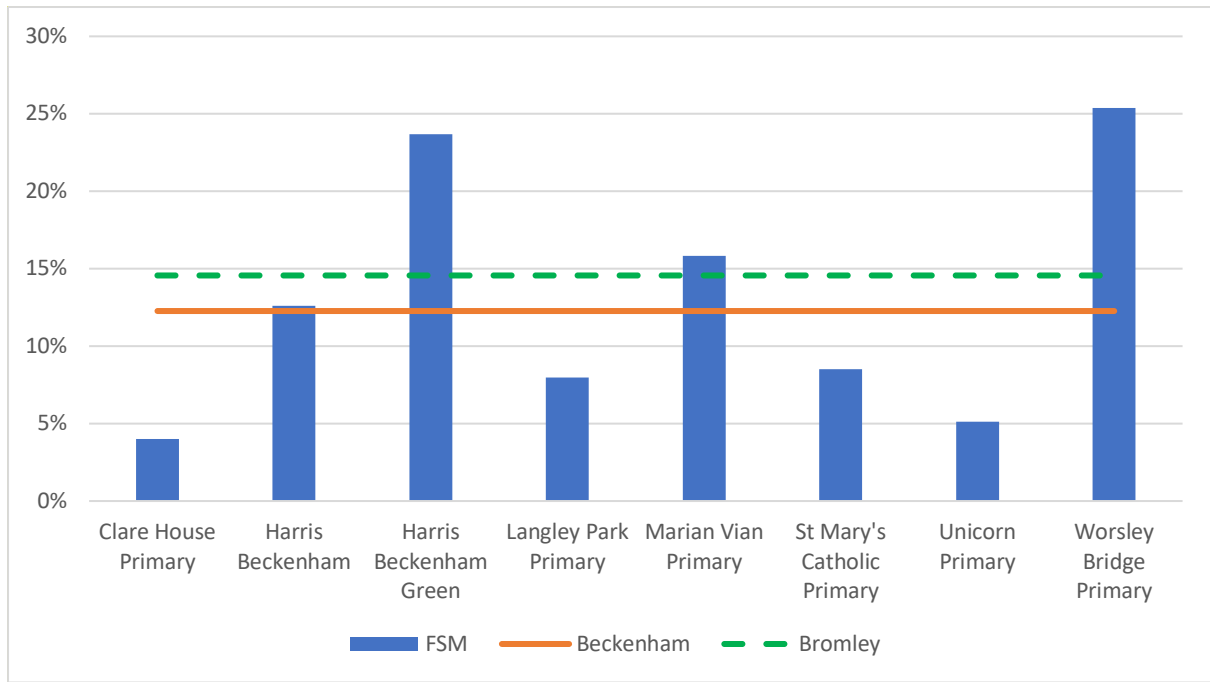
Across the 0-4 age group GP registration grew by 5% between 2013 and 2021.

Table 9.2.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Beckenham



The eligibility rate for free school meals in Beckenham at 12% is below the borough-wide average, although eligibility at Harris Beckenham Green is 24% and Worsley Bridge Primary School 25%.

Table 9.2.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Beckenham



DRAFT

9.3 Hayes and Coney Hall, Shortlands, West Wickham (Planning Area 3)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Hayes and Coney Hall Ward
- Shortlands Ward
- West Wickham Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Glebe School	Academy special school (ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder MLD - Moderate Learning Difficulty)	Specialist Learning Trust	Outstanding	26 November 2019
Harris Primary Academy Shortlands	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Outstanding	27 April 2017
Hawes Down Primary School	Primary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Good	6 February 2018
Hayes Primary School	Primary academy	The Spring Partnership Trust	Good	7 November 2017
Hayes School	Secondary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Outstanding	22 September 2022
Highfield Infants' School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Outstanding	22 June 2022
Highfield Junior School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Outstanding	22 June 2022
Oak Lodge Primary	Primary academy	Compass Academy Trust	Good	21 June 2019

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Pickhurst Infant School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Outstanding	19 January 2022
Pickhurst Academy (Junior School)	Primary academy	Chancery Education Trust	Outstanding	5 July 2011
Riverside (West Wickham)	Community special school. (ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder, SLD - Severe Learning Difficulty and PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulty)	Community	Outstanding	3 June 2019
St Mark's CE Primary	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	12 September 2017
Wickham Common Primary	Primary academy	Compass Academy Trust	Good	6 February 2018

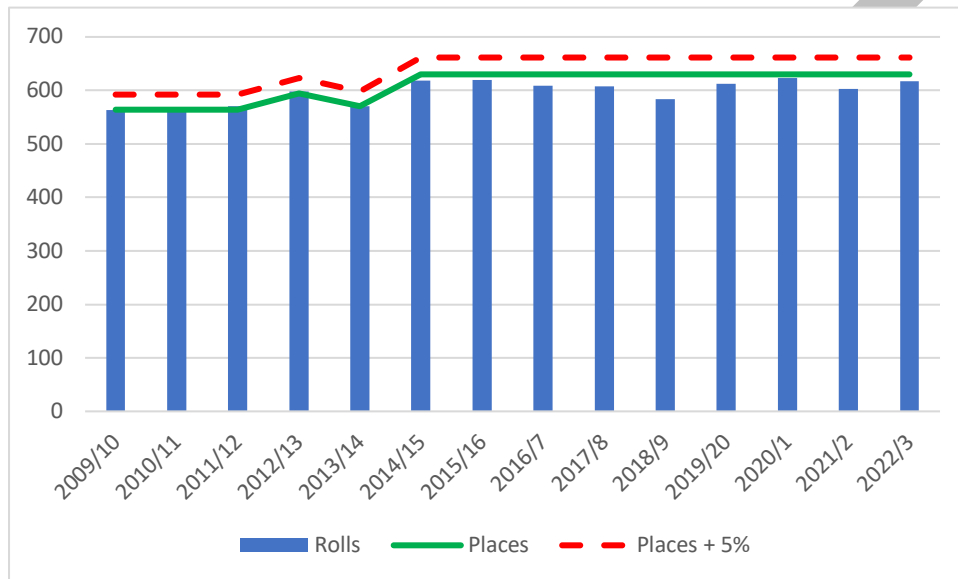
Hayes and West Wickham has not seen significant growth in the need for Reception year school places, with the only changes being the opening of Harris Shortlands Primary Academy and a bulge class at Hawes Down Primary School in 2012. However, the local area generally sees school rolls grow through the primary phase which suggest the area sees inward migration from other areas.

Significant changes are proposed to the planning area as part of the realignment of planning areas detailed in Appendix A. The planning area is currently the largest in Bromley. The proposals would see the planning area gain Keston CE Primary School from Planning Area 5, but the new Shortlands and Park Langley Ward, which includes area formerly part of Bromley Town would move to Planning Area 4. This would mean that in future years Harris Primary Academy Shortlands, Highfield Infants' School, Highfield Junior School and St Mark's CE Primary School would no longer be part of the planning area. The primary planning would be wholly contained within the proposed secondary planning area 1.

School Rolls

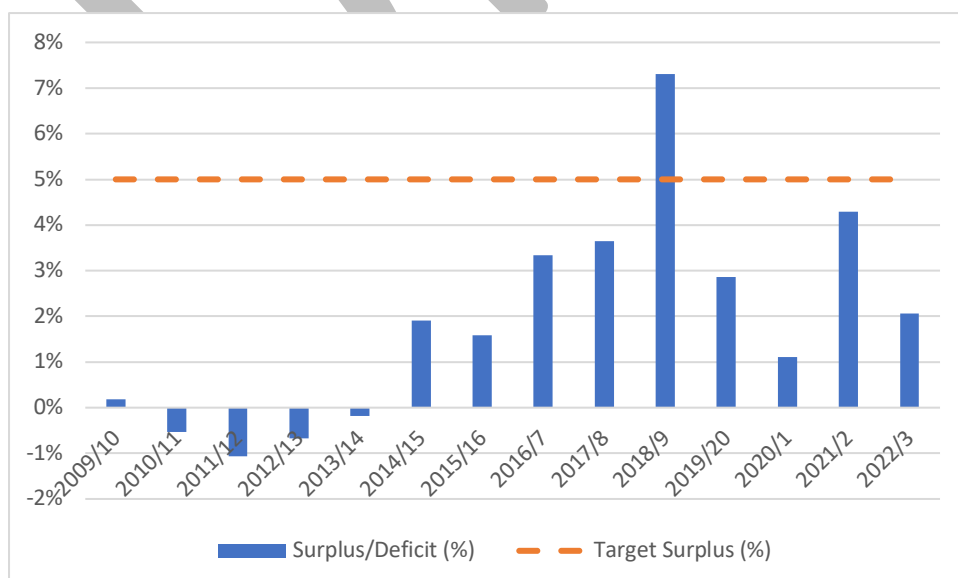
Reception year rolls have increased between January 2022 and October 2022 from 603 to 617. However, Hayes and West Wickham is an area where Reception rolls have been relatively stable, with only a single bulge class and Harris Primary Academy Shortlands being opened since 2010 and rolls increasing by 54 over this period (10%).

Figure 9.3.1: Primary year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Hayes and West Wickham



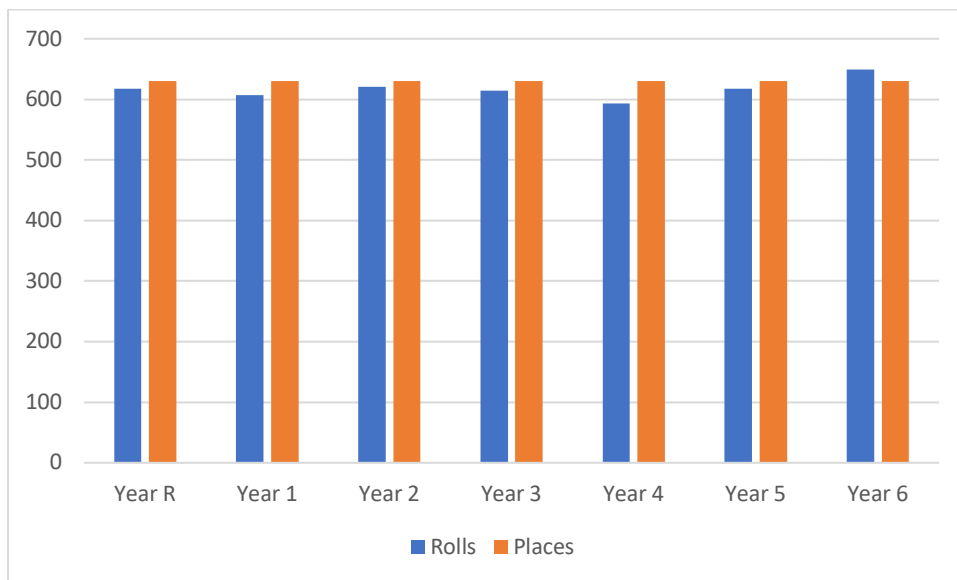
Places and Reception rolls have been closely matched with the target of a 5% surplus only being exceeded in a single year. At 2%, surplus reception places are below the borough's planning target of 5%.

Figure 9.3.2: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Hayes and West Wickham



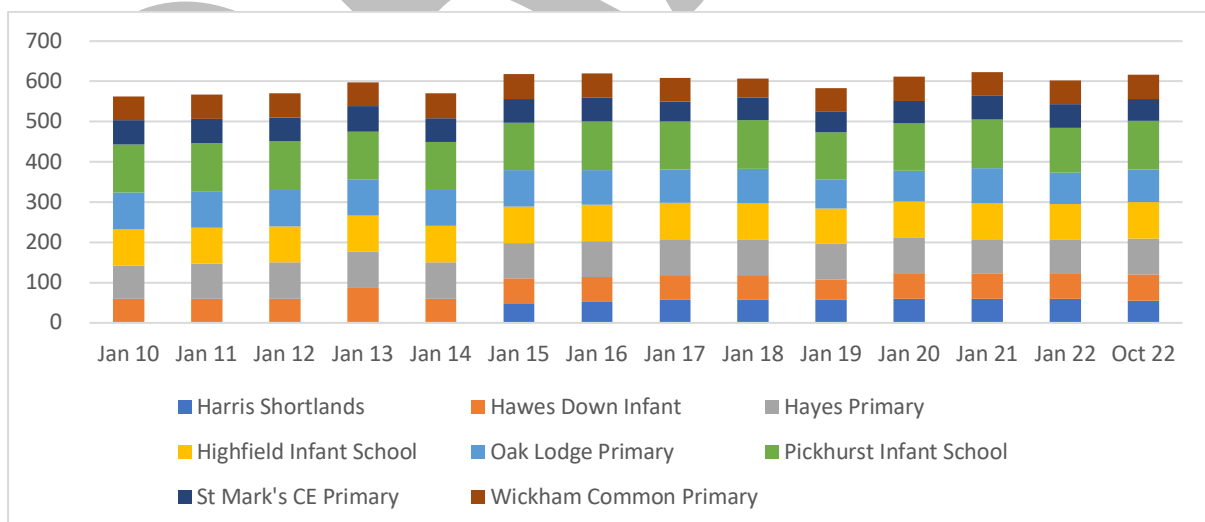
Hayes and West Wickham is a planning area where rolls have historically increased within schools between Reception to year 6. The table below shows that whilst in most years there are more places than pupils on roll, in Year 6 there are more pupils than school places. This is partly explained because schools can offer more than 30 places per class in Key Stage 2.

Table 9.3.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 - Hayes and West Wickham



The table below provides detail of reception rolls by school across each year between 2010 and 2022.

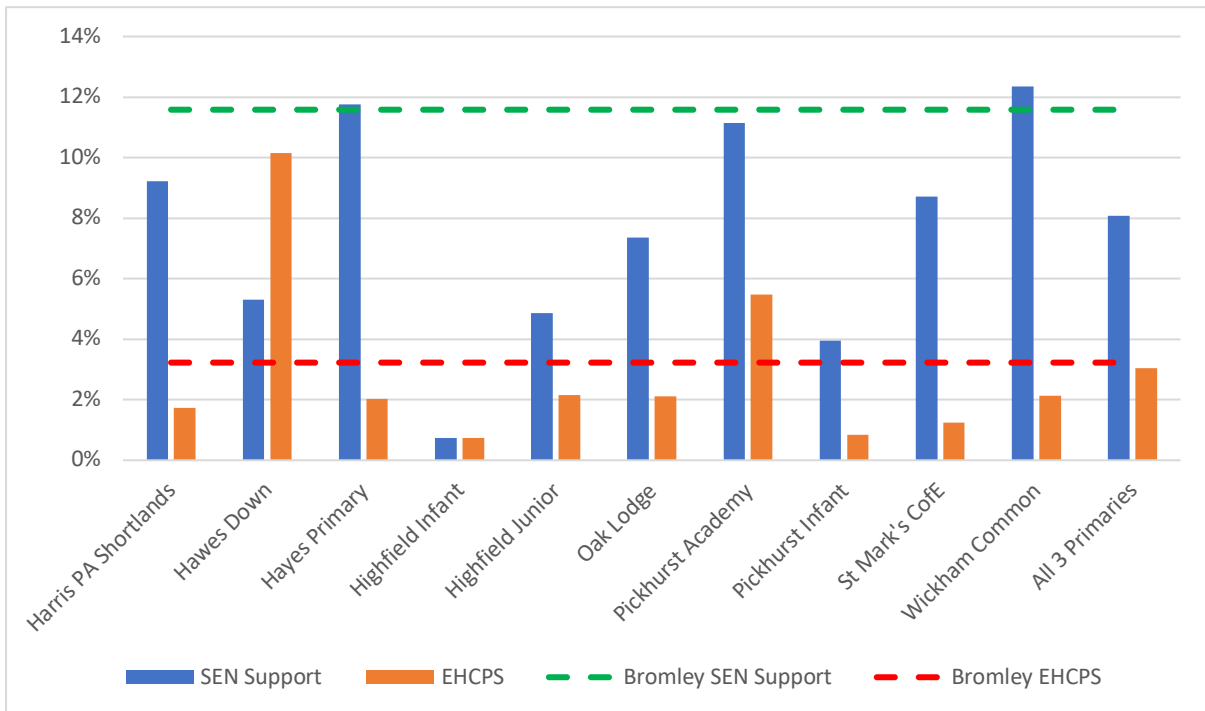
Table 9.3.4 School rolls by local school 2010-23 – Hayes and West Wickham



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). The proportion of pupils in receipt of an EHCP across the planning area is in line with the boroughwide average.

However, EHCP rates are higher at schools (Hawes Down Primary and Pickhurst Academy) where there is an SEN additionally resourced provision.

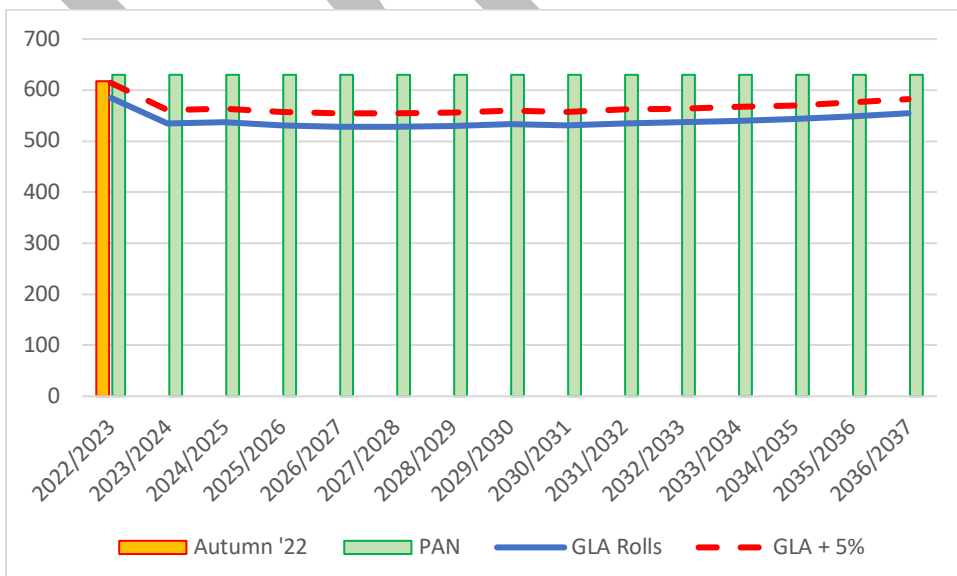
Table 9.3.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

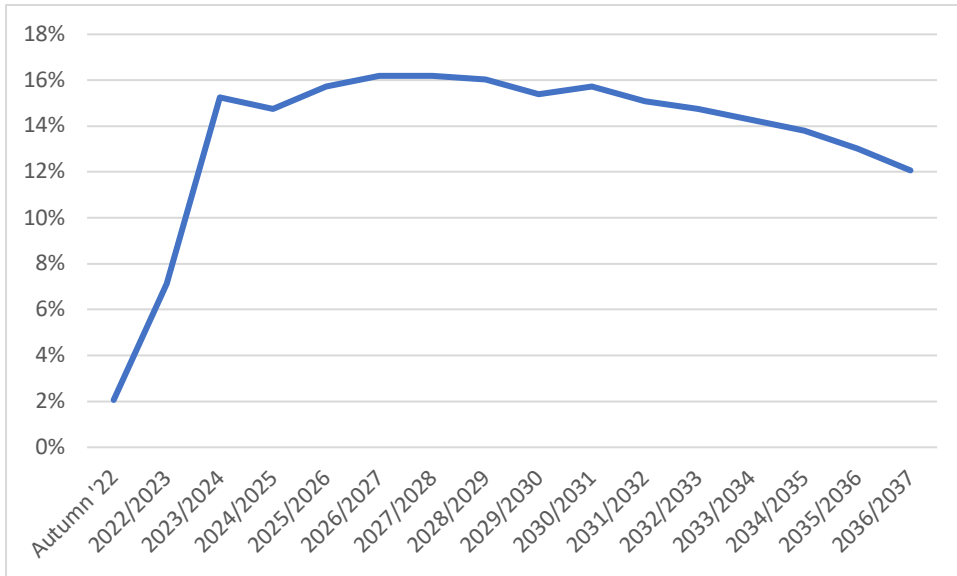
Reception rolls are projected to decrease by 57 to 528 by 2026/27 and then increase to 554 by 2036/37. The projected fall is less than forecast by the 2021 GLA projections and actual October 2022 reception rolls were higher than GLA projections for 2022/23.

Figure 9.3.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Hayes and West Wickham



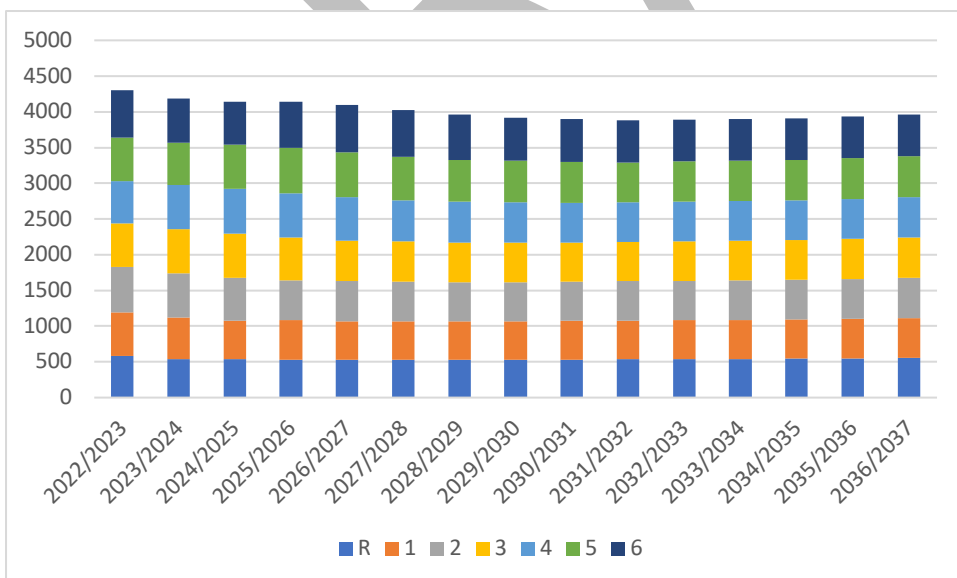
The table below illustrates the number of surplus school places projected in the planning area. Surplus school places are projected to increase by 2% now to 15% by 2029/30 before reducing to 12% by 2036/37.

Figure 9.2.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Hayes and West Wickham



The table below shows the projected primary school population by national curriculum year group. Primary school rolls are projected to decrease by 390 (9%) between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

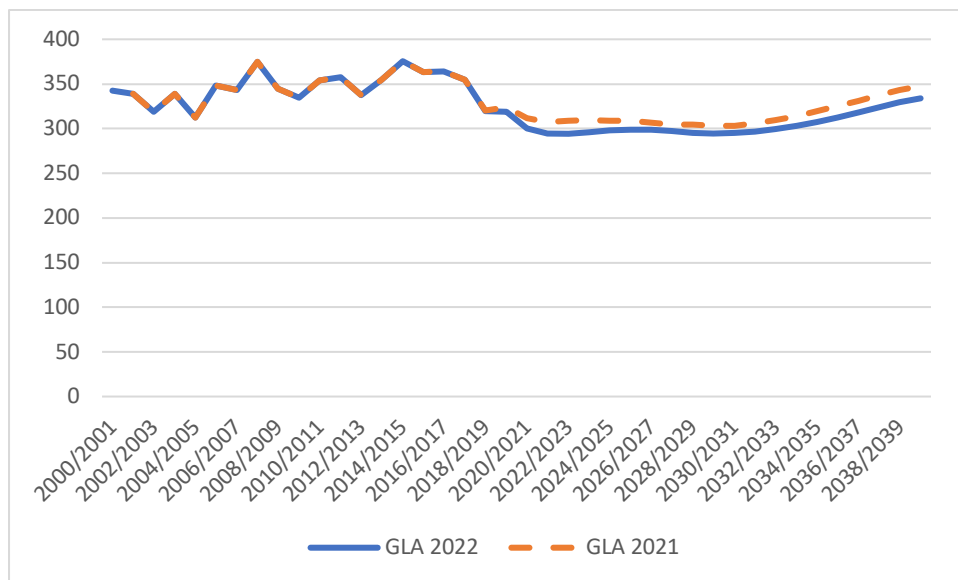
Figure 9.3.8: Primary school roll projections – Hayes and West Wickham



Demographics

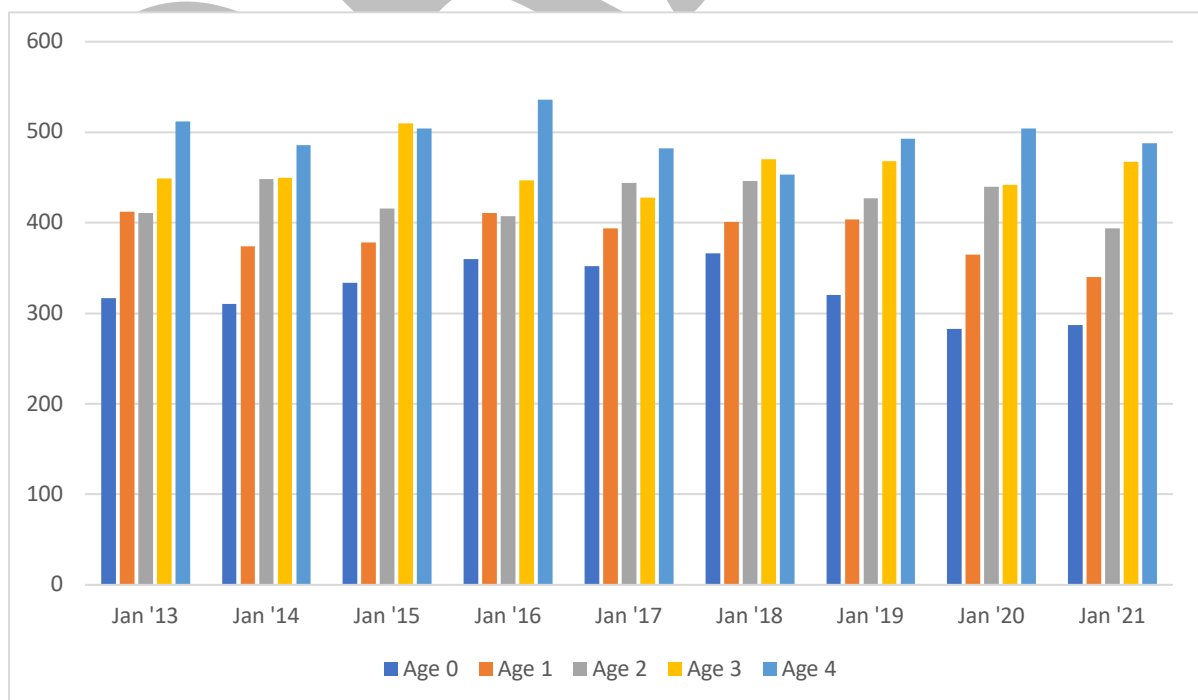
Live births are projected to remain stable across the next decade with 295 live births projected in 2029/30 compared to 296 in 2023/24. The 2022 GLA projections indicate slightly lower growth next decade with 334 live births in 2039/40 compared with 348 based on the 2021 GLA projections.

Table 9.3.7: Live births – Hayes and West Wickham 2000-2040



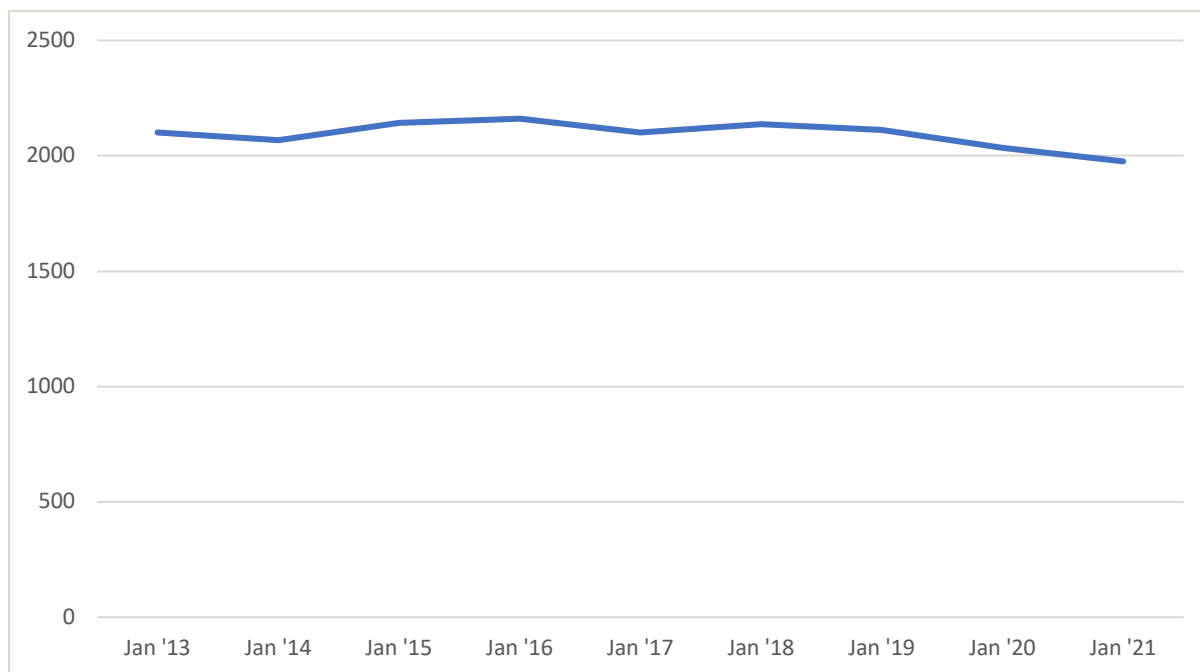
Overall, between 2013 and 2021 GP registrations decreased for all groups except 3-year-olds with the biggest drop being 17% for 1 year-olds.

Table 9.3.8: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Hayes and West Wickham



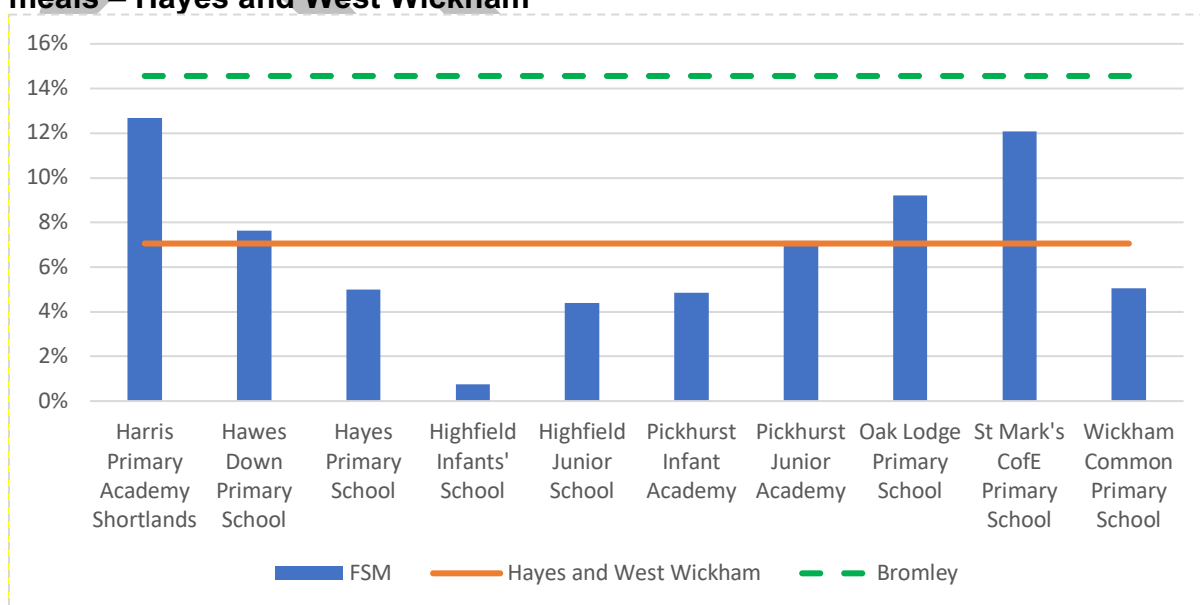
Across the period 2013 to 2021 GP registration fell for the 0-4 age group by 125 or 6%.

Table 9.3.9: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Hayes and West Wickham



At a 7% eligibility rate, the Hayes and West Wickham area has the lowest eligibility rate for free school meals in Bromley, under half the Borough-wide rate, with no schools exceeding the Bromley average.

Table 9.3.10: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Hayes and West Wickham



9.4 Bickley, Bromley Town and Plaistow and Sundridge (Planning Area 4)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Bickley Ward
- Bromley Town Ward
- Plaistow and Sundridge Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Bickley Primary School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	6 February 2019
Bromley Beacon Academy (Bromley site)	Academy special School – (SEMH - Social, Emotional and Mental Health)	London South East Academies Trust	Good	17 January 2019
Bromley Trust Alternative Provision Academy (Hayes Lane site)	Academy sponsored pupil referral unit (primary aged)	London South East Academies Trust	Good	20 September 2017
Bullers Wood School	Girls' secondary academy	Bullers Wood Multi Academy Trust	Outstanding	16 February 2012
Bullers Wood School for Boys	Boys' secondary academy	Bullers Wood Multi Academy Trust	Good	07 February 2023
Burnt Ash Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Outstanding	3 October 2019
La Fontaine Academy	Primary academy	Step Academy Trust	Good	8 June 2017

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Parish CE Primary School	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Outstanding	4 November 2011
Raglan Primary School	Primary academy	Connect Schools Academy Trust	Good	28 June 2017
Riverside (Phoenix)	Community special school. (ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder, SLD - Severe Learning Difficulty and PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulty)	Community	Outstanding	3 June 2019
St George's, Bickley, Church of England Primary School	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Outstanding	5 February 2019
St Joseph's RC Primary School	Primary academy	South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) Limited	Good	12 September 2017
Scotts Park Primary School	Primary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	22 April 2022
The Ravensbourne School	Secondary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	1 May 2018
Valley Primary School	Primary academy	Connect Schools Academy Trust	Good	20 November 2018

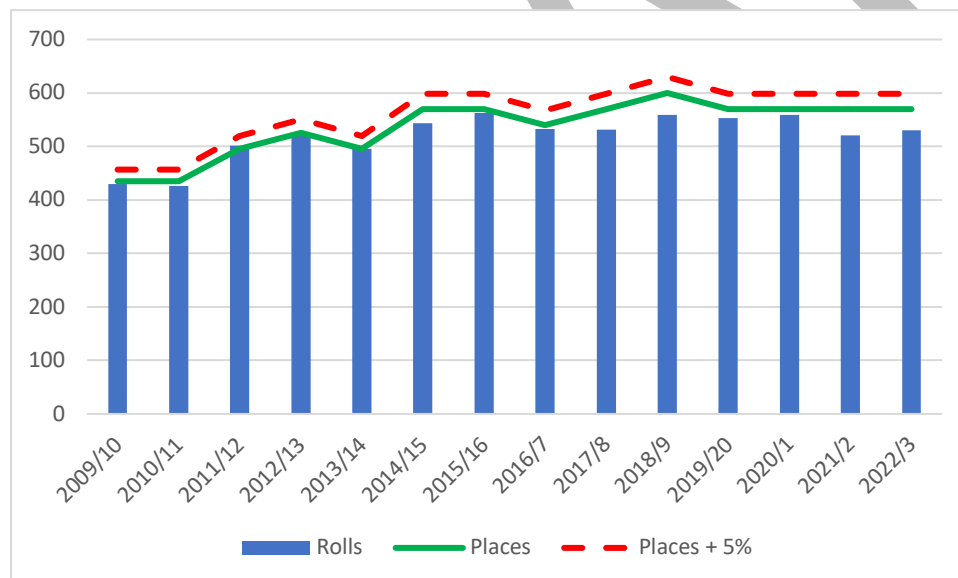
As a result of the proposed planning area changes detailed in Appendix A, there is likely to be significant change to this planning area in future years. Due to boundary changes Raglan Primary School moves to planning area 5. However, the planning area picks up a new ward, Shortlands and Park Langley. That proposed change enables Valley Primary School to remain in the planning area. but adds Harris Shortlands Primary School, Highfield Infant School, Highfield Junior School and St Marks CE Primary School to the planning area. The whole of the primary planning would be within the proposed secondary planning area 1.

Central Bromley has been one of the main areas of growth in school places since 2010. Over this period, Parish and St George’s primary schools have expanded, Valley and Scotts Park have taken bulge classes and La Fontaine a 3FE primary free school opened, increasing capacity Reception from 405 in 2009/10 to 570 in 2022. Bullers Wood School for Boys, a 6 forms of entry 900 place secondary free school, also opened in the area in 2018.

School Rolls

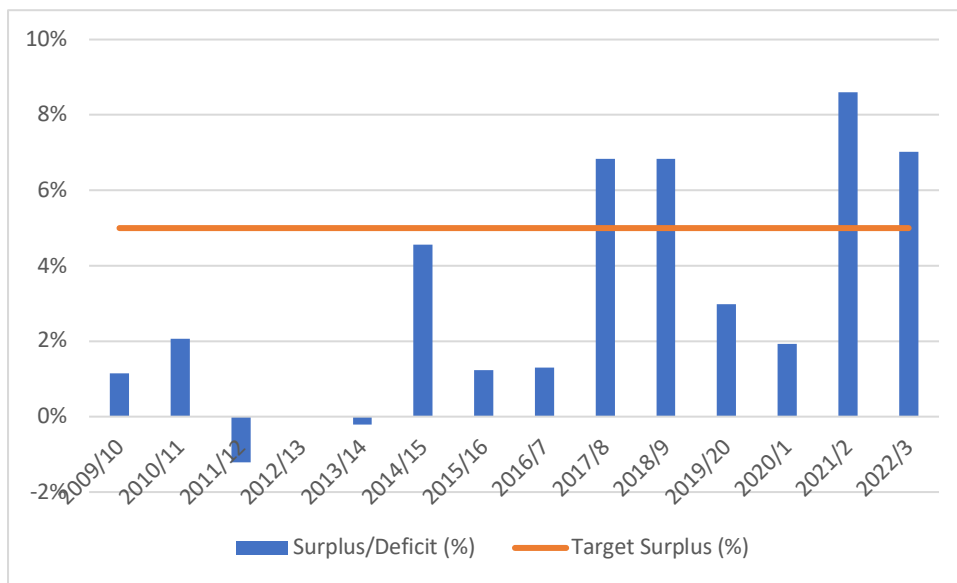
Reception rolls increase from 430 in 2010 to a peak of 559 in 2021, before falling back slightly to 521 in January 2022. They have now increased slightly to 530. The overall increase across the period 2010 to October 2022 is 23%.

Figure 9.4.1: Reception Year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Central Bromley



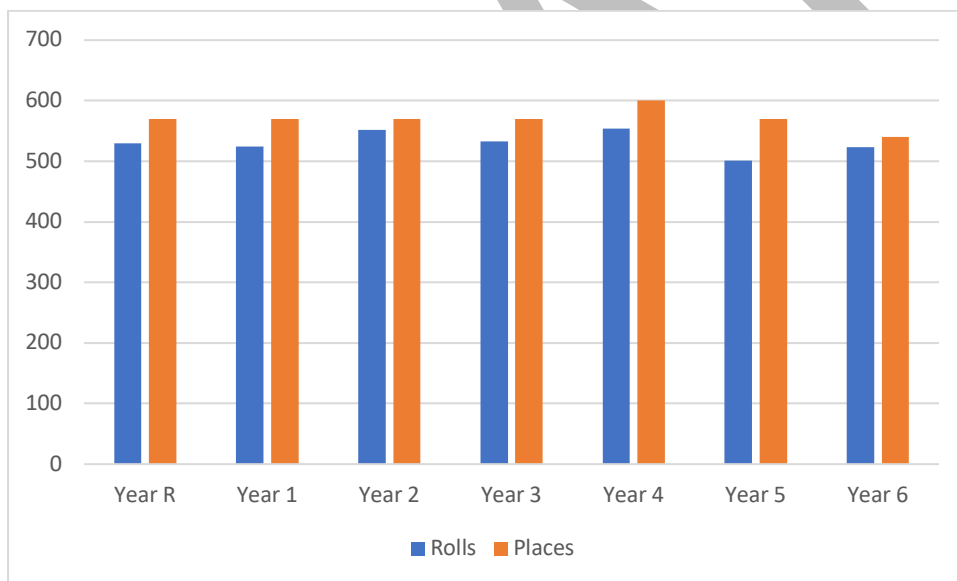
Reception year capacities have been reasonable well aligned with surplus capacity only being above 5% in 4 years, the highest 9% in 2022. The surplus is currently 7%.

Figure 9.4.2: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Central Bromley



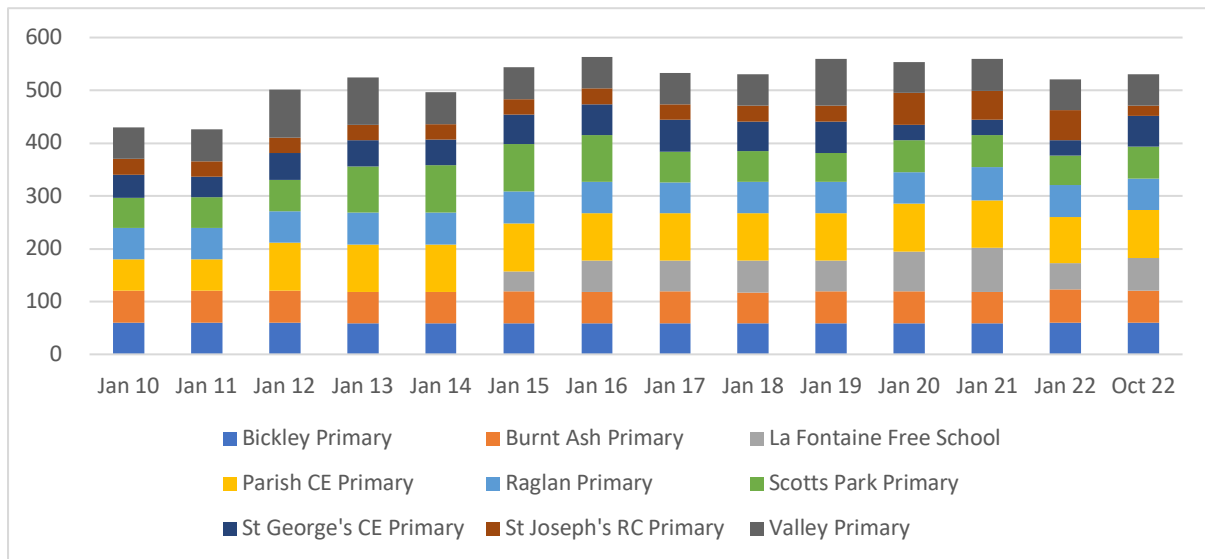
In 2022, there were less pupils in each year group than capacity.

Table 9.4.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 - Central Bromley



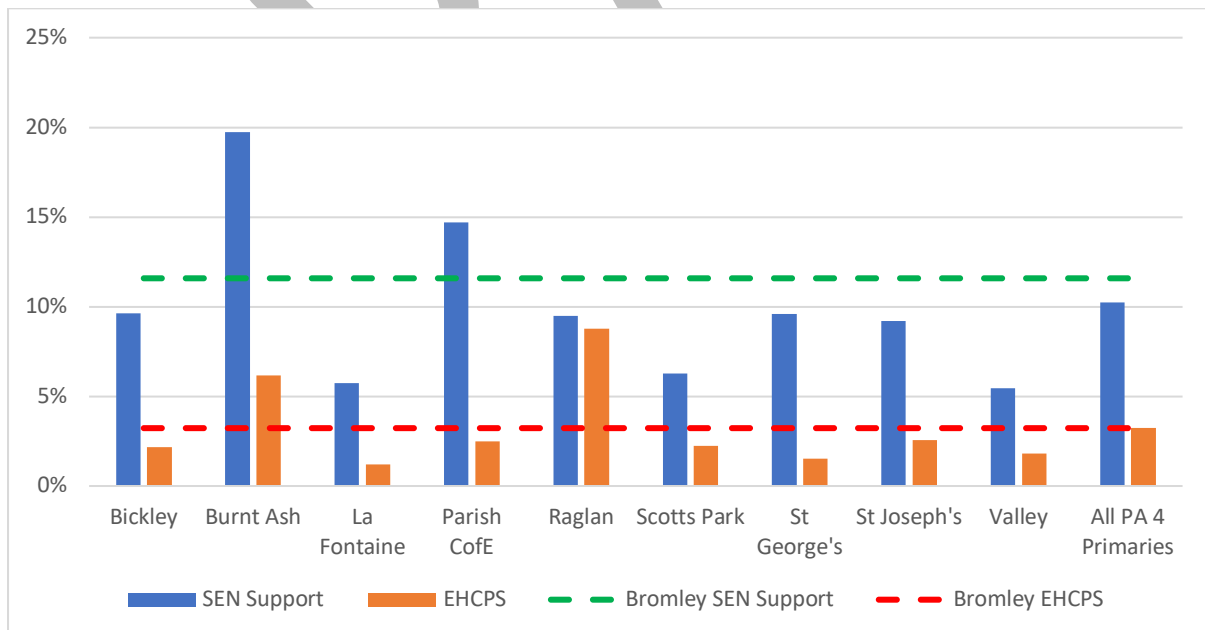
The table below provides detail of reception rolls by school across each year between 2010 and 2022.

Table 9.4.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Central Bromley



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). The proportion of pupils in receipt of an EHCP across the planning area is in line with the boroughwide average. However, EHCP rates are higher at schools (Burnt Ash Primary School and Raglan Primary School) where there is an SEN additionally resourced provision. Burnt Ash Primary School also has a proportion of pupils with SEN Support significantly above the boroughwide average.

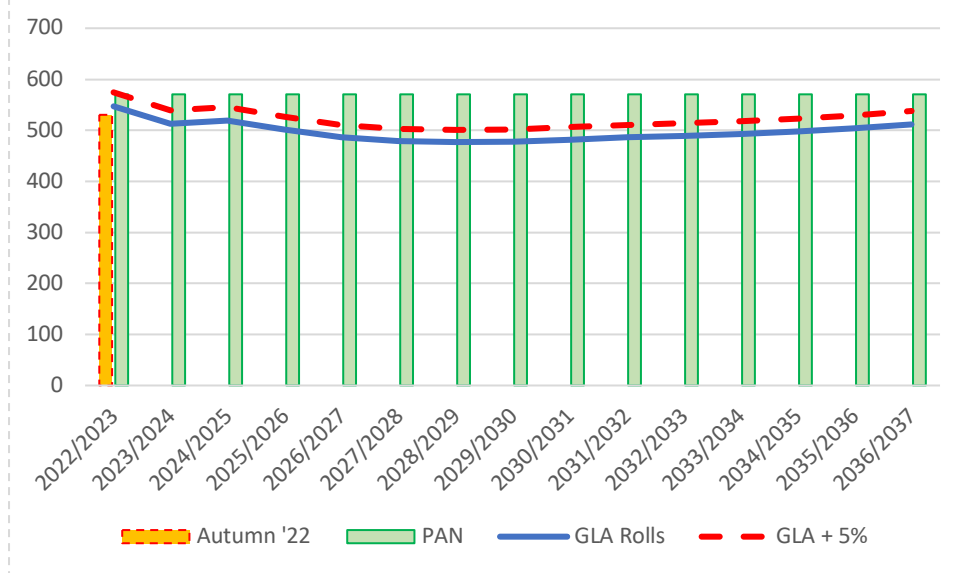
Table 9.4.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

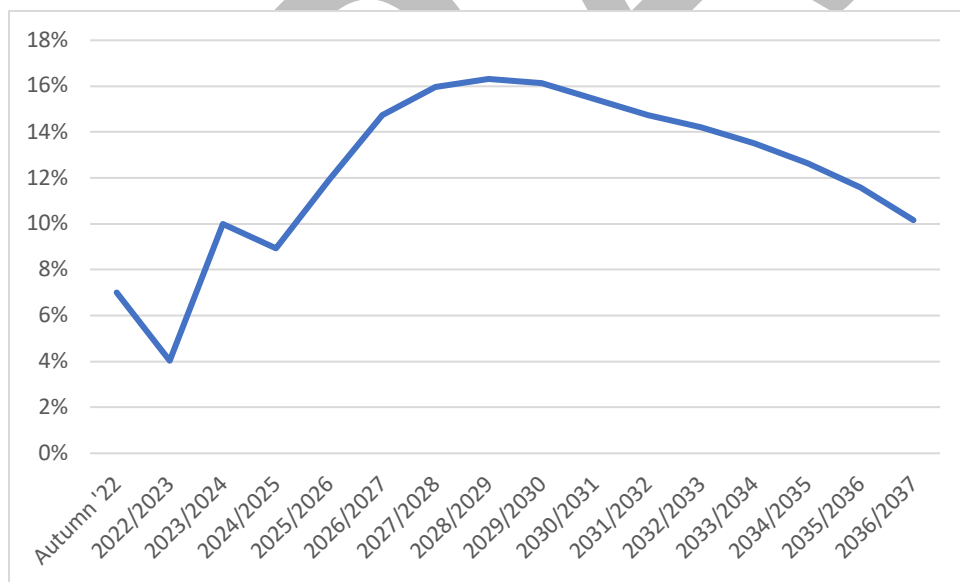
Reception year rolls are projected to reduce by 69 or 13% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

Figure 9.4.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Central Bromley



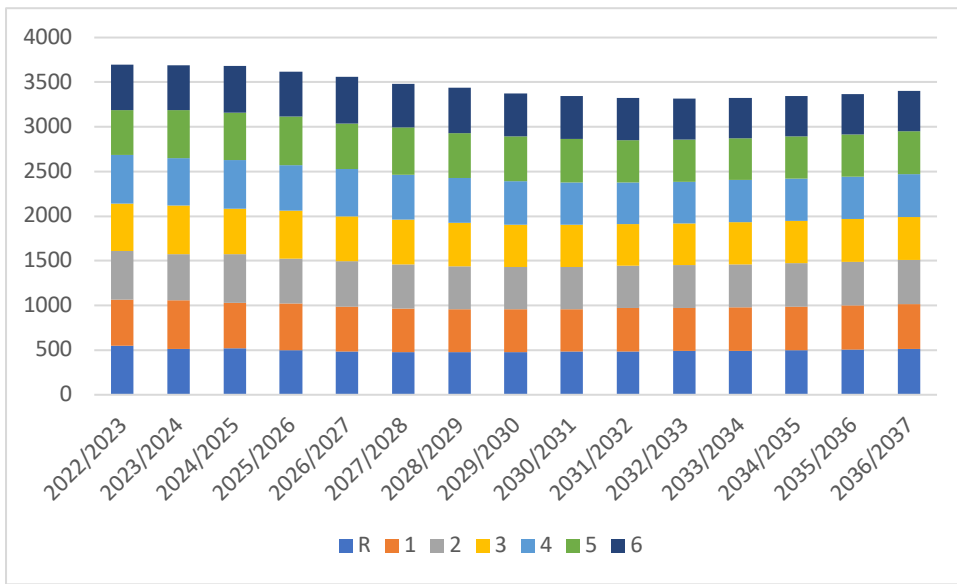
Surplus reception places are forecast to increase from 7% to 16% by 2029/30.

Figure 9.4.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Central Bromley



The table below shows the projected primary school population by national curriculum year group. Primary school rolls are projected to decrease by 320 (9%) by 2029/30.

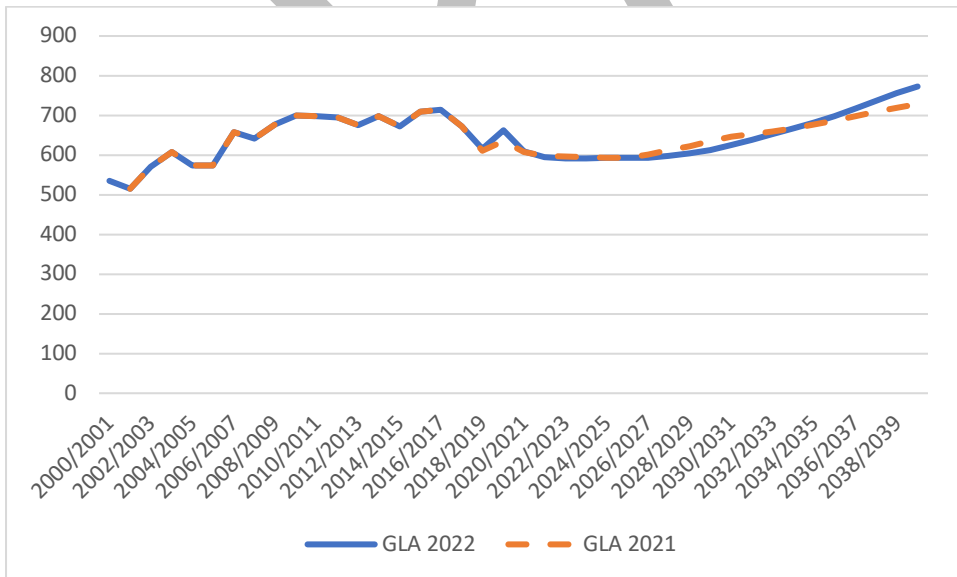
Figure 9.4.8: Primary school roll projections – Central Bromley



Demographics

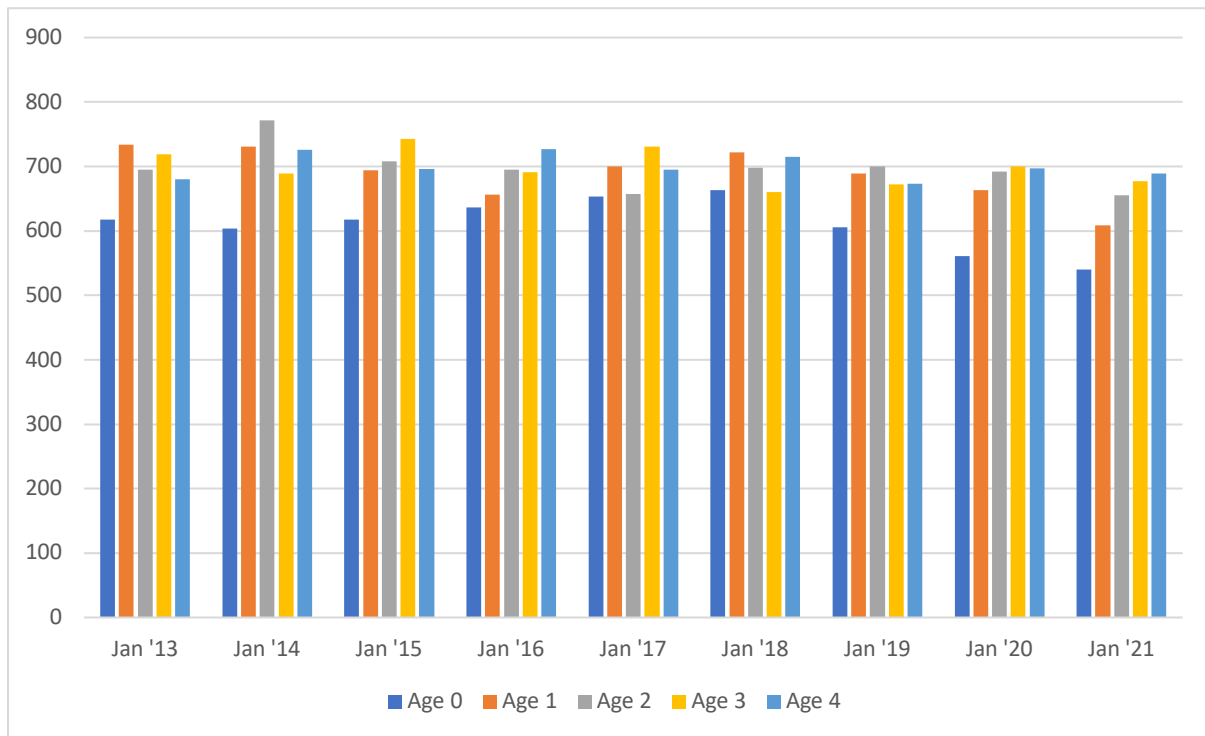
The 2022 GLA live birth projections show an increase from 591 in 2023/24 to 613 in 2029/30 and 773 in 2039/40.

Table 9.4.9: Live births – Central Bromley



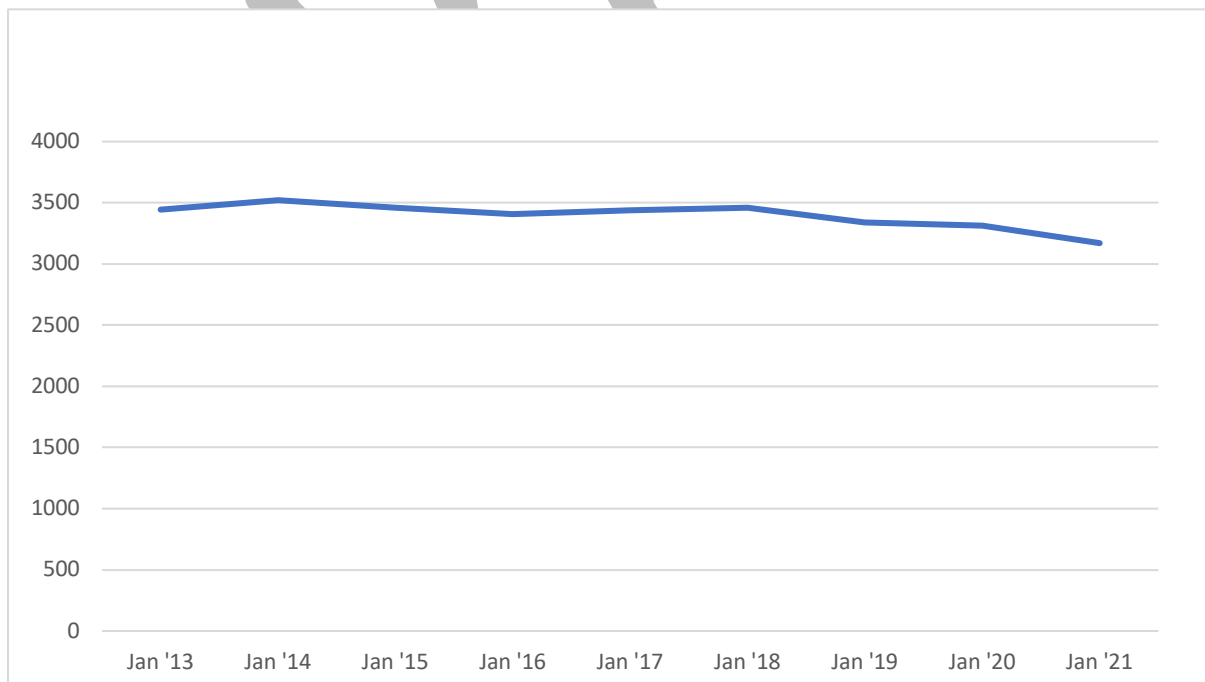
Between 2013 and 2021 GP registrations fell for all age 0-4 except for 4 years-olds.

Table 9.4.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Central Bromley



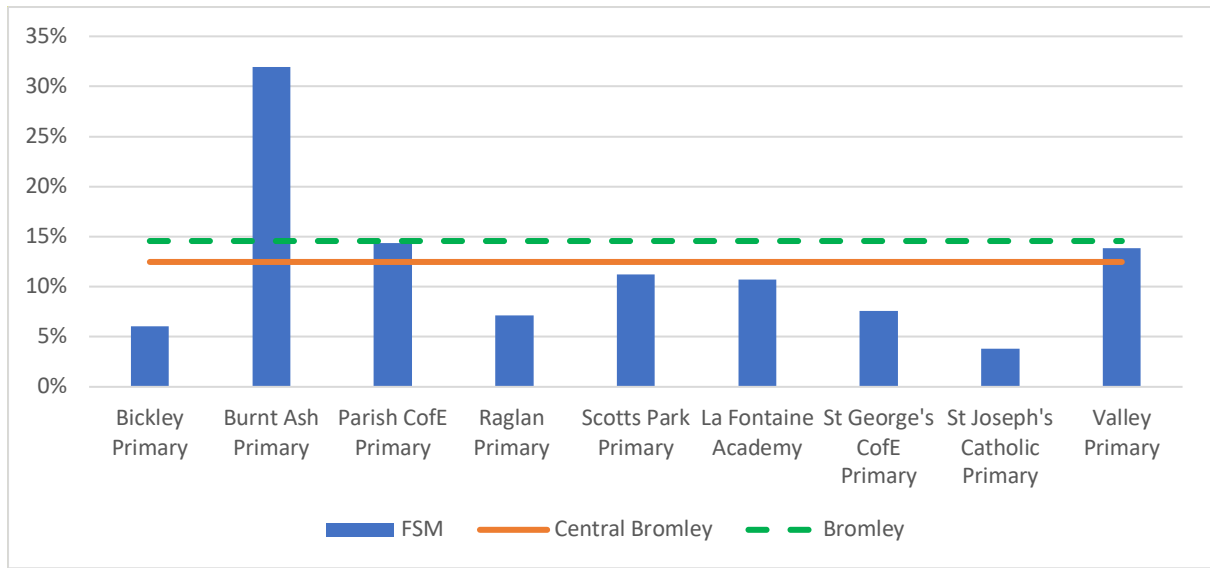
Across the 0-4 age group GP registrations fell by 275 or 8% between 2013 and 2021.

Table 9.4.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Central Bromley



Central Bromley has a lower eligibility rate (12%) for free school meals than for the whole of Bromley (15%). 32% of the pupils at Burnt Ash Primary School are eligible for free school meals.

Table 9.4.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Central Bromley



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9.5 Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll (Planning Area 5)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Bromley Common and Keston Ward
- Farnborough and Crofton Ward
- Petts Wood and Knoll Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Bishop Justus CofE School	Secondary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	23 January 2020
Crofton Infants School	Primary academy	Connect Schools Academy Trust	Outstanding	25 November 2021
Crofton Junior School	Primary academy	Connect Schools Academy Trust	Outstanding	7 February 2019
Darrick Wood Infant School	Primary academy	Chancery Education Trust	Outstanding	13 November 2009
Darrick Wood Junior School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	5 February 2019
Darrick Wood School	Secondary academy	Single academy trust	Good	16 January 2019
Farnborough Primary School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Outstanding	28 November 2012

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Keston CE Primary School	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	27 September 2018
Newstead Wood School	Girls' secondary academy (selective)	United Learning Trust	Outstanding	3 February 2022
Ravens Wood School	Secondary academy	Impact Multi Academy Trust	Good	26 April 2018
St James' Roman Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Outstanding	3 November 2021
Southborough Primary School	Foundation primary school (maintained)	Aspiration For All Co-operative Trust (AFACT)	Good	13 February 2020
Trinity Church of England Primary School	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	28 September 2017
Tubbenden Primary School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	28 November 2017

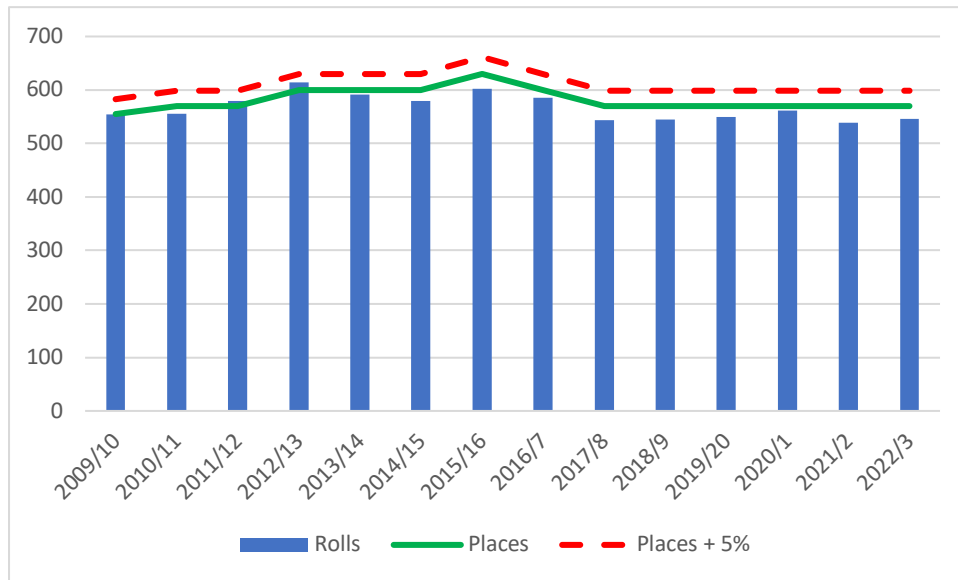
Under the proposed planning area changes set out within Appendix A, the planning area would, because of ward boundary changes, gain Raglan Primary School from planning area 4 and lose Keston CE Primary Area to planning area 3. For secondary place planning purposes, the primary planning area would be split between the proposed new secondary planning areas 1 & 2, with Bromley Common and Holwood Ward being in secondary planning area 1 and Farnborough and Crofton Ward and Petts Wood and Knoll in secondary planning area 2.

Following rising primary rolls during the last decade need has now dropped back. During this period there have been bulge classes at Keston, Trinity and Farnborough Primary Schools. Trinity CE Primary School has the capacity to expand to 3FE and planning consent to expand to 4FE. Bishop Justus has also expanded by 2FE adding 300 extra secondary school places.

School Rolls

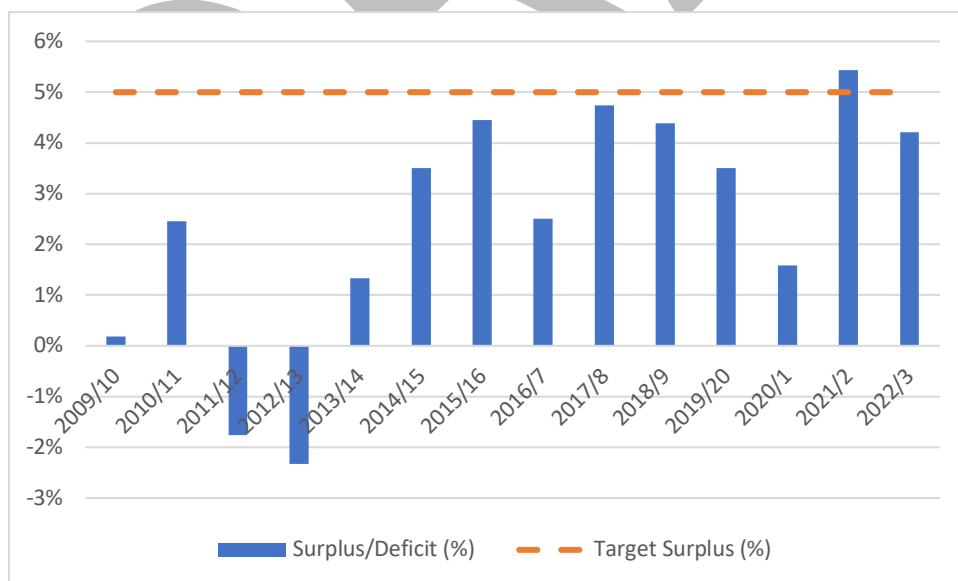
Reception year rolls rose from 554 to a peak of 614 in 2013 and now at 546 in 2022 are 1% lower than 2010.

Figure 9.5.1: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



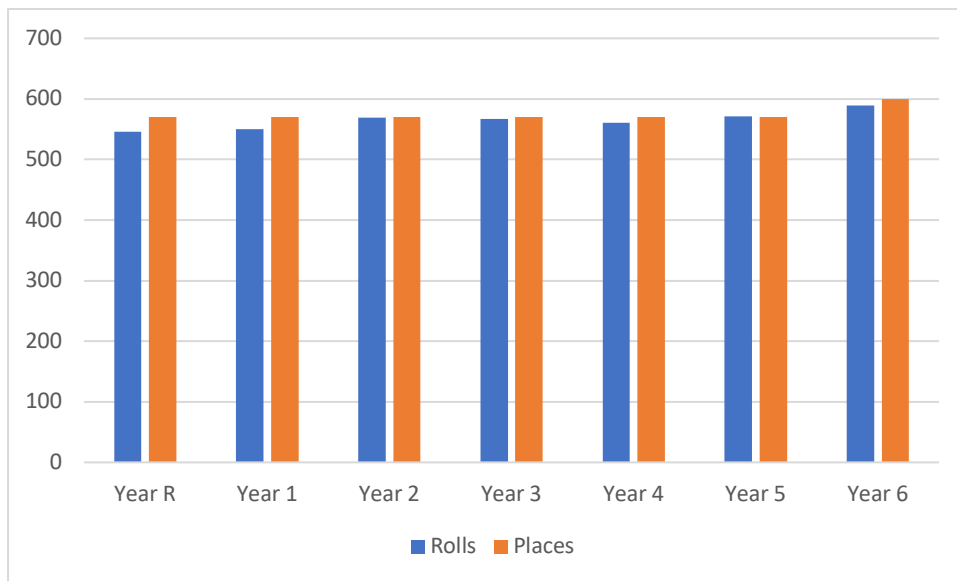
The table below indicates that Reception rolls and capacities are closely matched with the target surplus of 5% only exceeded in January 2022.

Figure 9.5.2: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



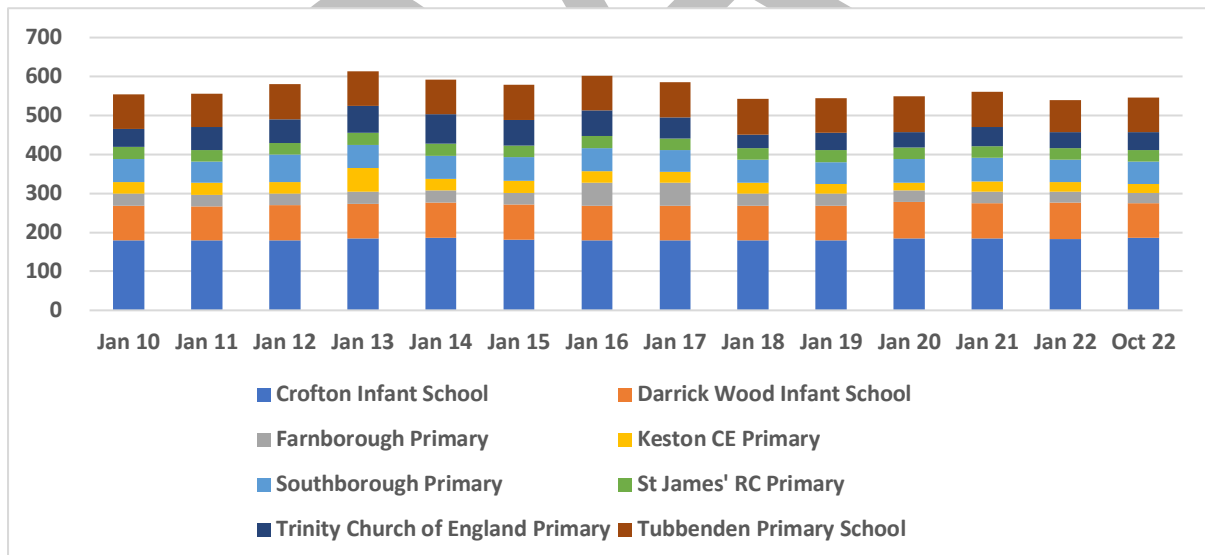
The table below demonstrates that there are more places than children on roll in each primary year group in 2022 except Year 5 where there is a 1 place deficit.

Table 9.5.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 - Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



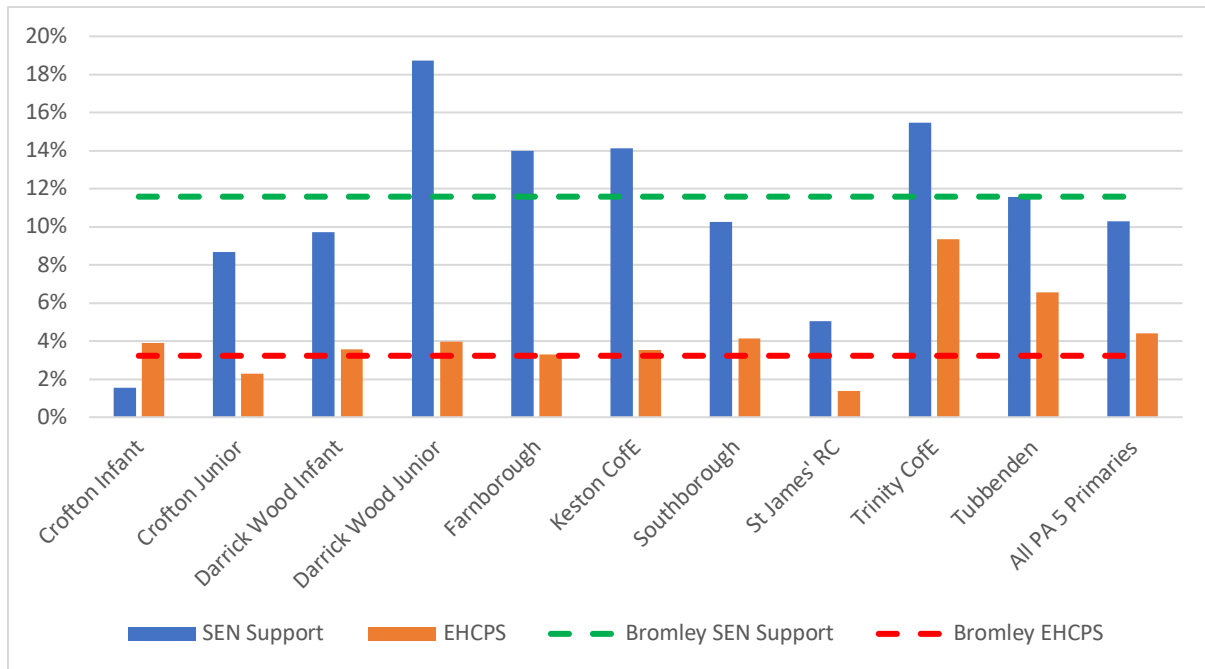
The table below provides details of the Reception year by school across each year from 2010 to 2022.

Table 9.5.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). The higher rates of EHCPs at Trinity CE Primary School and Tubbenden Primary School, at least in part, are explained by the additionally resourced provisions at those schools, although this trend is not reflected at Crofton Infant School. The proportion of pupils with SEN Support at Darrick Wood Junior School is over 50% higher than the borough average.

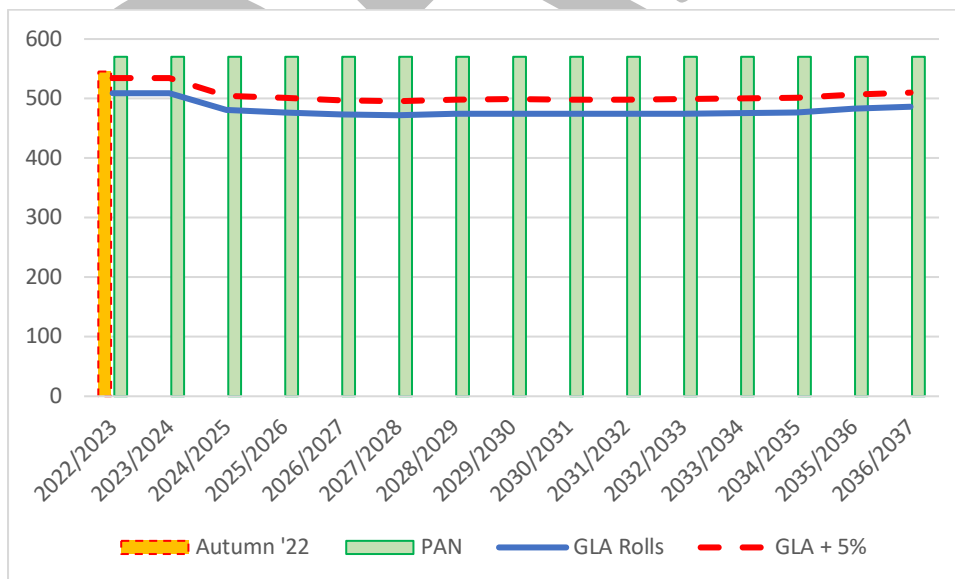
Table 9.5.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

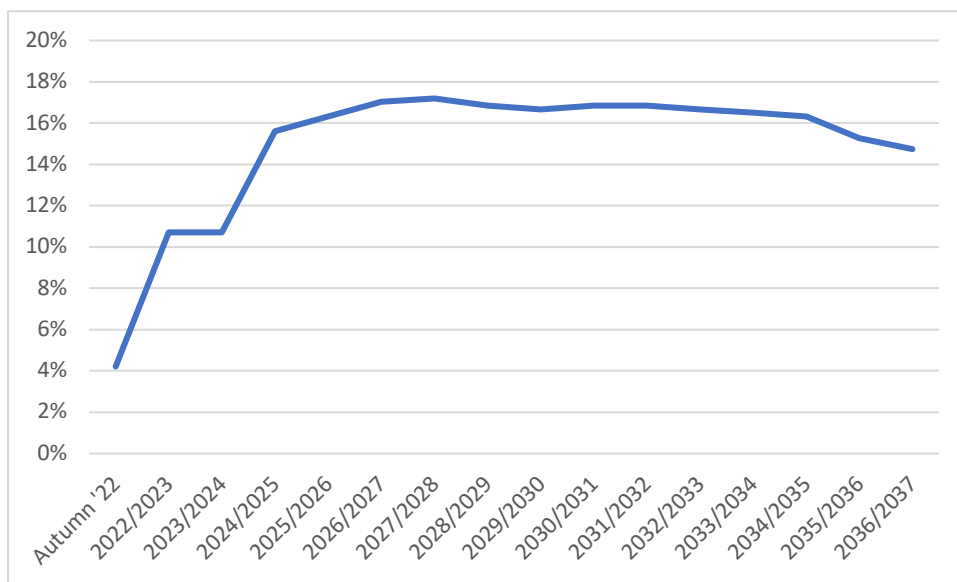
Reception year school rolls are projected to fall from 509 in 2022/23 to 475 in 2029/30, a reduction of 7%. School rolls in October 2022 are 36 higher than the 2022/23 forecast from the GLA 2022 projections.

Figure 9.5.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



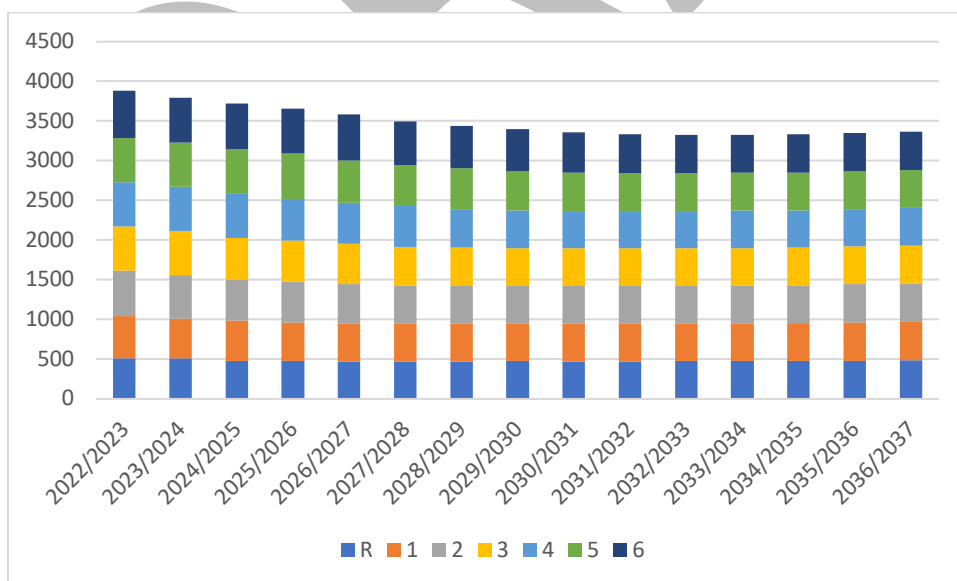
The table below indicates that surplus Reception places are forecast to increase from 24 places (4%) in 2022/23 to 95 (17%) 2029/30.

Figure 9.5.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



Primary School rolls across all year groups are projected to fall by 490, or 13% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

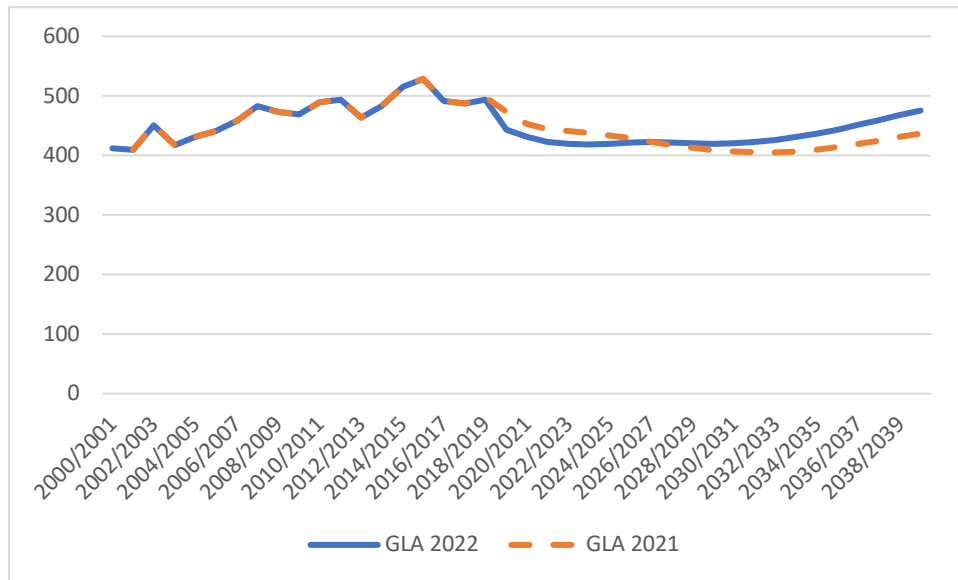
Figure 9.5.6: Primary school roll projections – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



Demographics

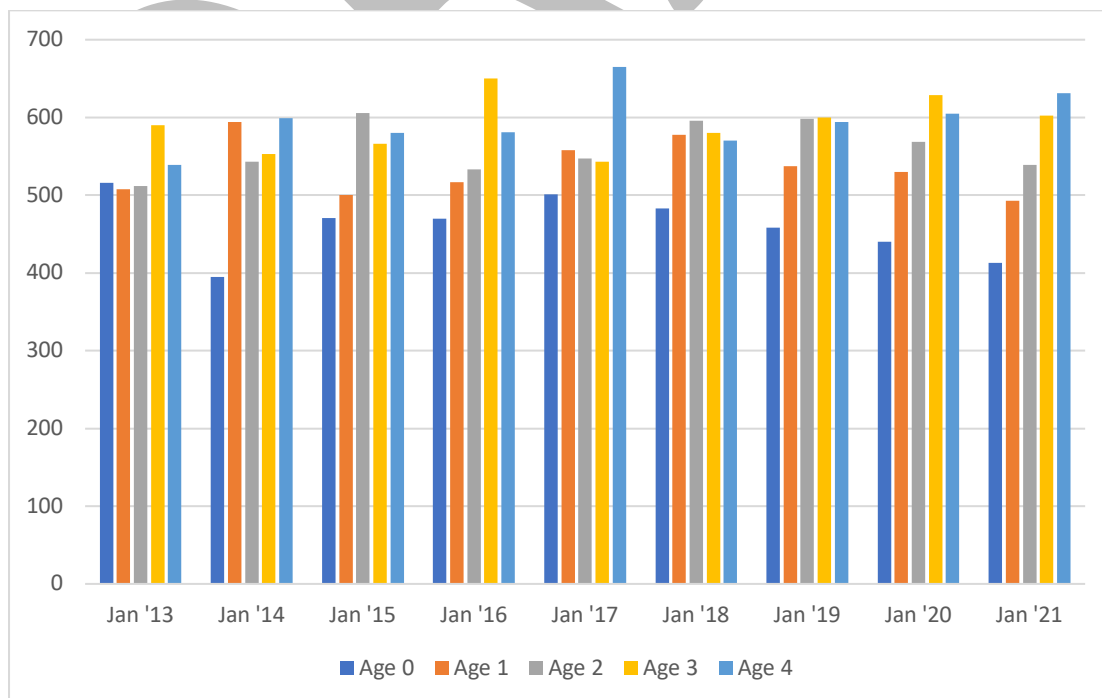
Live births are projected to remain static from 418 in 2023/24 across the next decade before increasing to 475 by 2039/40.

Table 9.5.7: Live births – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll 2000-40



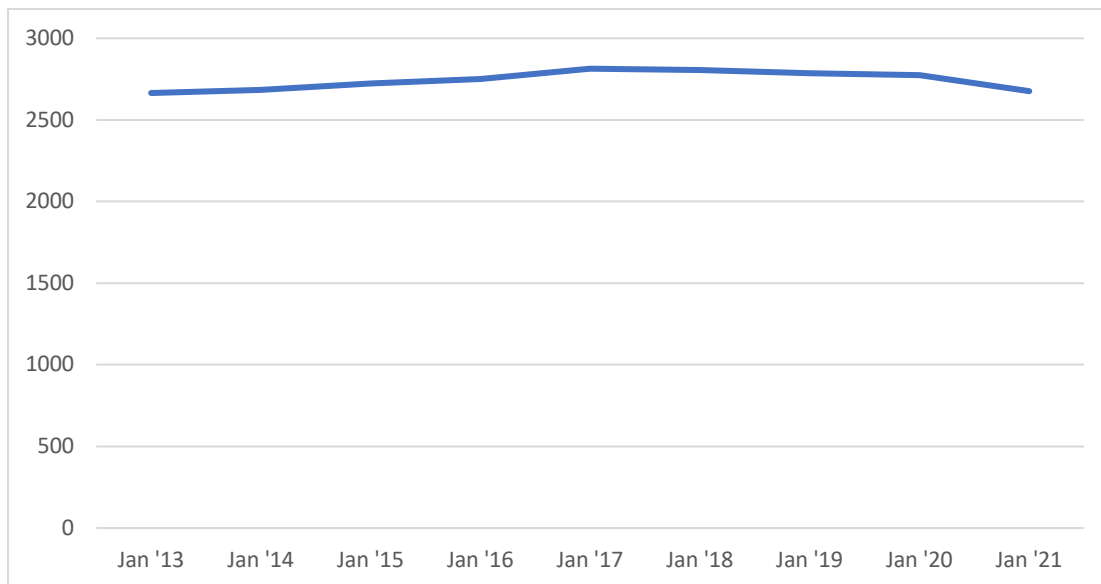
Between 2013 and 2021 GP registrations fell for 0 and 1 years-olds and increased for 2-, 3- and 4-year-olds.

Table 9.5.8: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



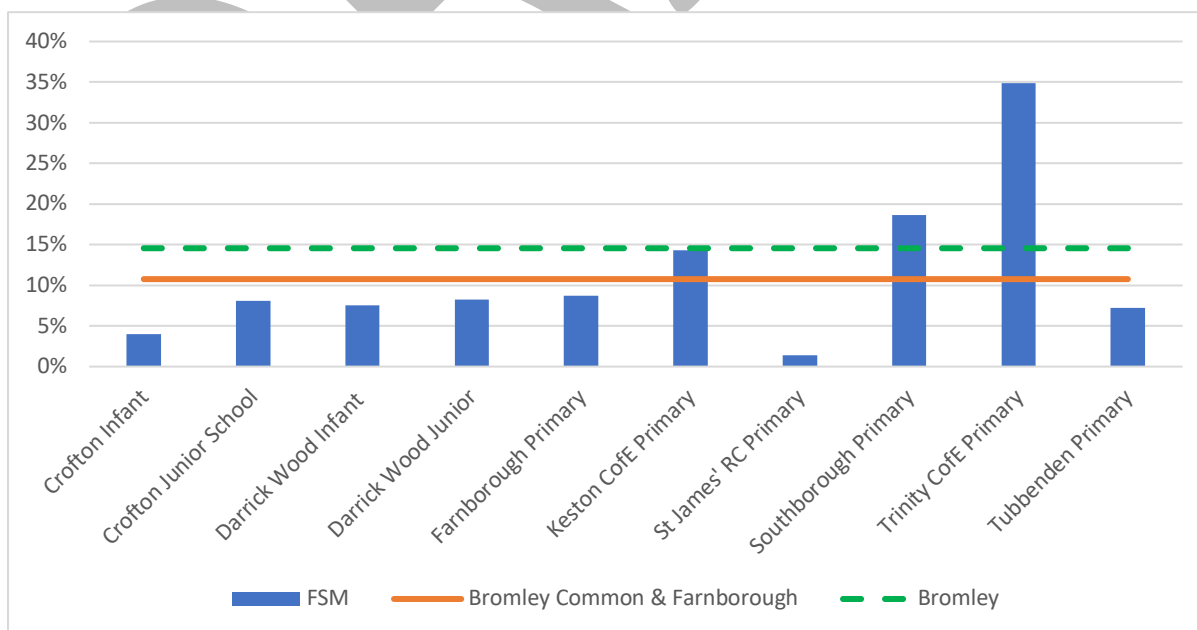
Across the 0-4 age groups GP registration rates were relatively stable with 13 more registrations in 2021 than 2013.

Table 9.5.9: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



The rate of eligibility for free school meals (11%) is lower in Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll than the Bromley average. 25% of pupils at Trinity CE Primary are eligible for free school meals.

Table 9.5.10: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Bromley Common and Keston, Farnborough and Crofton, Petts Wood and Knoll



9.6 Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North (Planning Area 6)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Chislehurst Ward
- Mottingham and Chislehurst North Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Chislehurst School for Girls	Secondary academy	Single academy trust	Good	13 December 2017
Coopers School	Secondary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	8 March 2018
Edgebury Primary School	Maintained (Foundation)	AFACT	Good	5 June 2018
Elmstead Wood Primary School	Primary academy	The Spring Partnership Trust	Good	13 February 2019
Marjorie McClure	Maintained Special School (Foundation) PD - Physical Disability	Foundation trust	Outstanding	30 January 2018
Mead Road Infant School	Primary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Outstanding	5 March 2009
Ravensworth Primary School	Primary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	17 July 2018
Red Hill Primary School	Primary academy	The Pioneer Academy	Good	28 February 2019
Redwood Academy	SEN Free School in pre-opening state	Rivermead Inclusive Trust		

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
St Nicholas Church of England Primary Academy	Primary academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	19 September 2017
St Peter and St Paul Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Good	22 November 2022
St Vincent's Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Good	4 November 2021

There are no changes proposed to Primary Planning Area 6 as part of the changes to planning areas outlined in Appendix A. The primary planning area is proposed to be located in its entirety within secondary planning area 2.

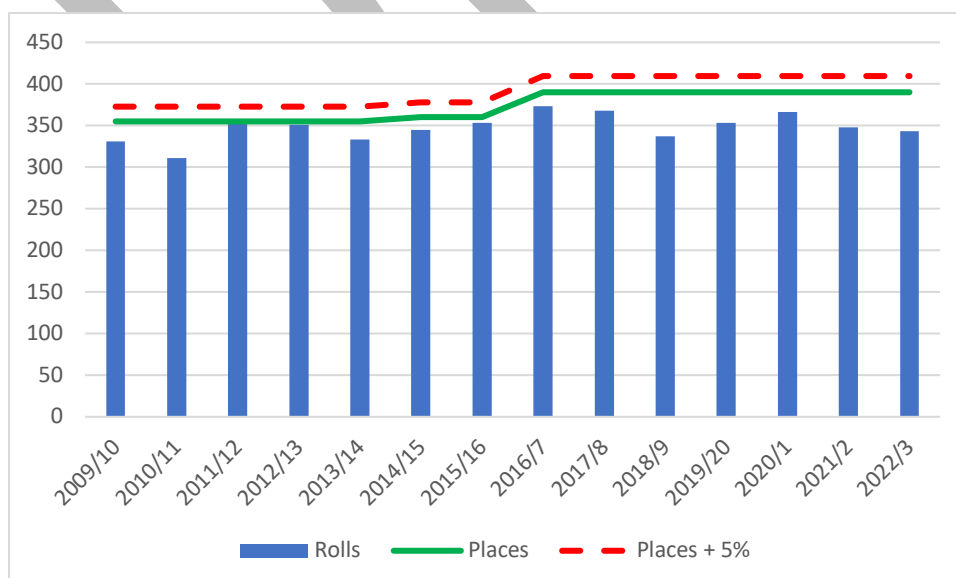
Between 2009/10 and 2020/21 school Reception rolls in Chislehurst have increased by just over a form of entry from 331 to 336. In 2016 Edgebury Primary School expanded from 1 to 2FE.

Marjorie McClure moved to its new site at Edgebury in April 2023.

School Rolls

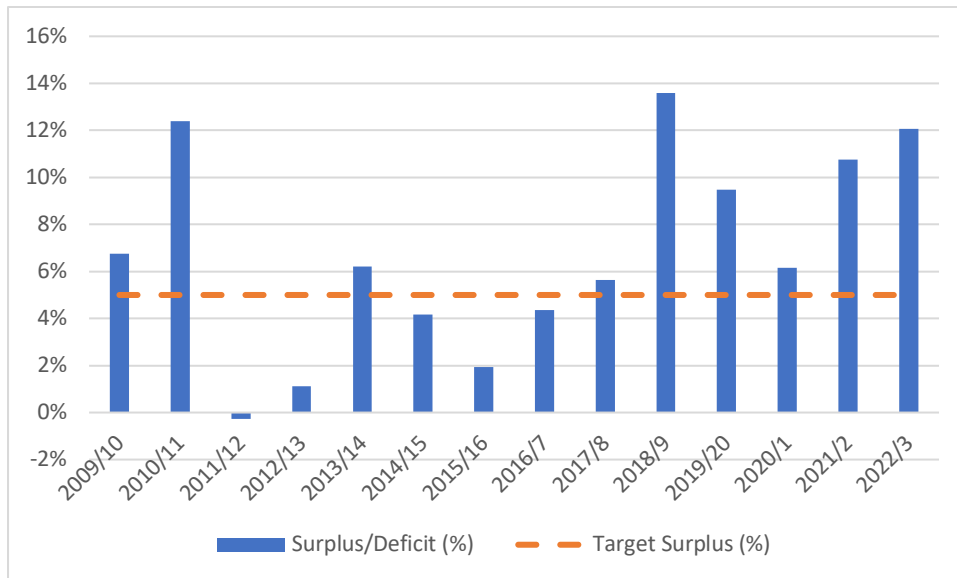
The table below compares Reception year school rolls and capacities. Reception rolls in Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North increased from 331 in 2010 to a peak of 368 in 2018 and are currently 343.

Figure 9.6.1: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-23 – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



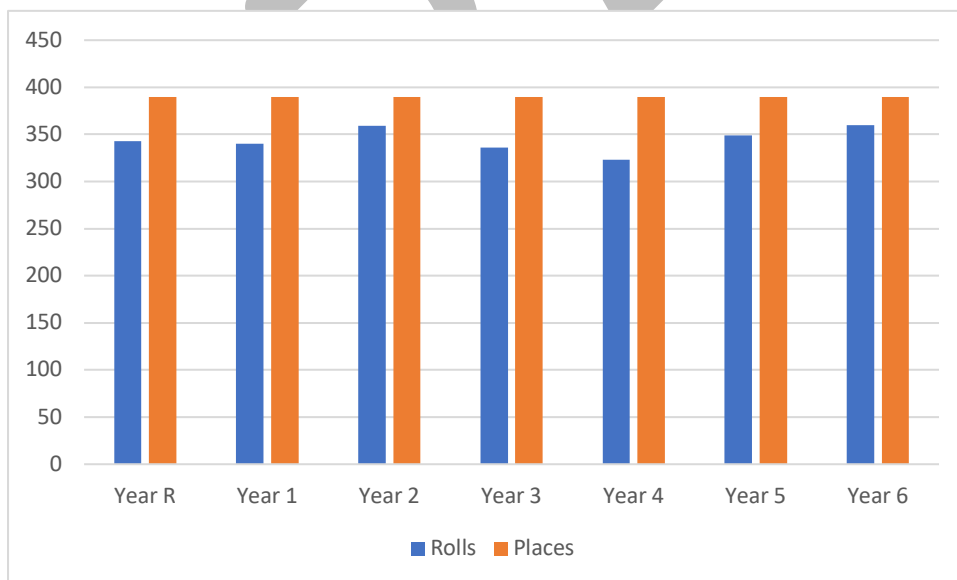
The table below indicates that in 7 out of 13 years, surplus Reception year capacity has been above the Council’s planning target, including the last four years.

Figure 9.6.2: School rolls and capacities 2010-23 – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



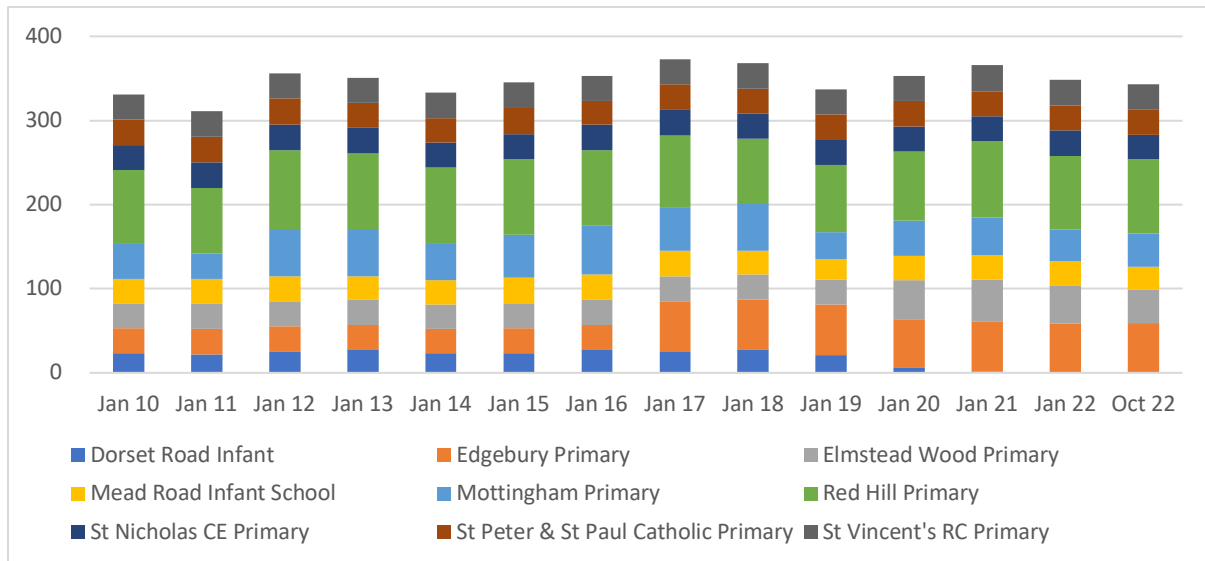
In all primary year groups in 2022 there are more places than pupils on roll.

Table 9.6.3 School rolls by primary year group Autumn 2022 – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



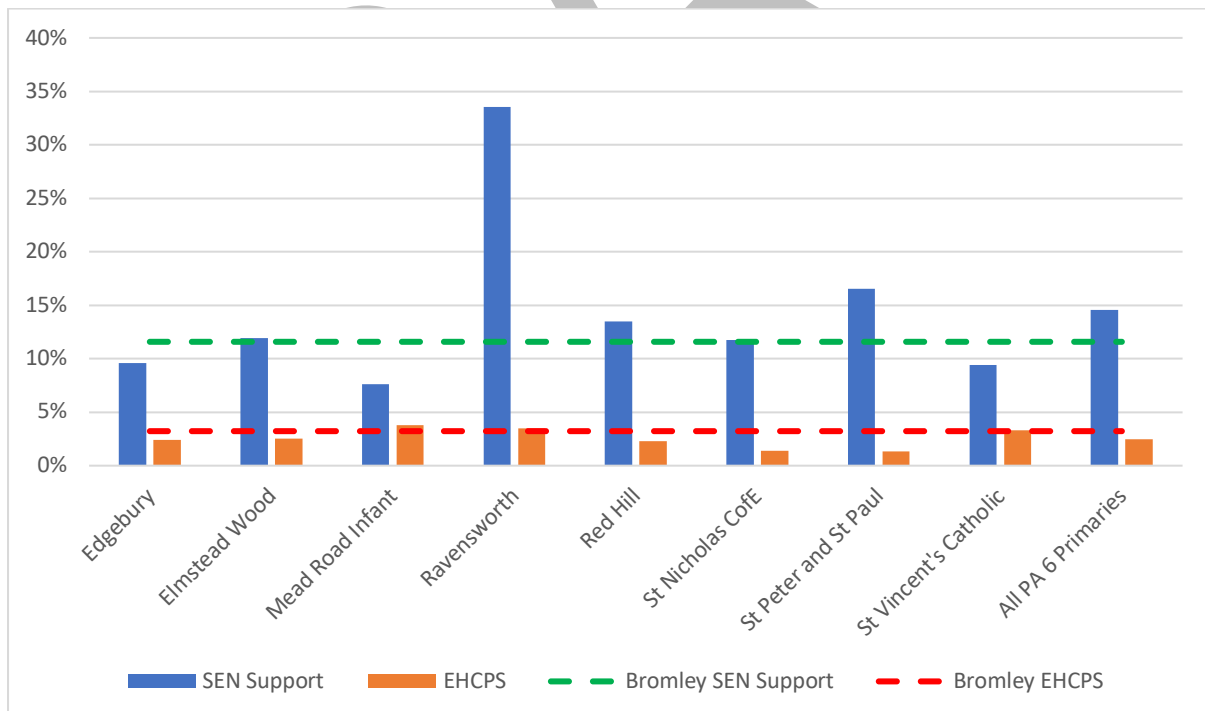
The table below shows reception rolls for school schools for each year from 2010 to 2022. Over this period Reception rolls have increased by 4%.

Table 9.6.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). Of particular note is that a third of pupils at Ravensworth Primary School are in receipt of SEN Support.

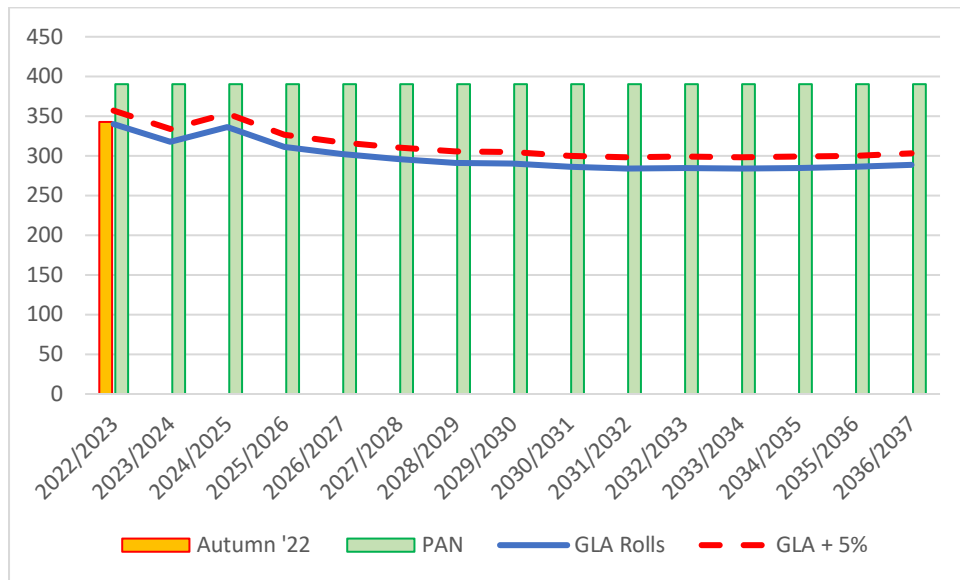
Table 9.6.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

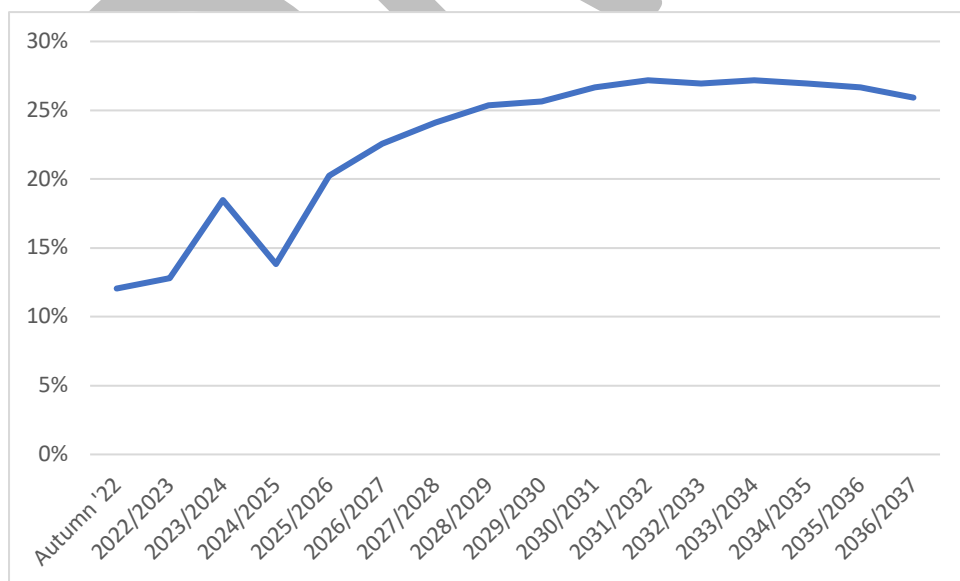
The need for Reception year places in Chislehurst is projected to decrease by 53 places or 15% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

Figure 9.6.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



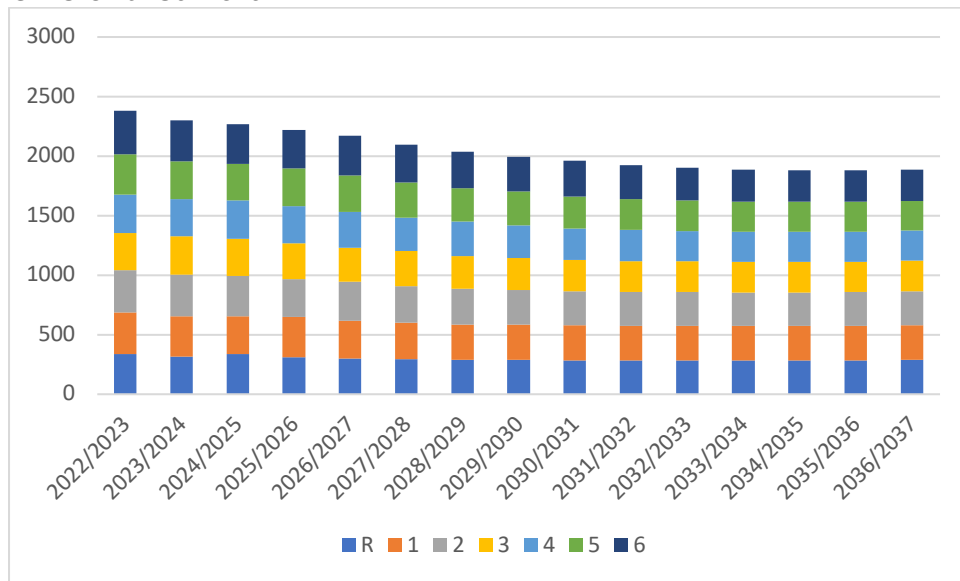
Surplus Reception places are forecast to increase from 47 (12%) in Autumn 2022 to 100 (26%) in 2029/30.

Figure 9.6.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



Across all primary year groups, the number of pupils on roll is projected to decrease by 386 or 16% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

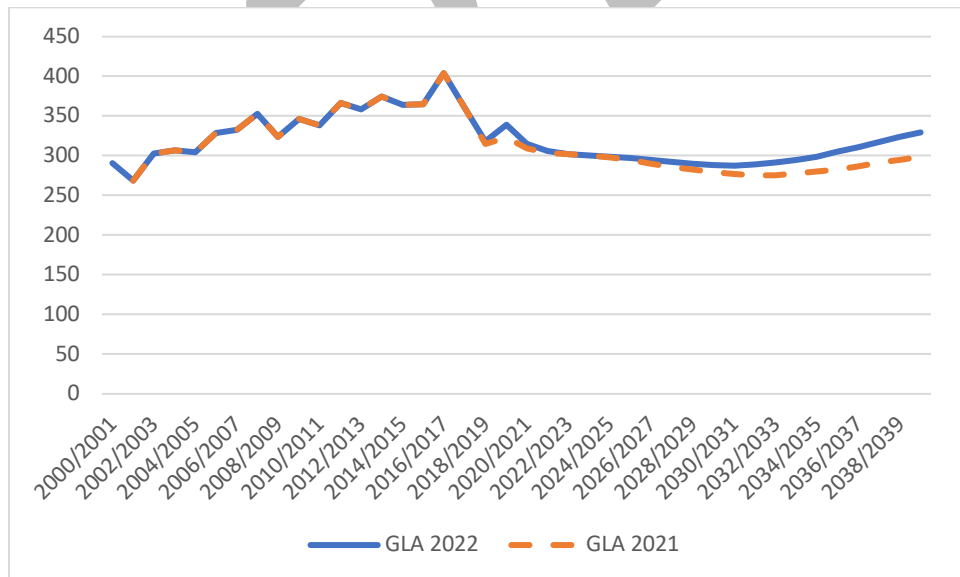
Figure 9.6.8: Primary school roll projections – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



Demographics

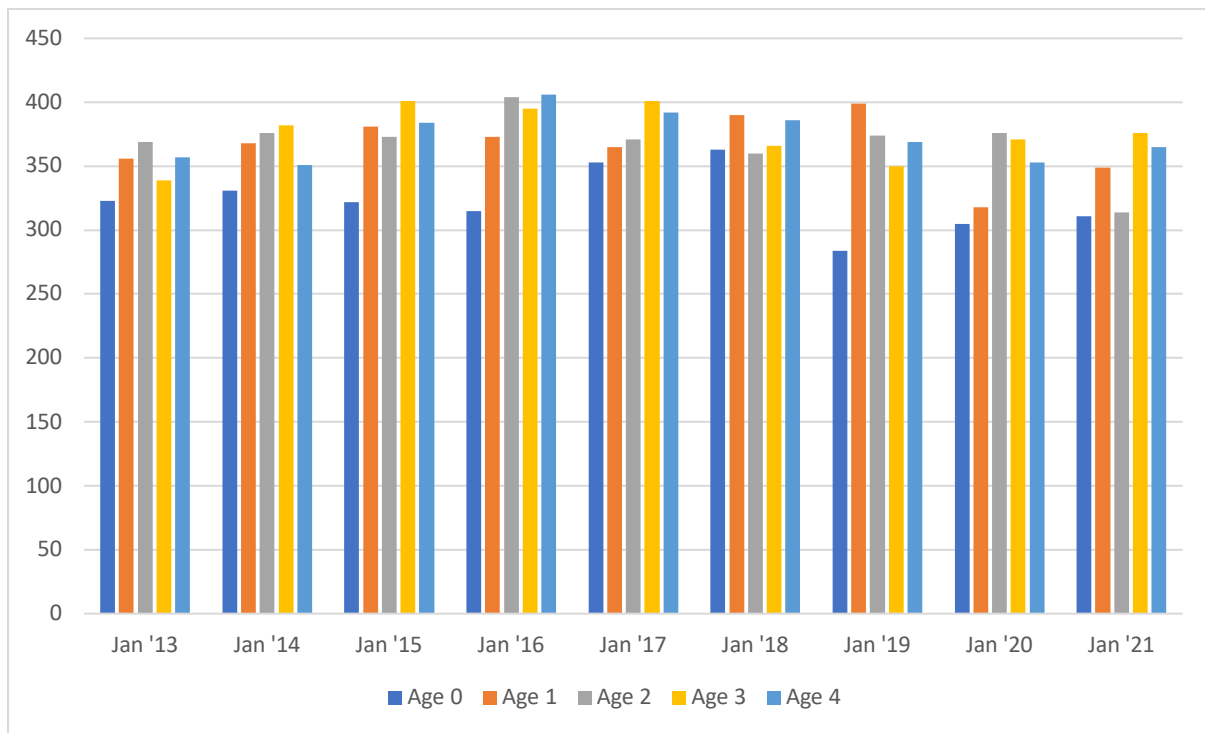
Live births are projected to fall from 300 in 2023/24 to 288 in 2029/30, before increasing to 330 in 2039/40.

Table 9.6.9: Live births – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North 2000-40



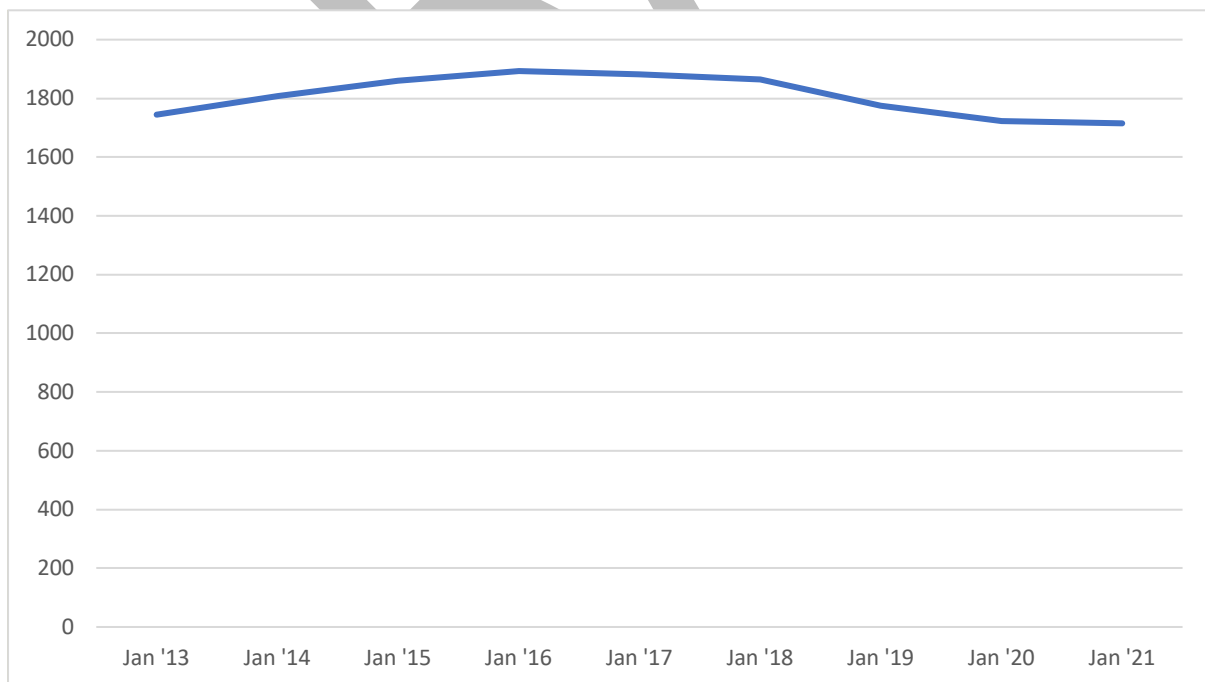
Between 2013 and 2021 GP registration fell for 0-, 1- and 2-year-olds and increased for 3 and 4-year-olds.

Table 9.6.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



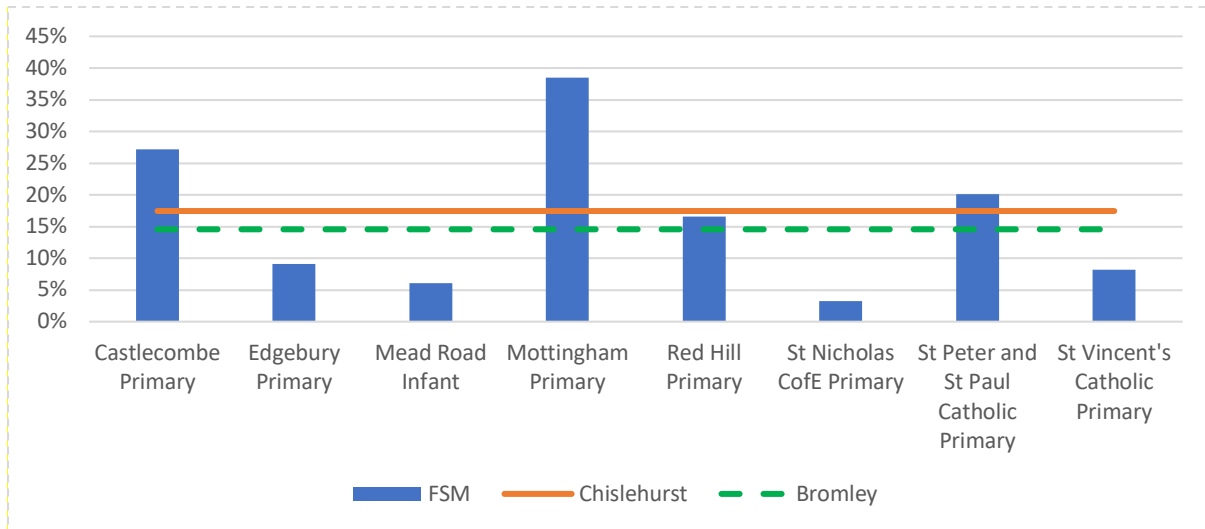
There were 29 fewer GP registrations in 2021 compared with 2013, a reduction of 2%.

Table 9.6.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



At 17%, Chislehurst's free school eligibility rate is slightly above Bromley's 15%. Ravensworth Primary School has an eligibility rate of 38%.

Table 9.6.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Chislehurst, Mottingham and Chislehurst North



DRAFT

9.7 Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West (Planning Area 7)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Cray Valley East Ward
- Cray Valley West Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Bromley Trust Alternative Provision Academy (Midfield site)	Academy sponsored pupil referral unit (primary aged)	London South East Academies Trust	Good	20 September 2017
Gray's Farm Primary School	Primary academy	The Kemnal Academies Trust (TKAT)	Good	16 June 2021
Kemnal Technology College	Secondary academy	The Kemnal Academies Trust (TKAT)	Requires Improvement	22 June 2022
Leesons Primary School	Primary academy	The Spring Partnership Trust	Requires Improvement	30 November 2022
Manor Oak Primary School	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Good	30 November 2016
Midfield Primary School	Primary academy	The Spring Partnership Trust	Outstanding	17 November 2017
Perry Hall Primary	Primary academy	Nexus Education Schools Trust (NEST)	Outstanding	23 November 2011
Poverest Primary	Foundation primary school (maintained)	Aspiration For All Co-operative Trust (AFACT)	Good	18 September 2018

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Riverside School (St Paul's Cray site)	Community special school. (ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder, SLD - Severe Learning Difficulty and PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulty)	Community	Outstanding	1 May 2019
St Mary Cray Primary	Primary academy	The Spring Partnership Trust	Good	27 September 2017
St Paul's Cray Church of England Primary School	Primary academy	Amadeus Primary Academies Trust	Requires Improvement	1 July 2016
St Philomena's Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Good	19 September 2017

Under the proposed changes to planning areas set out in Appendix A Planning Area 7 would see Harris Primary Academy Orpington added to the planning area, now being part of the new St Mary Cray Ward. The whole of the primary planning area would be within secondary planning area 2.

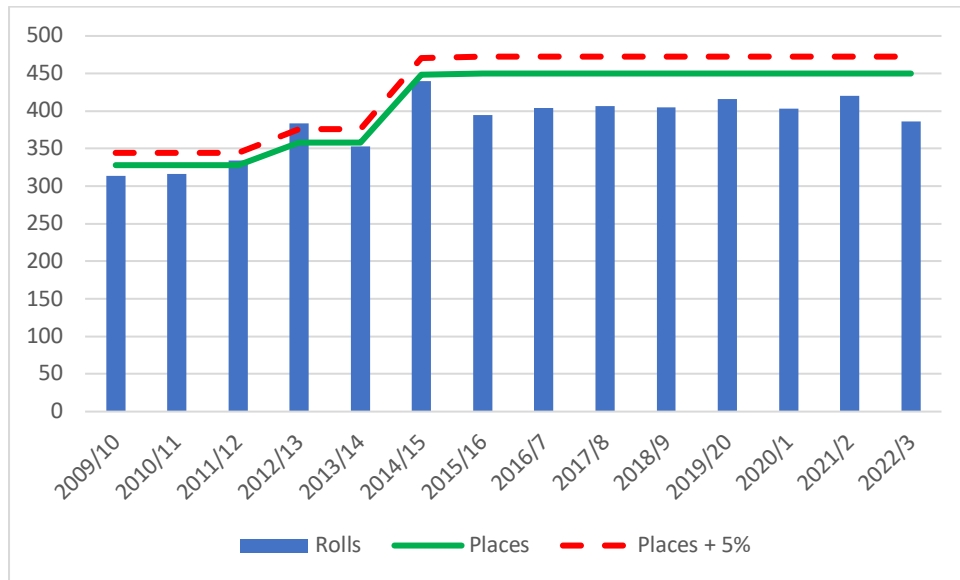
Cray Valley saw an increase in Reception rolls during past increasing from 314 in 2010 to 440 in 2014/15, an increase of 40%. However, since then rolls have fluctuated. Four primary schools permanently expanded locally to meet need:

- Leeson's Primary School
- Midfield Primary School
- Poverest Primary School
- St Paul Cray CE Primary School

School rolls

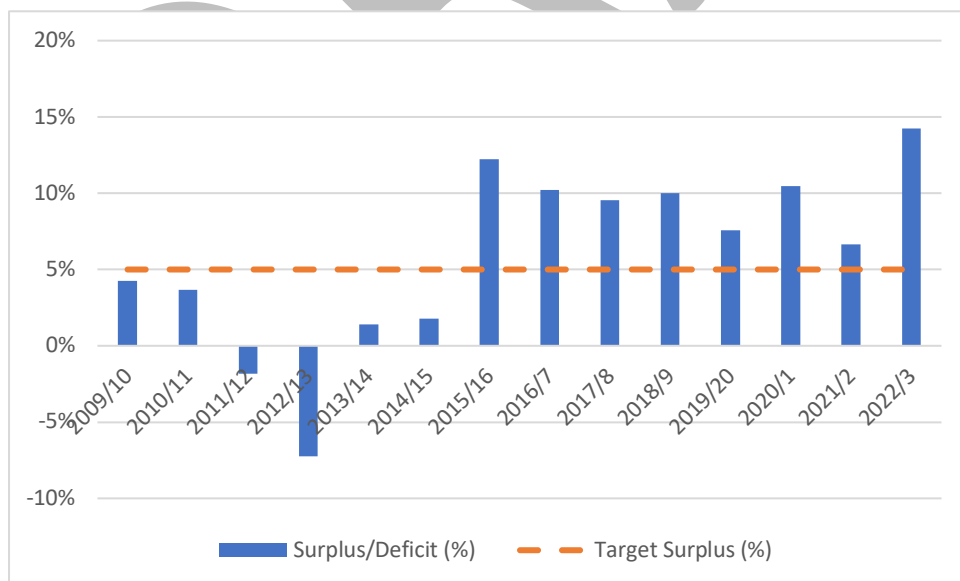
Reception school rolls increased from 314 to a peak of 440 in 2015. Rolls are currently 386, a decrease of 12% on 2015 but are still 23% higher than in 2010.

Figure 9.7.1: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-23 – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



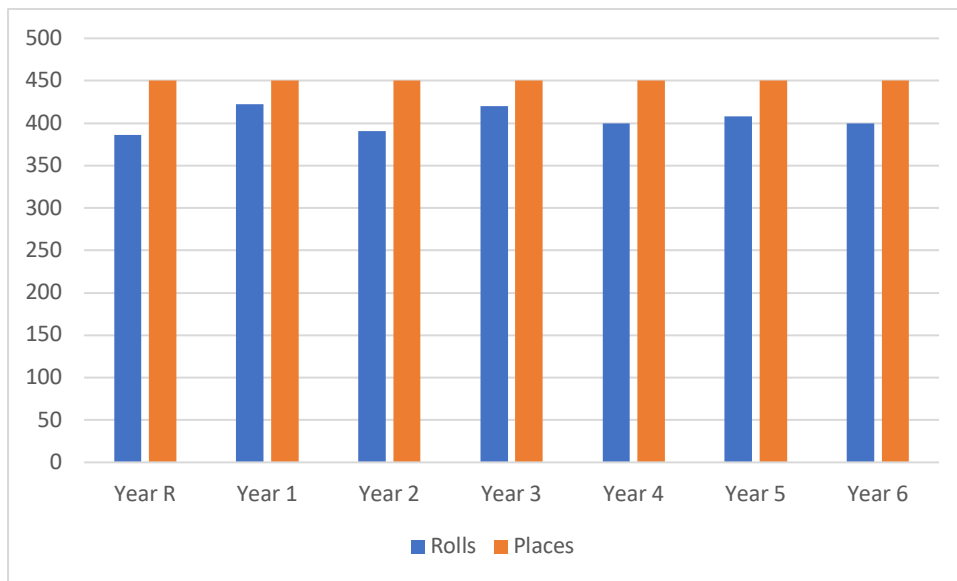
Since 2016 Reception rolls have been over the target capacity of 5%, with a 14% surplus capacity in October 2022.

Figure 9.7.2: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-23 – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



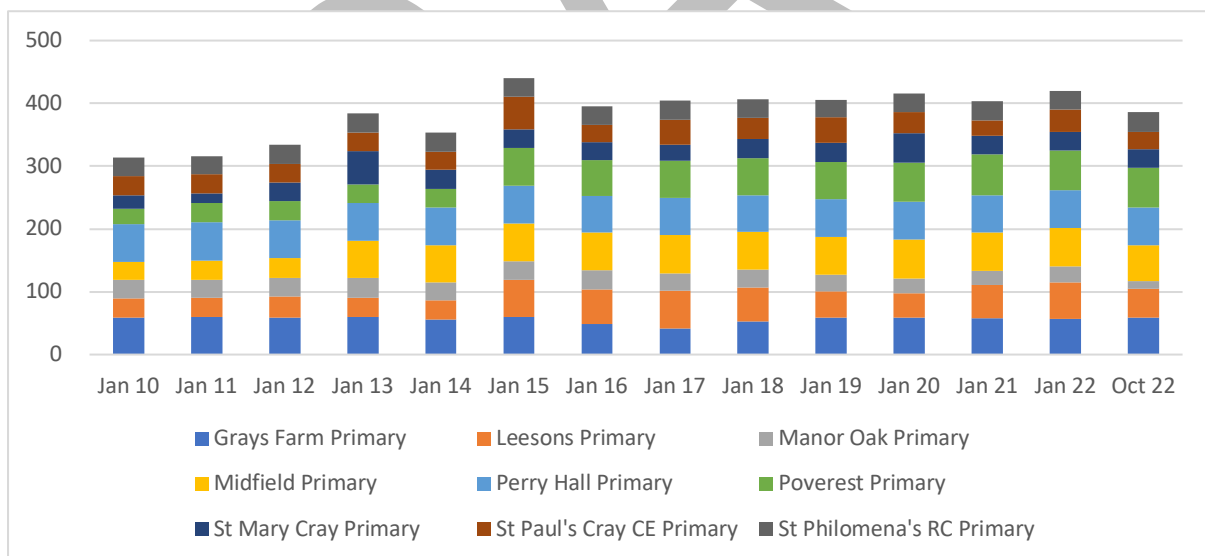
In Autumn 2022 there is surplus capacity in all primary year groups.

Table 9.7.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 - Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



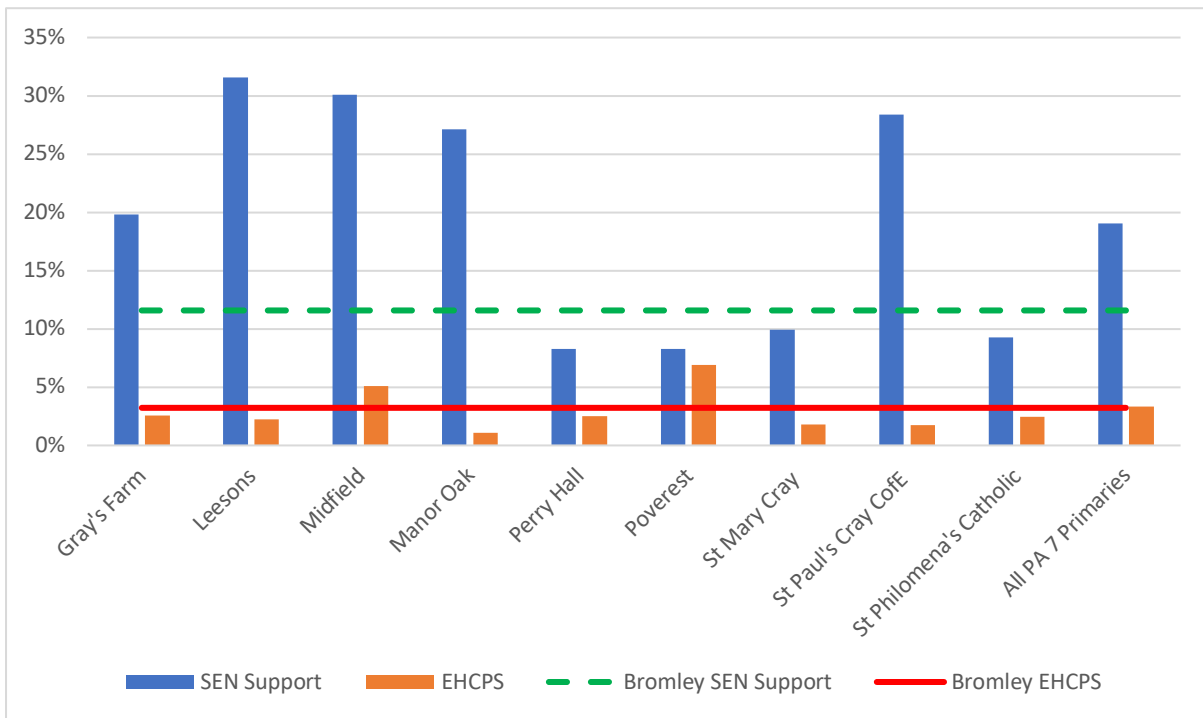
The table below shows Reception year rolls since 2010 by school. In October 2022 there are 72 more pupils in Reception at a local primary school than in 2010.

Table 9.7.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). The table shows that there is a much higher proportion of pupils in receipt of SEN support in the planning area than borough wide. Four schools have over a quarter of their pupils in receipt of SEN Support. The proportion of pupils in receipt of an EHCP is similar to the borough average. Midfield and Poverest have higher rates of pupils with EHCPs, but both schools have SEN additionally resourced provisions.

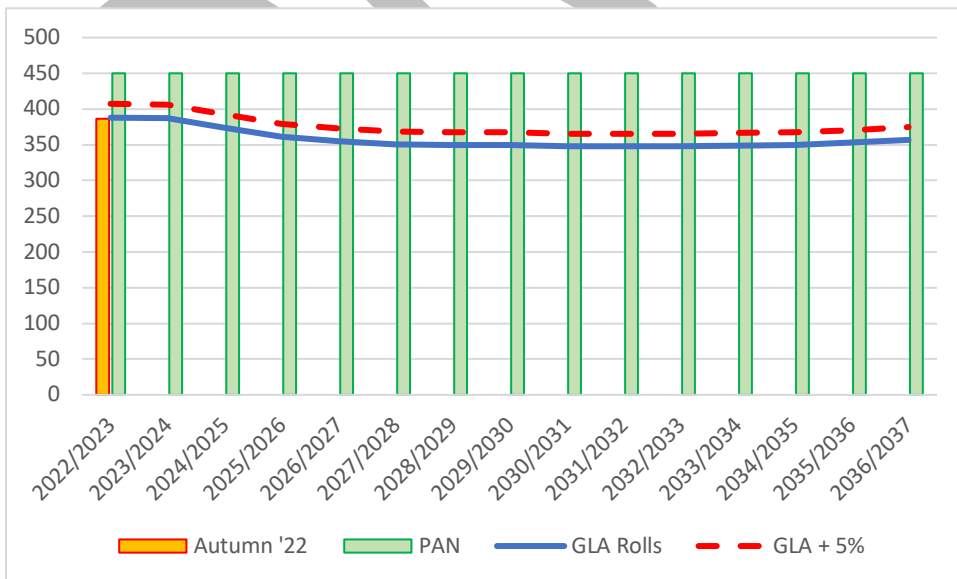
Table 9.7.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

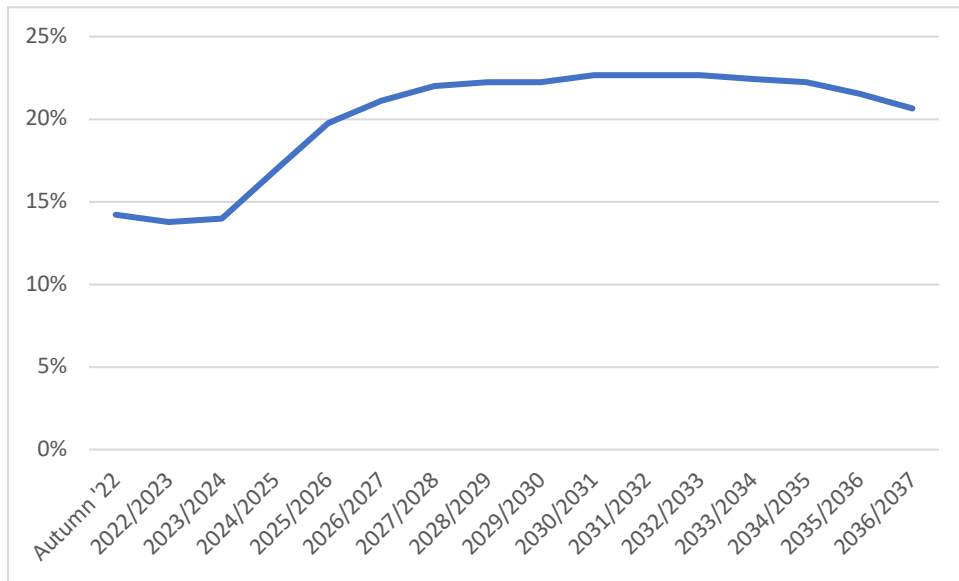
The need for Reception places is projected to fall by 33, or 10% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

Figure 9.7.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



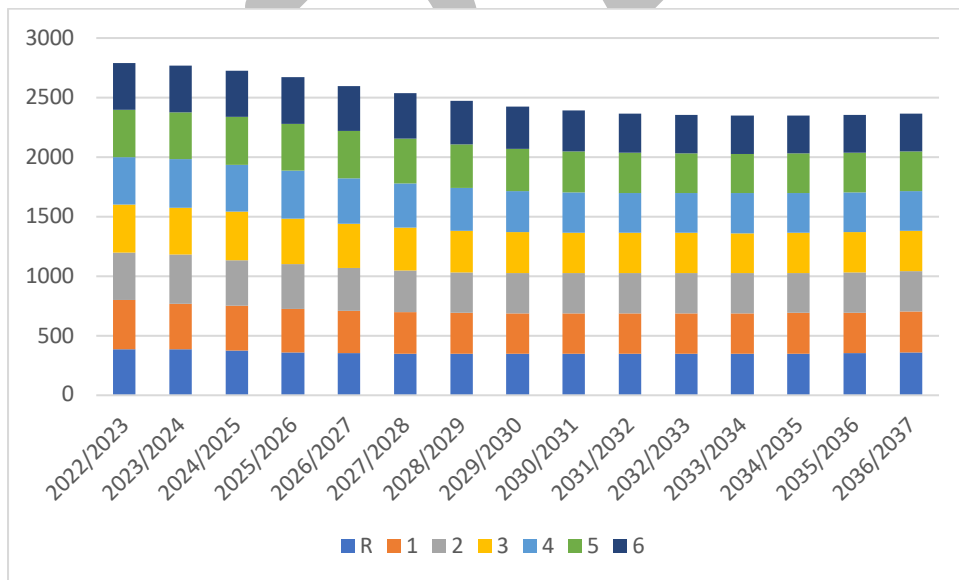
The number of surplus reception places is forecast to increase from 64 (14%) to 100 (22%) by 2029/30.

Figure 9.7.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



School rolls across all primary years are projected to fall by 365 or 13% between 2022/23 and 2029/30.

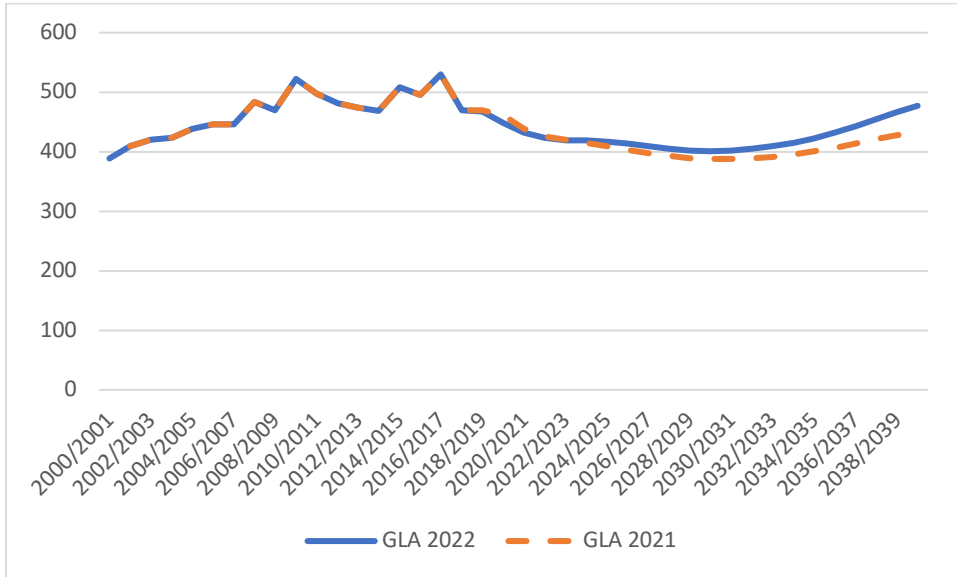
Figure 9.7.8: Primary school roll projections – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



Demographics

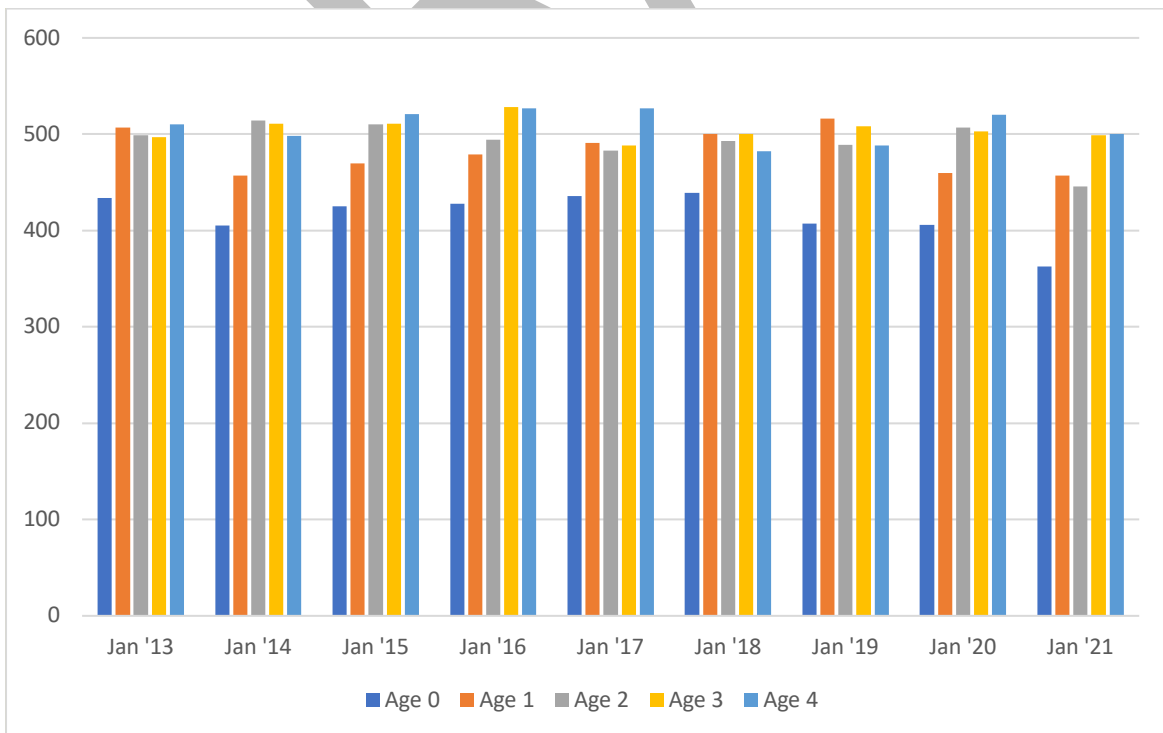
Live births are projected to fall from 419 in 2022/23 to 401 in 2029/30, before increasing to 478 in 2039/40.

Table 9.7.9: Live births – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West 2000-40



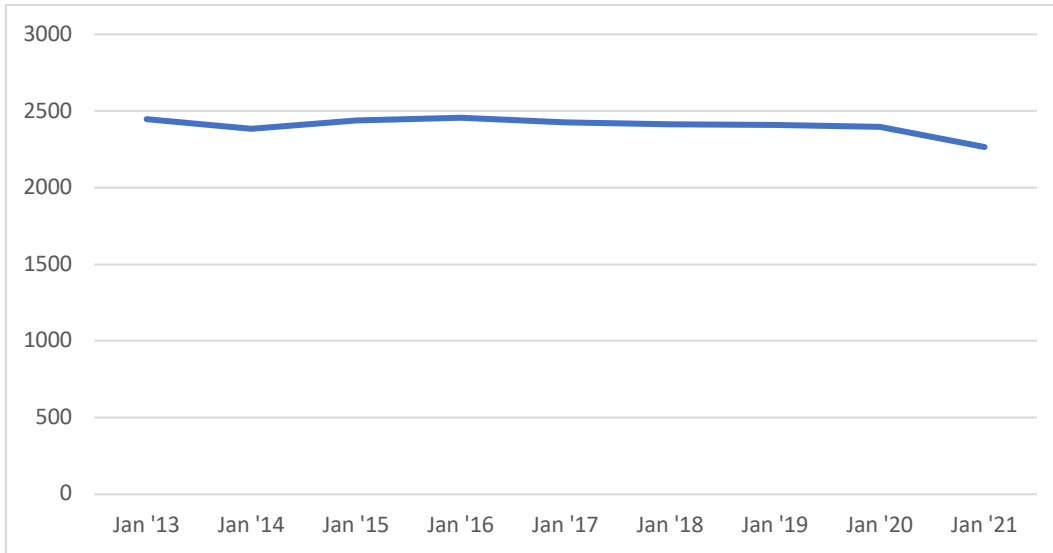
GP registrations fell for all age groups between 2013 and 2021 with the exception of 3-year-olds.

Table 9.7.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



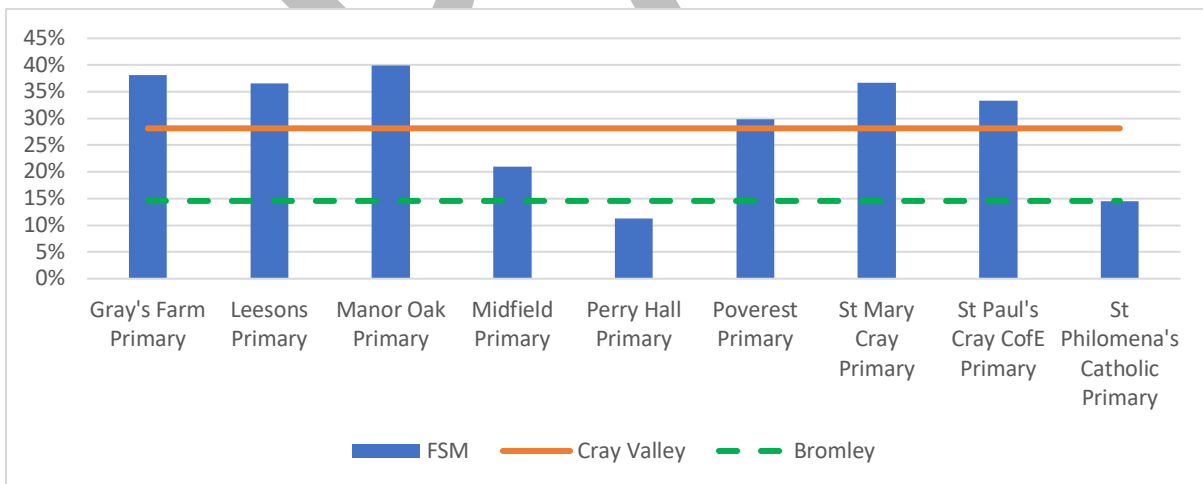
There were 182 fewer GP registrations in 2021 compared with 2013, a reduction of 182 or 7%.

Table 9.7.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



At 28% eligibility for free school meals, Cray Valley’s eligibility rate is nearly double the Bromley average. 40% of pupils at Manor Oak Primary School are eligible for free school meals, the highest rate in Bromley.

Table 9.7.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Cray Valley East, Cray Valley West



9.8 Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington (Planning Area 8)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom Ward
- Orpington Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Bromley Beacon Academy (Orpington site)	Academy special School – (SEMH - Social, Emotional and Mental Health)	London South East Academies Trust	Good	17 January 2019
Blenheim Primary School	Primary academy	E21C (Education for the 21 st Century)	Good	6 November 2019
Chelsfield Primary School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	19 March 2019
Green Street Green Primary School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	1 November 2018
Harris Academy Orpington	Secondary academy	Harris Federation	Requires Improvement	26 June 2019
Harris Orpington Primary Academy	Primary academy	Harris Federation	Good	10 July 2019
Holy Innocents Catholic Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Good	18 October 2017

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Pratts Bottom Primary School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	13 February 2019
St Olave's and St Saviour's Grammar School	Voluntary aided selective secondary school	St Olave's and St Saviour's Grammar School	Outstanding	7 March 2014
The Highway Primary School	Primary academy	South Orpington Learning Alliance (SOLA)	Good	6 December 2018
Warren Road Primary School	Primary academy	Single academy trust	Outstanding	14 December 2022

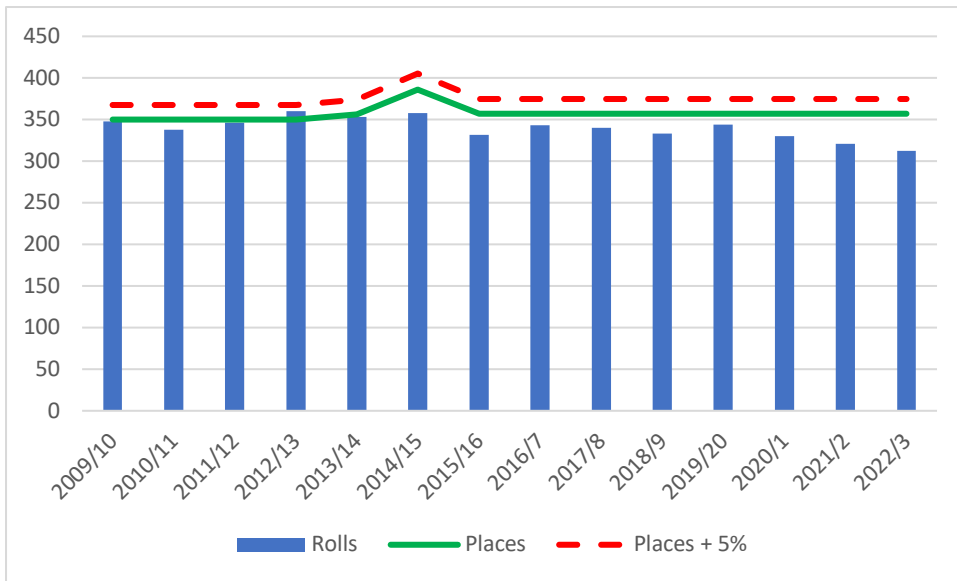
Orpington has not experienced any significant growth in the need for school places over the past decade and the current projections indicate a reducing need for primary places in future years.

As detailed in Appendix A, there have been changes to local ward boundaries that affect local schools. If Bromley's proposed amendments to planning area are accepted Harris Primary Academy Orpington will move in Planning Area 7 and Pratts Bottom Primary School will move to Planning Area 9. For secondary place planning purposes, the whole planning area is proposed to be in secondary planning area 2.

School rolls

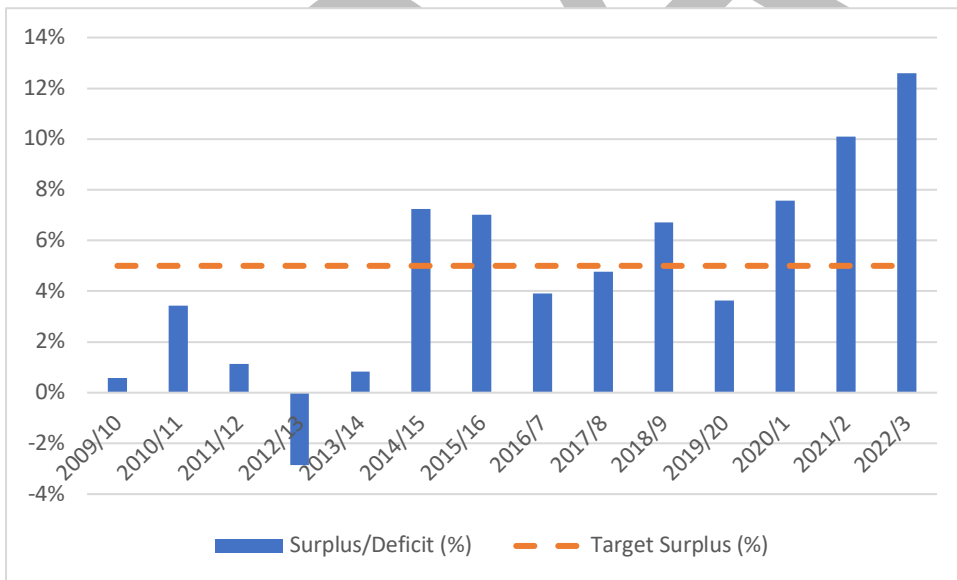
Reception year rolls in Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom and Orpington have been relatively stable across the period 2010-2022 with a peak of 358 in 2015 and a low of 312 in October 2022.

Figure 9.8.1: Reception year rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



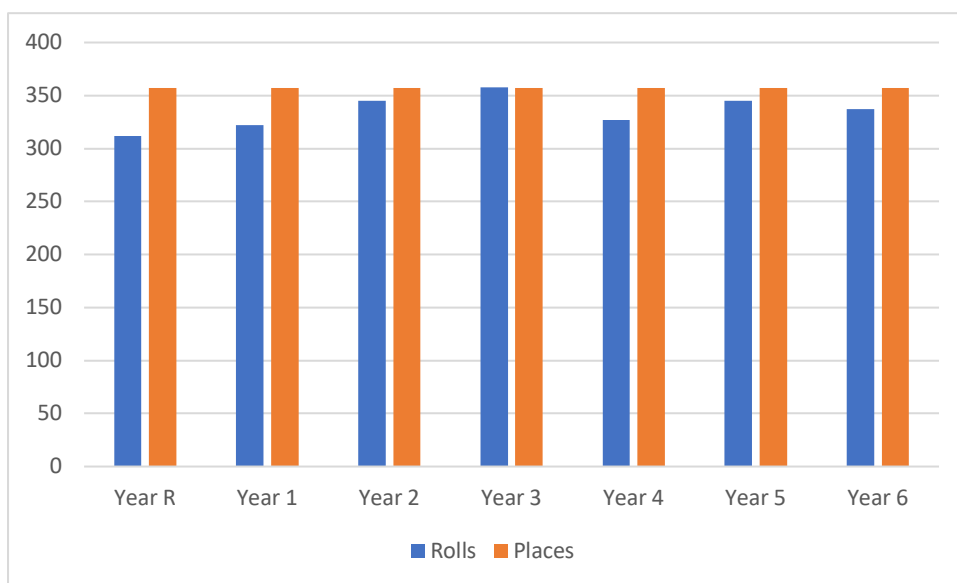
The area has had more than the planned 5% surplus for Reception places in 6 out of 13 years, with the biggest surplus of 13% in October 2022.

Figure 9.8.2: School rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



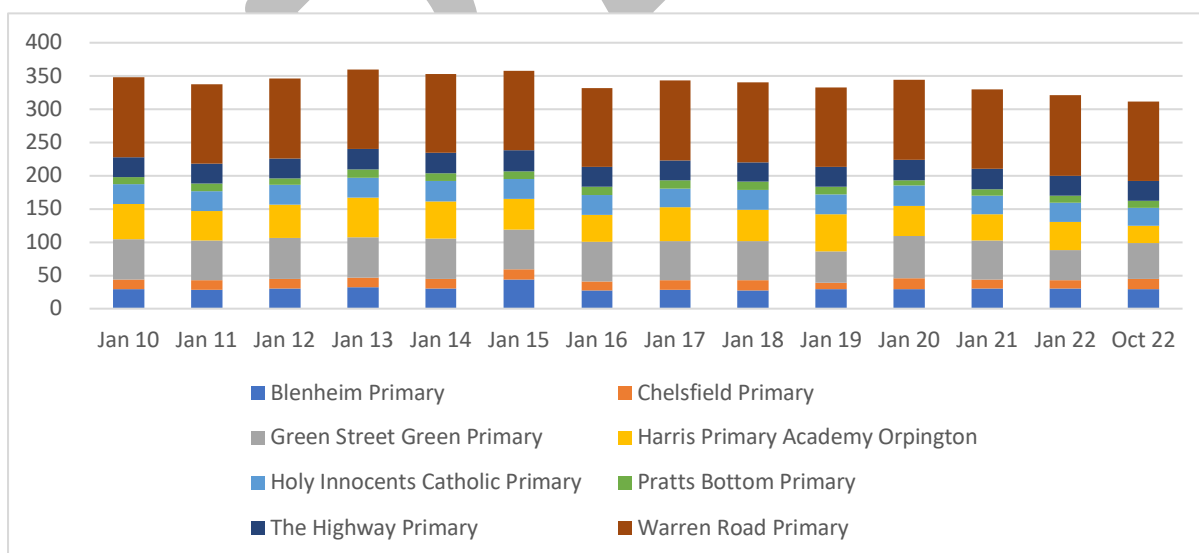
The table below demonstrates that in 2022 there are fewer pupils on roll than places with the exception being Year 3 where there is 1 pupil more than capacity. 3 out of 7 primary years have a surplus of more than 5%.

Table 9.8.3 School rolls by primary year group 2022 - Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



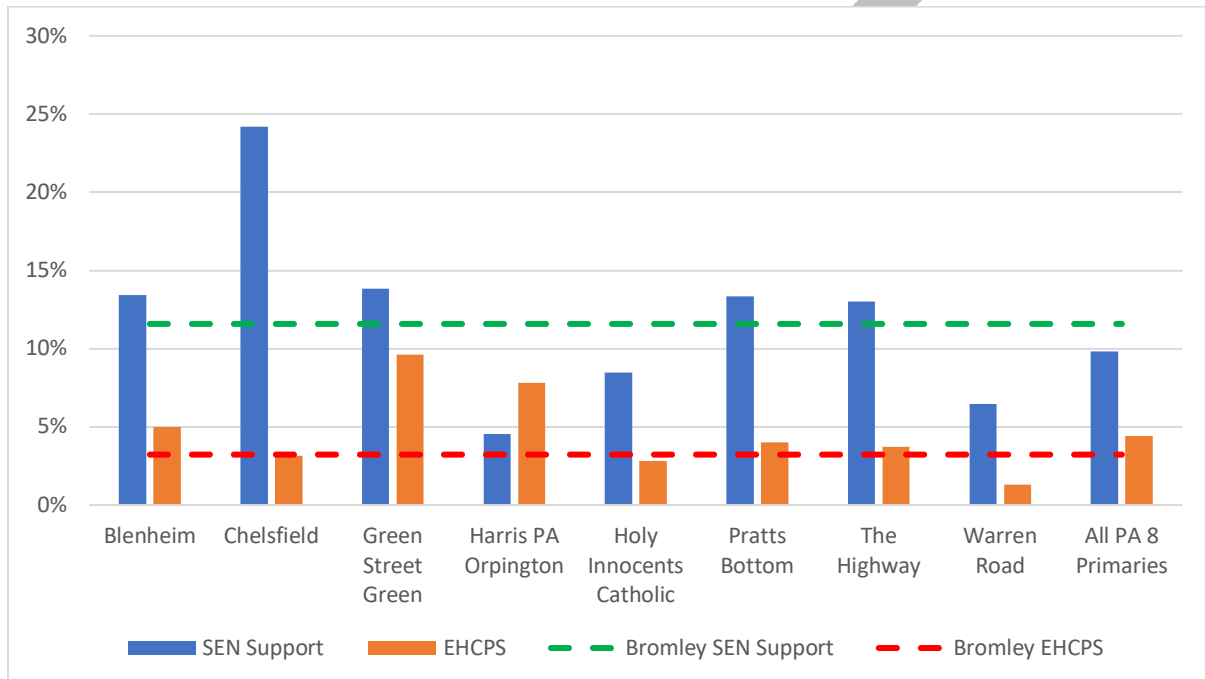
The table below shows Reception rolls broken down by school for each year since 2010.

Table 9.8.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



The table below analyses the percentage of pupils in local schools with SEN Support or and Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP). Chelsfield Primary School has a significantly higher proportion of pupils in receipt of SEN Support than other schools in the planning area and double the borough-wide average. Harris Primary Academy Orpington and Green Street Green have higher than the boroughwide average of children with an EHCP, but this reflects that both schools have a SEN resource provision. Of the other schools Blenheim Primary School has a higher-than-average rate of EHCPs (5%).

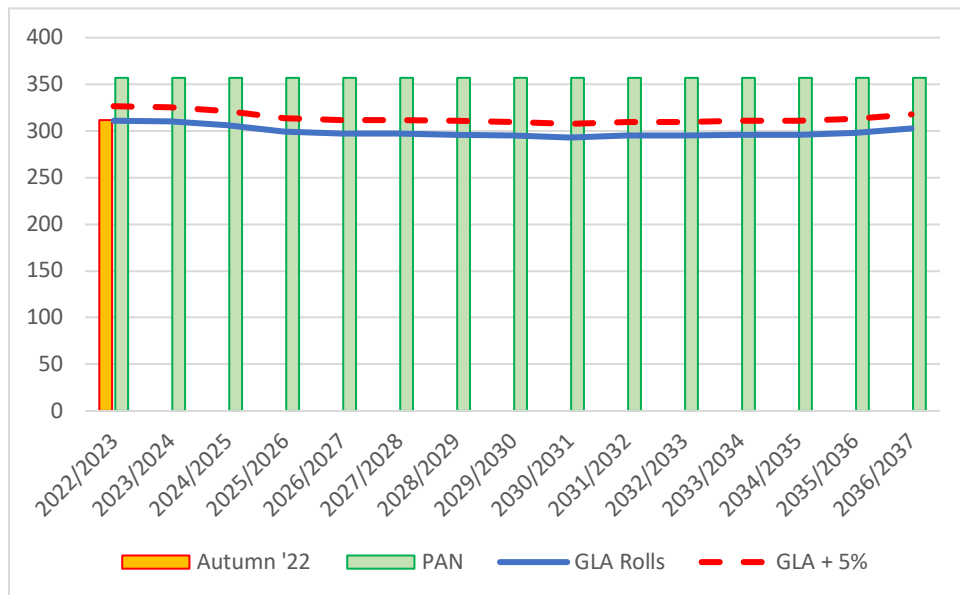
Table 9.8.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

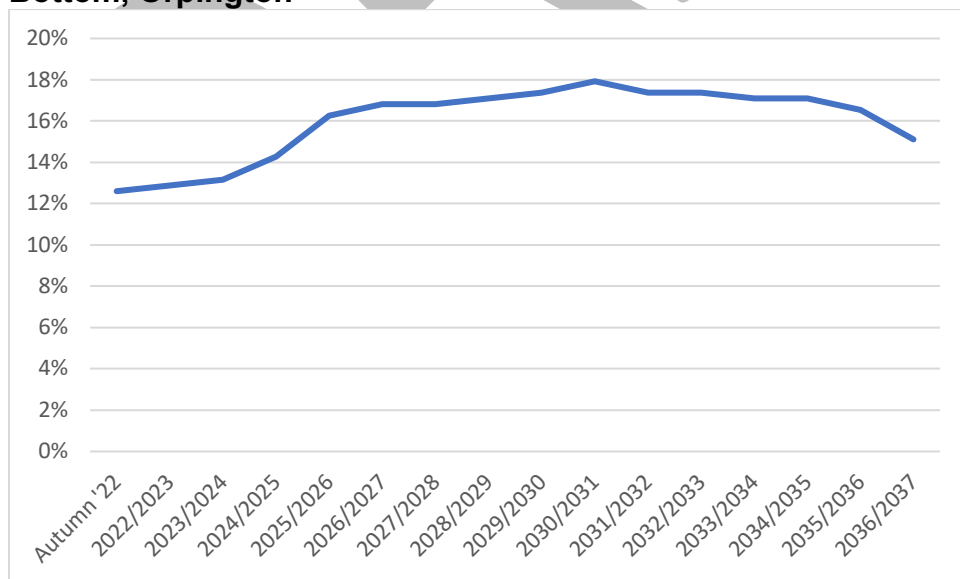
The 2022 GLA School Roll Projections predict that Reception year school rolls will decrease from 311 in 2022/23 to 295 in 2029/30. This is higher than the 274 forecast in last year's GLA projections.

Figure 9.8.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



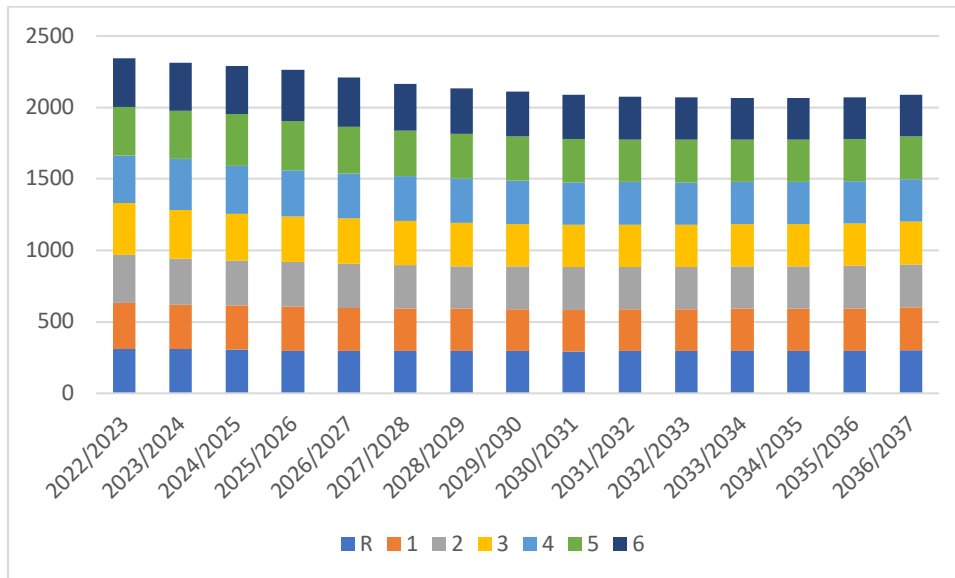
Reception Year Surplus are forecast to increase from 45 (13%) in October 2022 to 62 (17%) in 2029/30. The Council will want to keep this position under review.

Figure 9.8.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



The GLA projects that rolls across all primary years will decrease from 2,343 in 2022/23 to 2,110 in 2029/30, a reduction of 10%. This reduction is lower than forecast by the 2021 GLA projections of 1,974 pupils on roll in 2029/30.

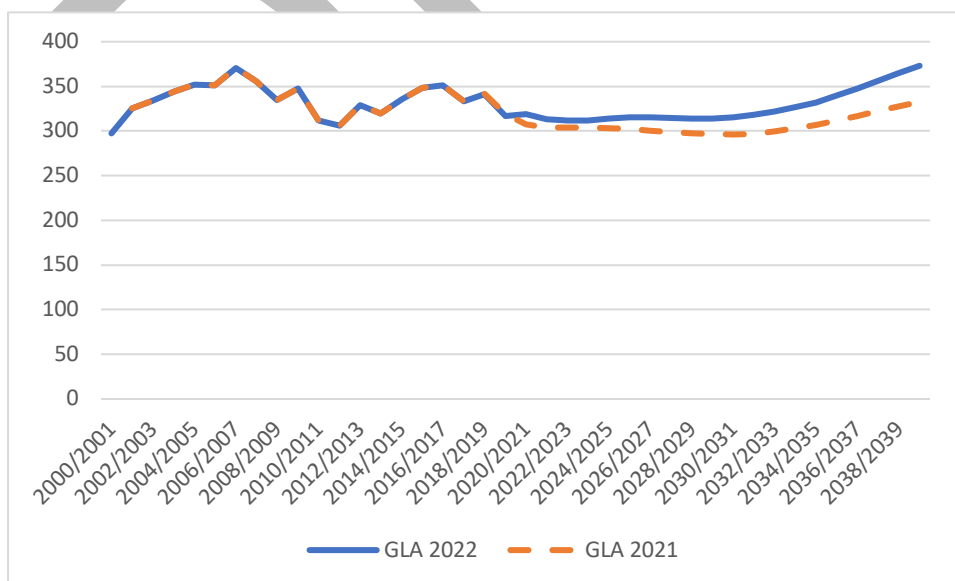
Figure 9.8.8: Primary school roll projections – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



Demographics

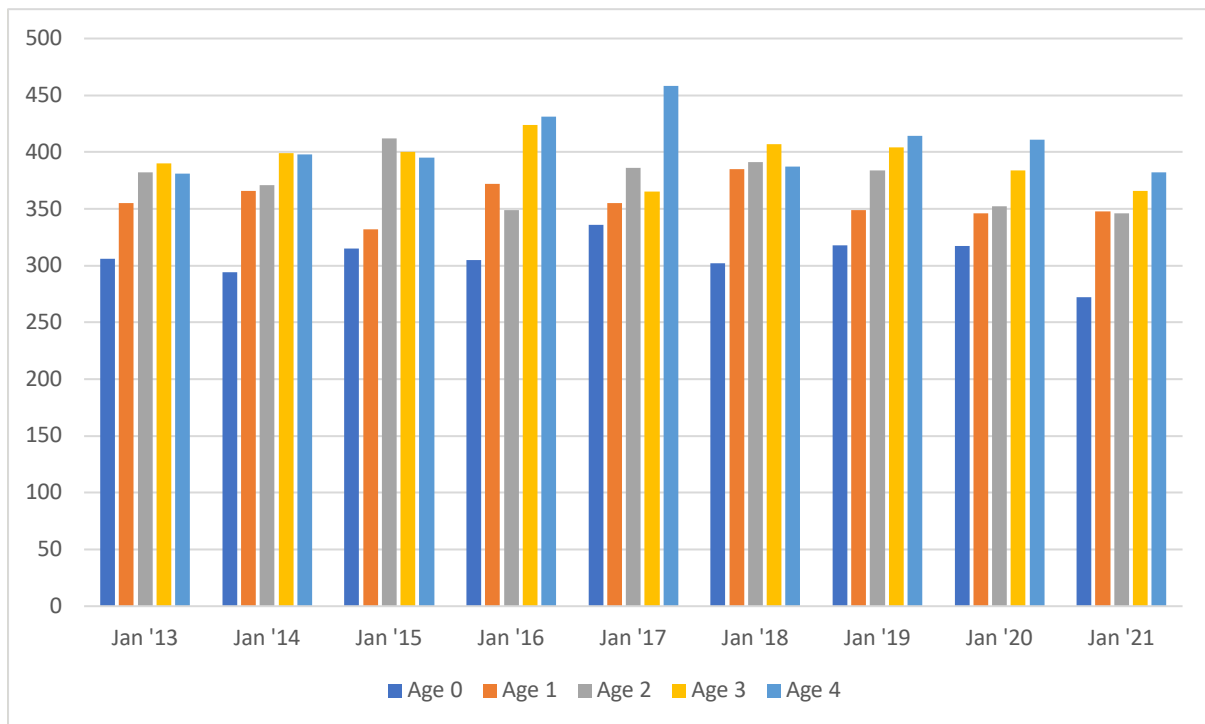
The 2022 GLA projections forecast the number of live births to remain stable increasing from 312 in 2024/25 to 314 in 2029/30 before rising to 373 in 2039/40. This is higher than the 332 project in 2021 GLA projections.

Table 9.8.9: Live births - Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington 2000-40



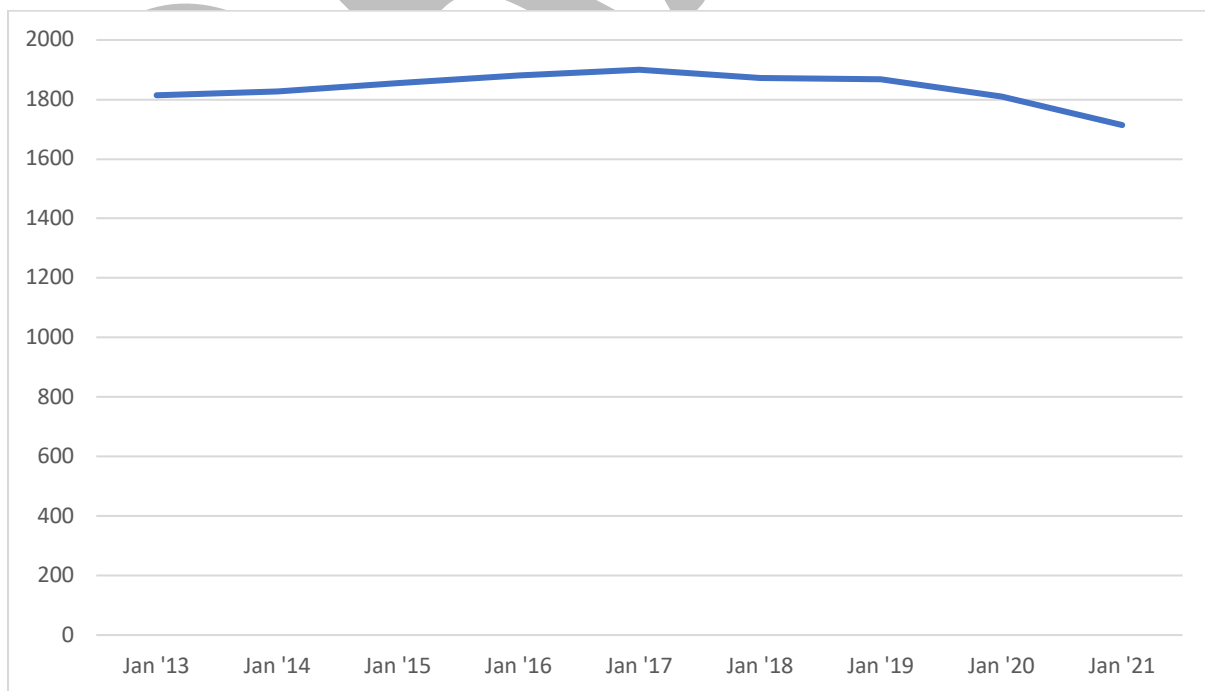
GP registration fell in 2021 compared with for all ages 0-4 with the exception of 4-year-olds where registrations remained stable.

Table 9.8.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Orpington



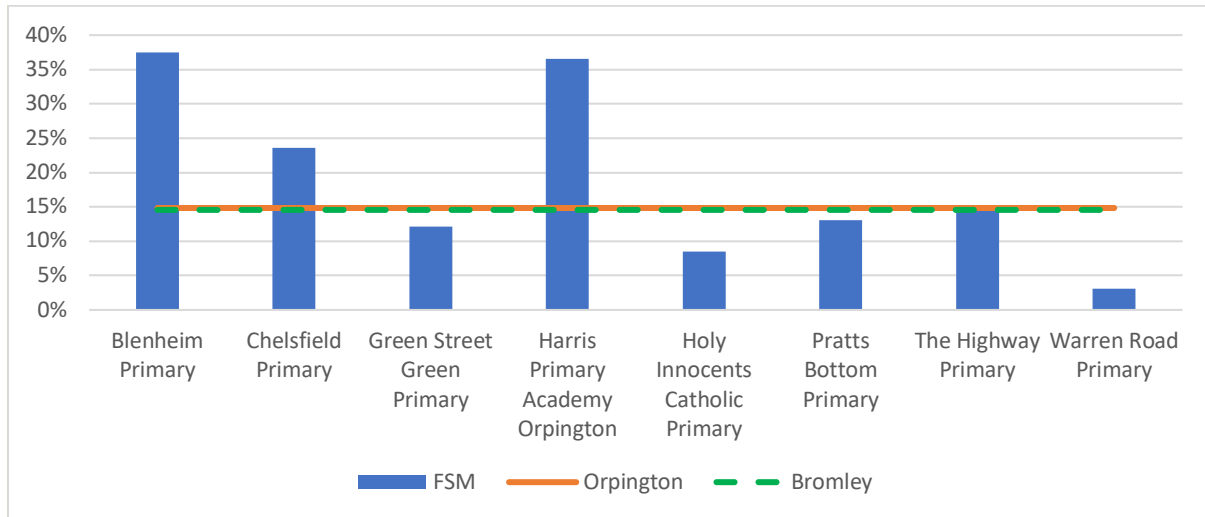
There were 100 or 8% fewer GP registrations in 2021 compared with 2013.

Table 9.8.11: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



15% of pupils in Orpington are eligible for free school meals locally which is close to the Bromley average. Both Blenheim Primary School and Harris Primary Academy Orpington at 37% significantly exceed the Bromley average.

Table 9.8.12: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom, Orpington



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9.9 Biggin Hill, Darwin (Planning Area 9)

The analysis in this section is based upon local pupil place planning areas and corresponds to pre-2022 ward boundaries. The wards included in the planning area are:

- Biggin Hill Ward
- Darwin Ward

The table below provides details of the schools in the local area, their organisation and Ofsted rating.

School	Type	Organisation	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Biggin Hill Primary School	Primary Academy	Charles Darwin Academy Trust	Good	7 June 2017
Charles Darwin School	Secondary Academy	Charles Darwin Academy Trust	Good	30 January 2018
Cudham Church of England Primary School	Primary Academy	Aquinas Church of England Education Trust	Good	13 December 2017
Downe Primary School	Primary Academy	Pioneer Academy	Good	21 March 2017
Oaklands Primary School	Primary Academy	Oaklands Primary Academy (single academy trust)	Good	23 May 2018

This planning area includes the town of Biggin Hill and the surrounding rural communities and includes two smaller village primary schools along with Charles Darwin secondary school. The area has the lowest population density in the Borough. Due to these factors the area has a historic higher level of surplus than other localities. There are sufficient school places to meet local need.

During the past year Downe Primary School has converted from a maintained school to become an academy as part of the Pioneer Academy multi academy trust.

As detailed in Appendix A if the DfE accepts Bromley's proposals for changes to local planning areas, Pratts Bottom Primary School would become part of the Biggin Hill and Darwin Planning Area in future years. For secondary place planning purposes, the whole planning area is proposed to be in secondary planning area 2.

School rolls

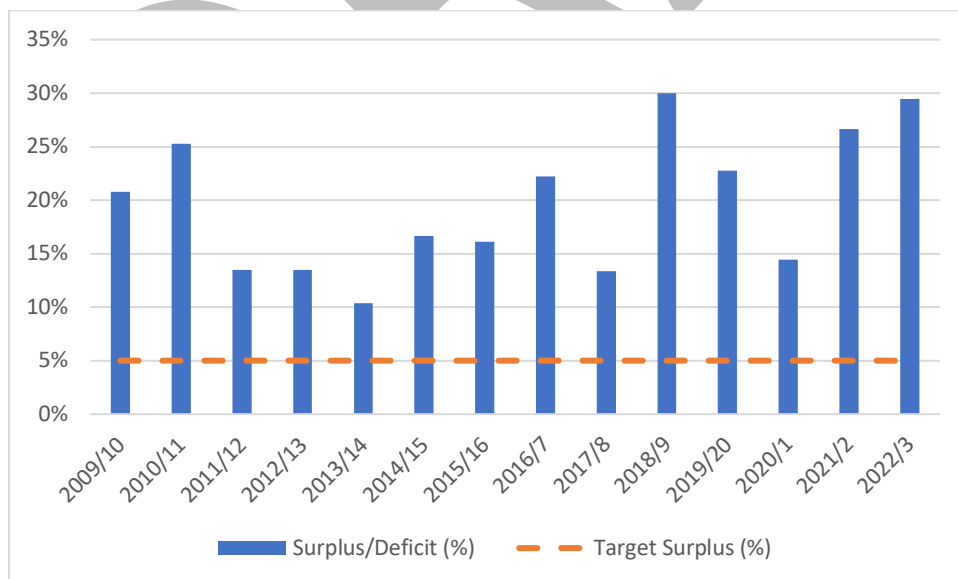
Reception year rolls have been changeable in Biggin Hill since 2010, fluctuating between a peak of 156 children on roll in 2014 and low of 126 in 201. The most recent roll in October 2022 was of 127.

Figure 9.9.1: Reception rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Biggin Hill, Darwin



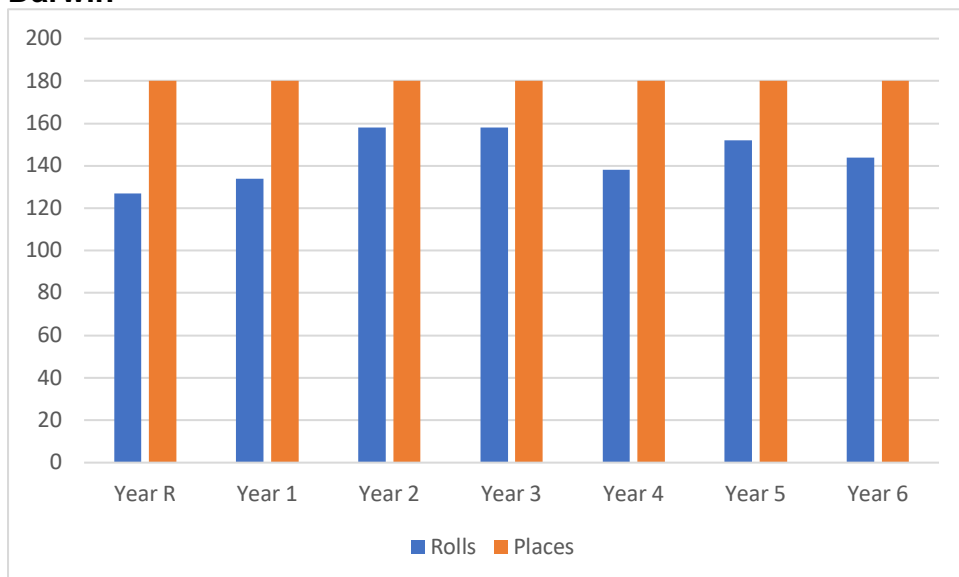
Due to the small number of schools in Biggin Hill, there is a larger than 5% surplus in the planning area. The lowest surplus of Reception places was 10% in 2014 and the highest 30% to 2019. The current surplus rate is 29%.

Figure 9.9.2: Reception rolls and capacities 2010-21 – Biggin Hill, Darwin



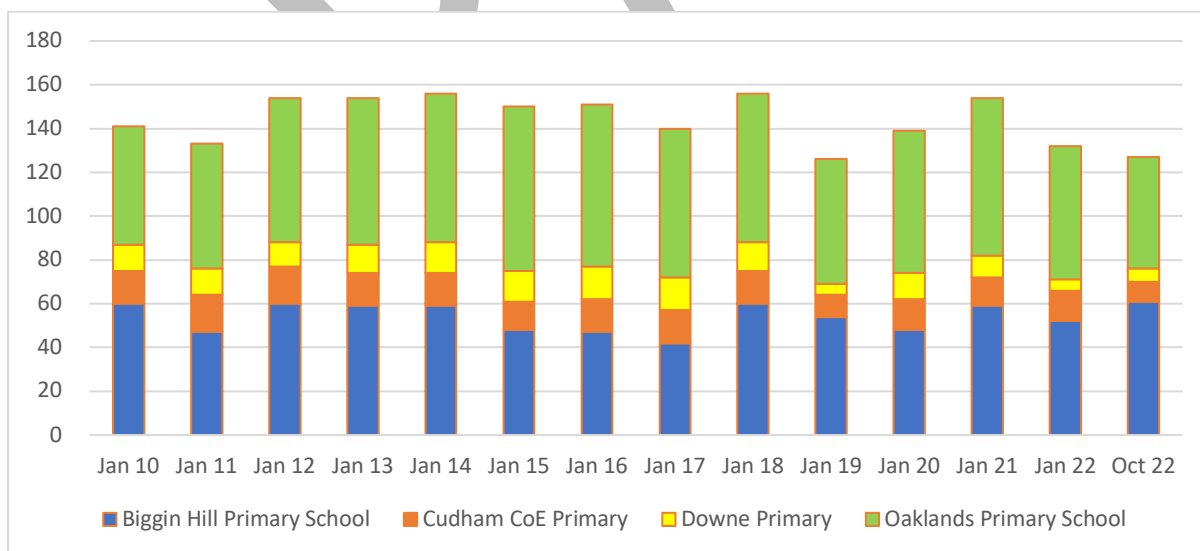
The table below compares school rolls and capacities in each year group and shows that there are surplus places in each year group.

Table 9.9.3 School rolls by primary year group Autumn 2022 - Biggin Hill, Darwin



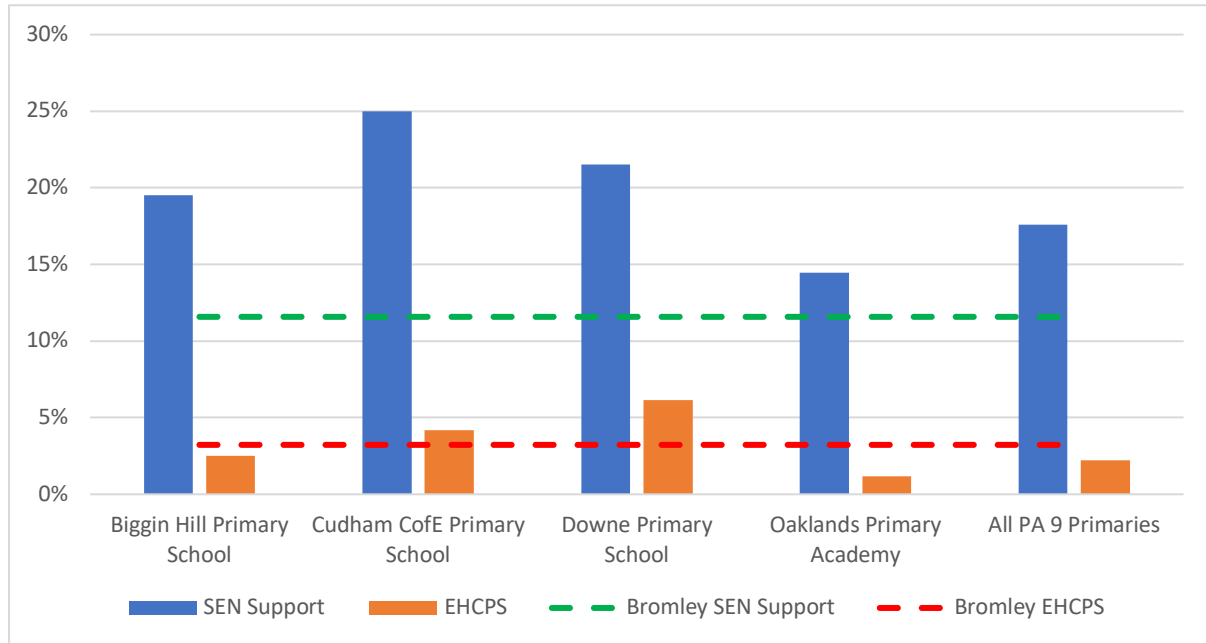
The table below shows primary rolls by school for each year between 2010 and 2022. Reception Rolls were highest in 2013/14 and 2017/18 at 156.

Table 9.9.4 School rolls by local school 2010-22 – Biggin Hill, Darwin



The table below shows the percentage of pupils at each school to be in receipt of either an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP) or SEN Support. A quarter of pupils at Cudham CE Primary School are in receipt of SEN Support whilst Downe Primary School is approaching twice the borough average of pupils with an EHCP.

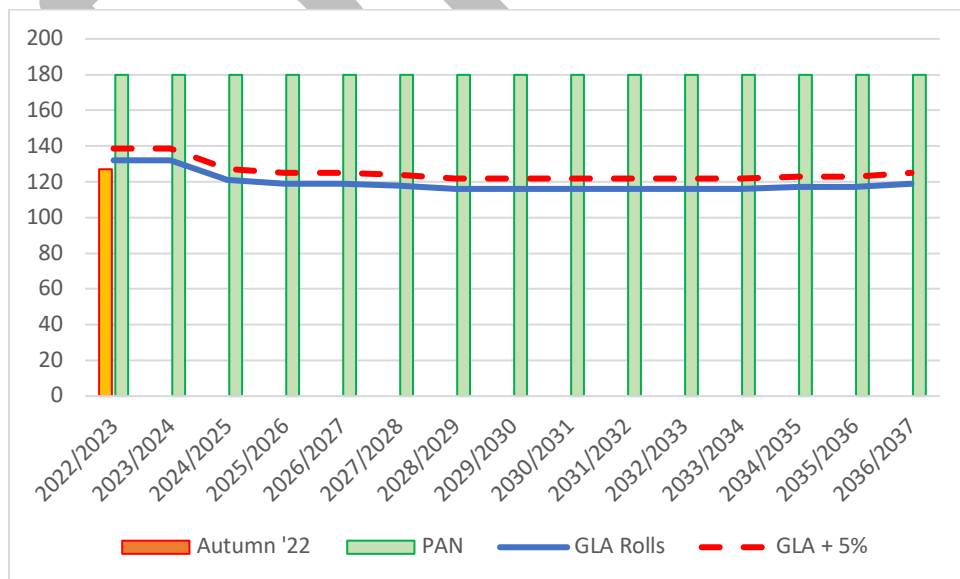
Table 9.9.5 Percentage of pupils with an EHCP and SEN Support



Projections

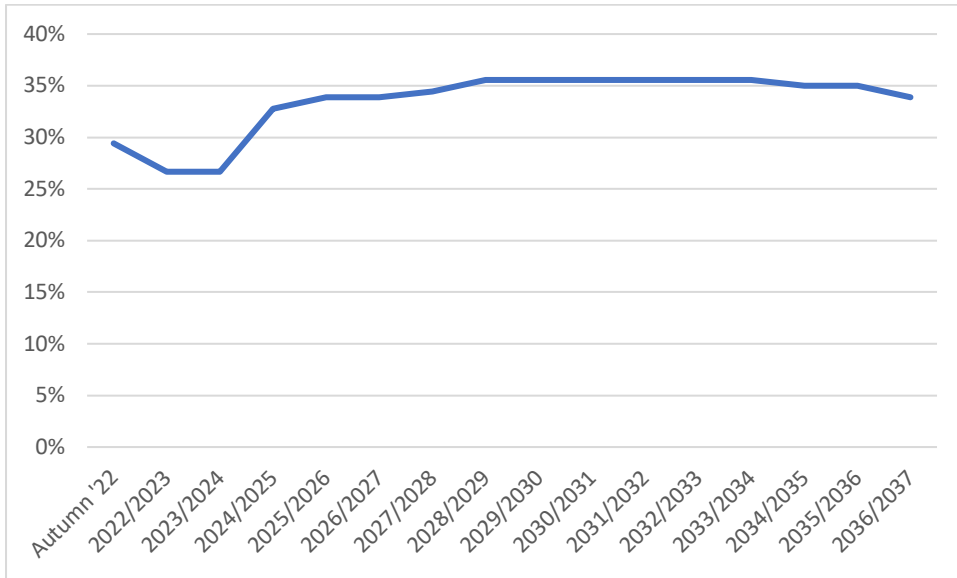
The 2022 GLA School Projections forecast that reception rolls in Biggin Hill and Darwin will reduce from 132 in 2022/23 to 116 in 2029/30.

Figure 9.9.6: Reception Year Roll Projections – Biggin Hill, Darwin



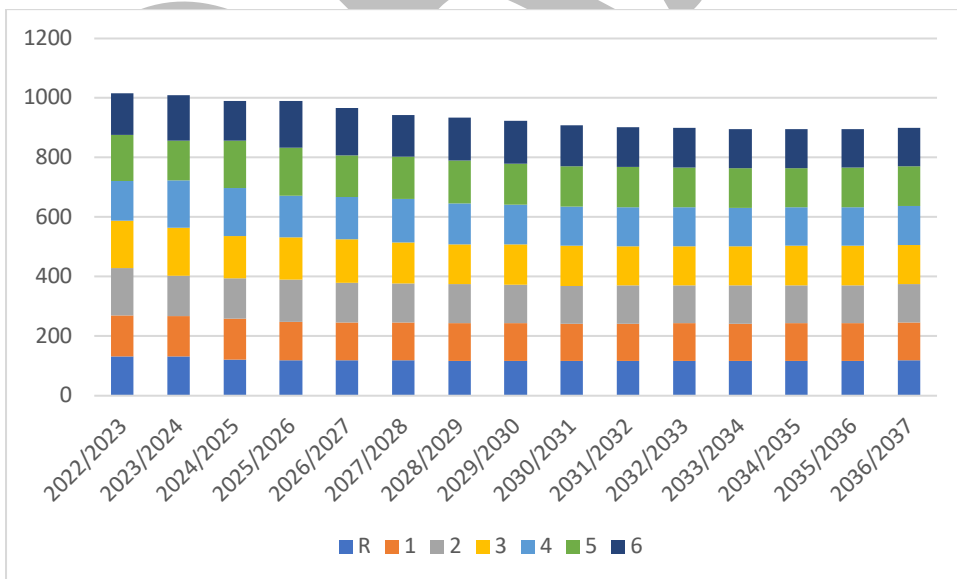
According to the GLA 2022 School Roll Projections surplus places will increase from 53 or 29% in Autumn 2022 to 64 (36%) in 2029/30. It should be noted that the Biggin Hill and Darwin has historically had a higher surplus rate than other planning areas.

Figure 9.9.7: Reception Year Roll Surplus Places - Biggin Hill, Darwin



The GLA School Roll projections predict that the primary school population will fall from 1016 in 2022/23 to 923 in 2029/30. This is lower than the GLA 2021 projections that forecast a population of 1,034 in 2029/30.

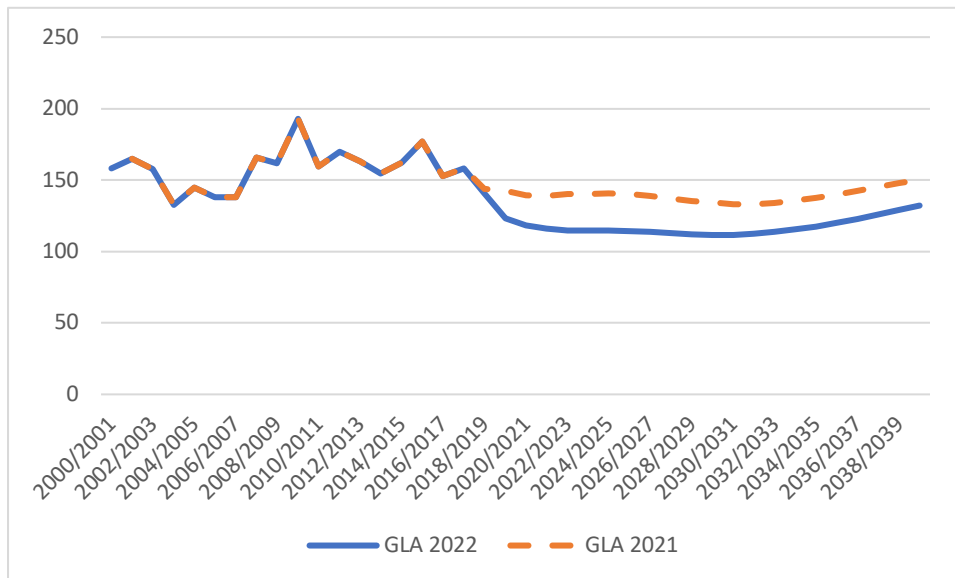
Figure 9.9.8: Primary school roll projections – Biggin Hill, Darwin



Demographics

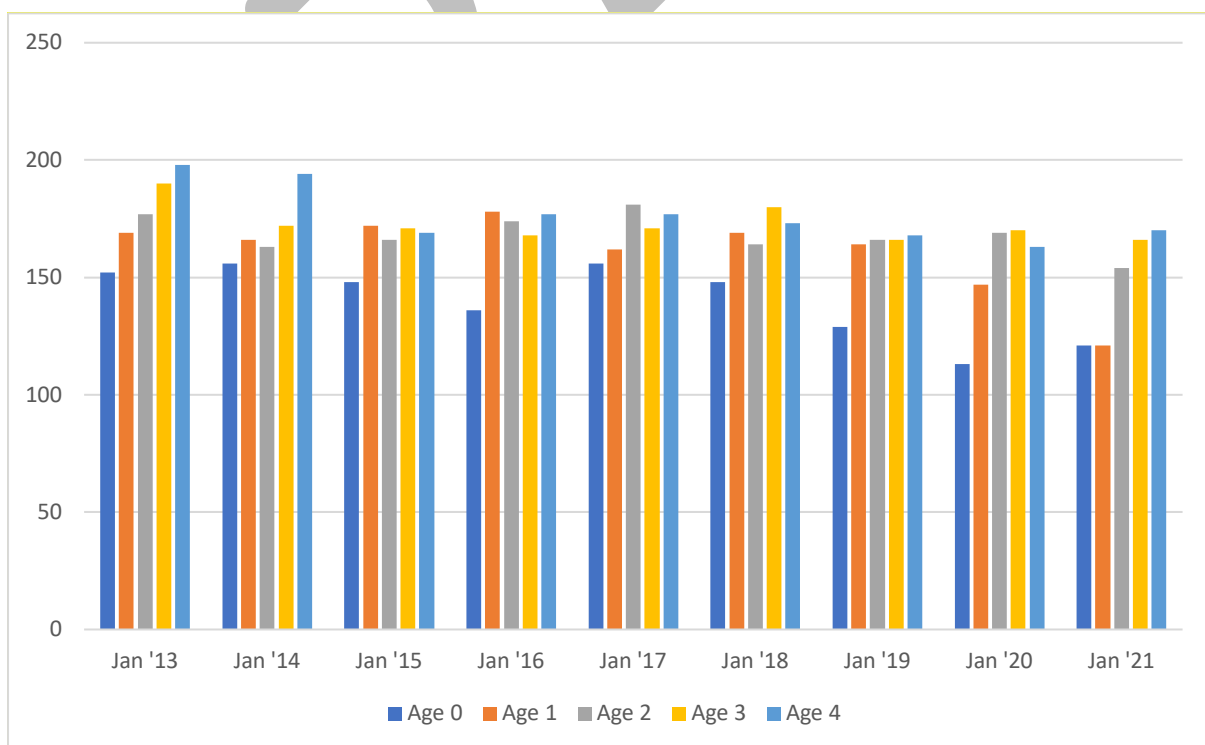
The 2022 GLA projections forecast that live births will be static until the end of the decade, reducing slightly from 115 in 2023/24 to 112 in 2029/30. Although live births increase to 132 to 2039/40 this is lower than the 150 forecast by GLA 2021 live birth projections.

Table 9.9.7: Live births - Biggin Hill, Darwin 2000-2040



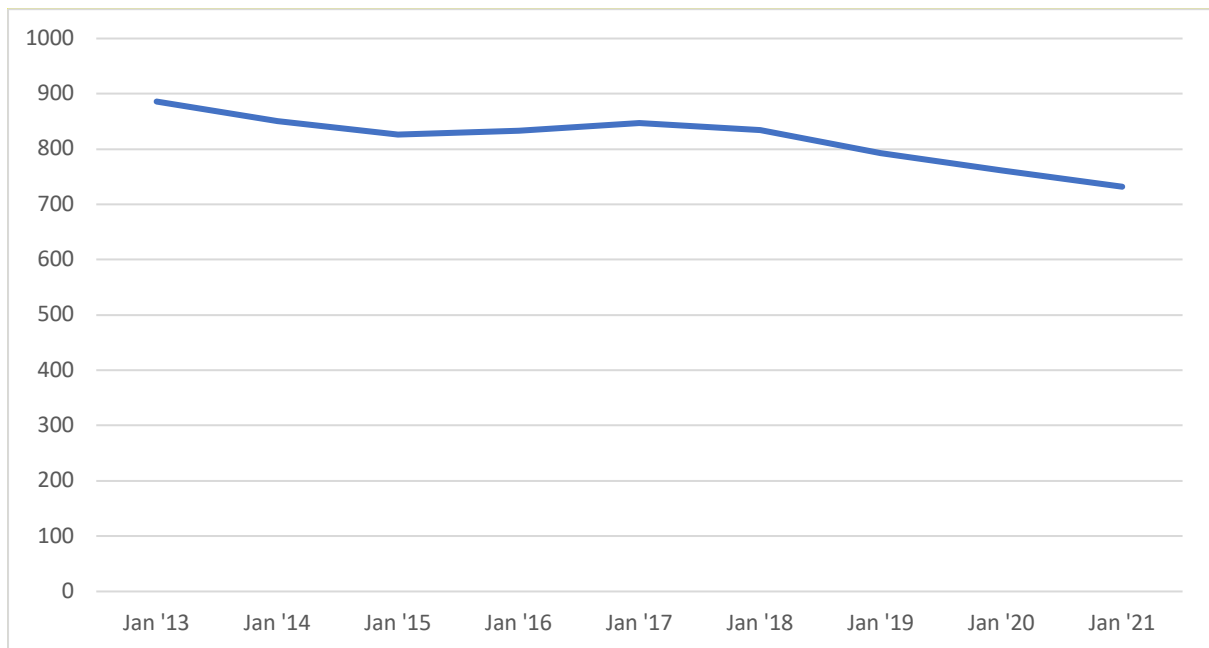
GP registrations were lower in all ages 0-4 in 2021 compared with 2013.

Table 9.9.9: GP Registrations 2013-21 by age – Biggin Hill, Darwin



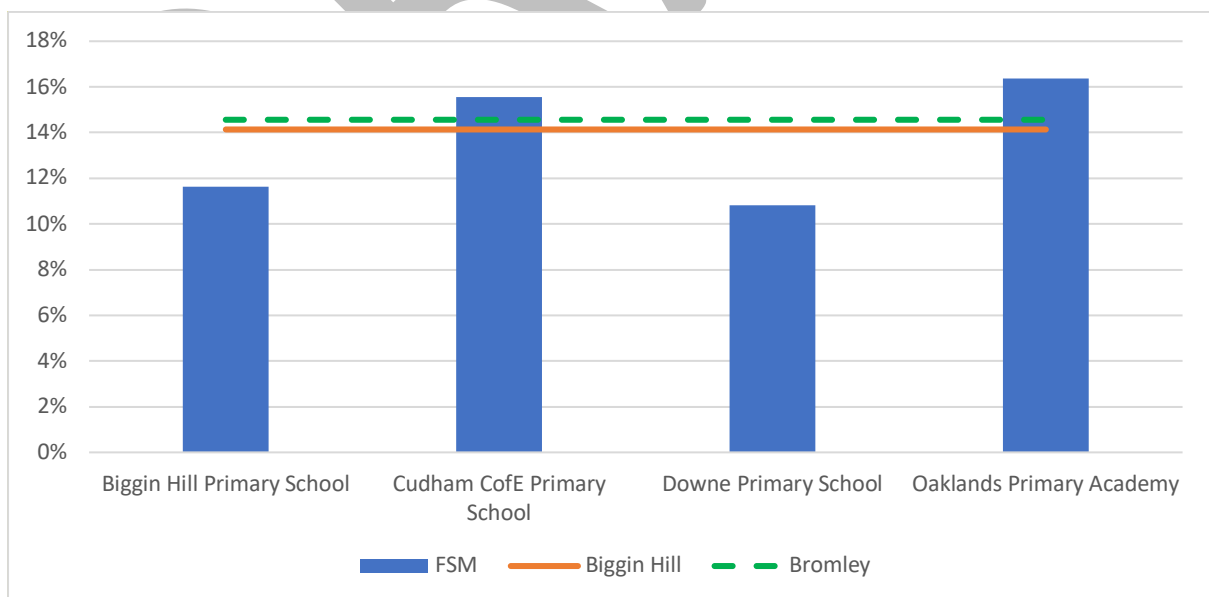
There were 114 less GO registrations across the 0-4 age group in 2021 compared to 2013, a drop of 17%.

Table 9.9.10: GP Registrations 2013-21 0 - 4 Years Old – Biggin Hill, Darwin



Across the planning area's primary schools 14% of pupils are eligible for free school meals, similar to the Bromley average. 16% of pupils at Cudham Primary School and Oaklands Primary School are eligible for free school meals.

Table 9.9.11: Percentage of children on school roll eligible for free school meals – Biggin Hill, Darwin



APPENDIX A - NEW PLANNING AREAS

Following the recommendations of the School Place Working Group in 2022 to review the Borough's planning areas, ratified by the Children Education and Families Portfolio Holder in September 2022, the Council is in conversation with the Department for Education about amending its planning areas. There are 2 key proposals:

1. To split Bromley into 2 planning areas for secondary place planning purposes
2. To amend the current planning areas so that they are co-terminus with ward boundaries.

Further detail is provided below about the proposals being discussed.

Proposed Secondary Planning Areas

Currently Bromley is a single planning area for secondary place planning purposes. Over the past 10 years a situation has developed whereby secondary schools in the west of the borough are over capacity, whilst a number of schools in the east of the borough have reduced their capacities and there continues to be vacancies in these schools.

The journeys required for many children and young people resident in the west of the Borough to access these vacant places in east of the Borough means that they cannot be reached within a reasonable time as set out in the DfE's ***Home to school travel and transport guidance - Statutory guidance for local authorities.***

Having a single secondary planning area is also disadvantaging the Council in remedying this issue. When the DfE is calculating the Council's Basic Need allocation it is offsetting the shortage of places in west of the borough against the surplus places in the extreme east of the borough. By creating 2 planning areas the Council is considered to be more likely to receive funding to deal with the shortage in the west of the borough. This has proved to be a significant issue whilst the Council awaits the DfE's delivery of Harris Kent House, the free school proposed for Penge, approved in 2017, but unlikely to open until 2025 at the earliest.

When comparing Year 7 places and Published Admission Numbers, the Council is currently operating at 98% of capacity boroughwide, which is less than its planning target of a 5% surplus. This problem is more acute in the west of the borough where schools are currently operating at 104% of capacity, with individual schools between 99% and 121% of capacity. In recent years the Council has only been able to make offers to every applicant by Bromley schools temporarily increasing their PAN, offering places over their agreed PAN, or by offering places in other boroughs, sometimes in poorer performing schools. There is insufficient capacity in the school premises in the borough to operate in this manner indefinitely.

To resolve this issue a proposal is being discussed to split the secondary planning area into two new planning areas of East and West:

Secondary Planning Area 1 (West)	Secondary Planning Area 2 (East)
Bishop Justus CofE School Bullers Wood School Bullers Wood School for Boys Eden Park High School Harris Academy Beckenham Harris Girls Academy Bromley Hayes School Langley Park School for Boys Langley Park School for Girls Ravens Wood School The Ravensbourne School	Charles Darwin School Chislehurst School for Girls Coopers School Darrick Wood School Harris Academy Orpington Kemnal Technology College Newstead Wood School St Olave's and St Saviour's Grammar School

Under the proposal, Secondary Planning Area 1 would include schools in the west of the borough and central Bromley, whilst Secondary Planning Area 2 would include Orpington and Biggin Hill. The new planning areas would be co-terminus with ward boundaries, but would split Primary Planning Area 6, With Bromley Common and Holwood ward being in Secondary Planning Area 1 and Farnborough and Crofton Ward and Petts Wood and Knoll Ward being in Secondary Planning Area 2.

PLANNING AREAS BY WARD BOUNDARIES	
Secondary Planning Area 1 (West)	Secondary Planning Area 2 (East)
Clock House Crystal Palace and Anerley Penge & Cator Beckenham Town & Copers Cope Kelsey Park & Eden Park Hayes & Coney Hall West Wickham Bickley & Sundridge Bromley Town Plaistow Shortlands & Park Langley Bromley Common & Holwood	Farnborough and Crofton Petts Wood & Knoll Chislehurst Mottingham St Mary Cray St Paul's Cray Orpington Chelsfield Biggin Hill Darwin

In terms of the number of pupils in each planning area, detail is provided in the two tables below of the rolls based on the Autumn 2022 school census.

SECONDARY PLANNING AREA 1	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	ALL
Bishop Justus CofE School	237	236	232	239	208	127	93	1372
Bullers Wood School	231	231	232	232	224	221	212	1583
Bullers Wood School for Boys	178	180	180	181	178			897
Eden Park High School	239	236	238	231	174	74		1192
Harris Academy Beckenham	218	196	195	194	190	102	70	1165
Harris Girls Academy Bromley	211	209	177	169	181	88	52	1087
Hayes School	254	253	253	254	241	269	210	1734
Langley Park School for Boys	228	220	223	221	212	327	315	1746
Langley Park School for Girls	239	240	240	240	239	251	266	1715
Ravens Wood School	223	223	242	238	238	238	218	1620
The Ravensbourne School	236	224	207	213	199	222	163	1464
	2494	2448	2419	2412	2284	1919	1599	15575

SECONDARY PLANNING AREA 2	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	ALL
Charles Darwin School	236	222	220	213	205	105	107	1308
Chislehurst School for Girls	208	179	165	190	171	76	81	1070
Coopers School	232	231	230	246	246	67	157	1409
Darrick Wood School	269	267	262	262	257	205	199	1721
Harris Academy Orpington	77	91	68	134	117	74	58	619
Kemnal Technology College	124	160	112	125	80			601
Newstead Wood School	168	168	159	160	160	230	225	1270
St Olave's and St Saviour's Grammar	128	128	128	127	125	224	229	1089
	1442	1446	1344	1457	1361	981	1056	9087

The two tables below provide details of each school in the 2 secondary areas with regards places (PAN) and rolls.

Figure A1: Schools in Secondary Planning Area 1 by Year 7 Places and Rolls

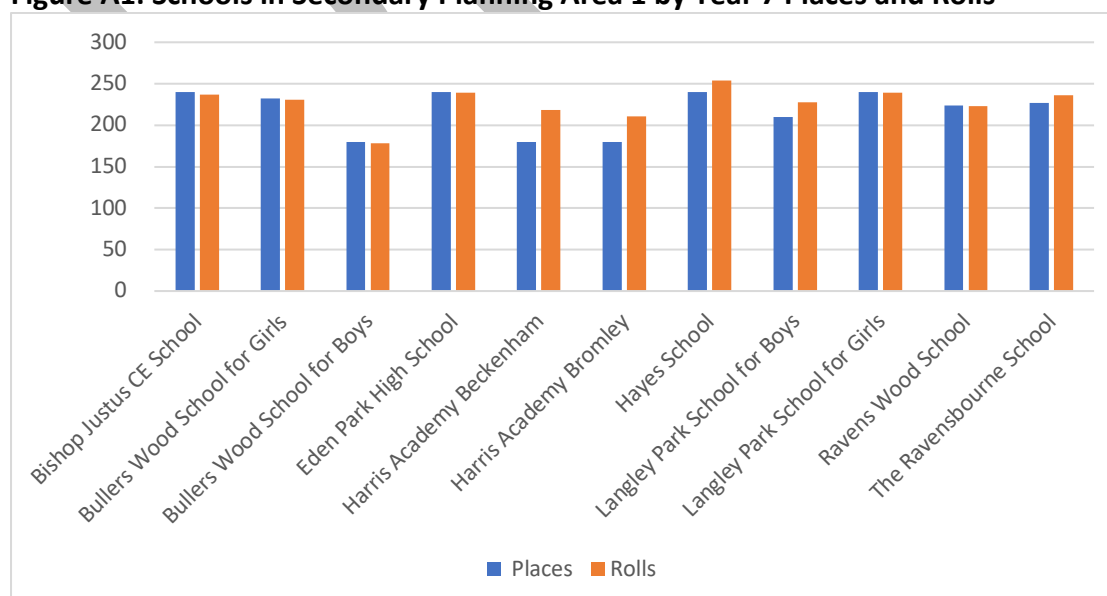
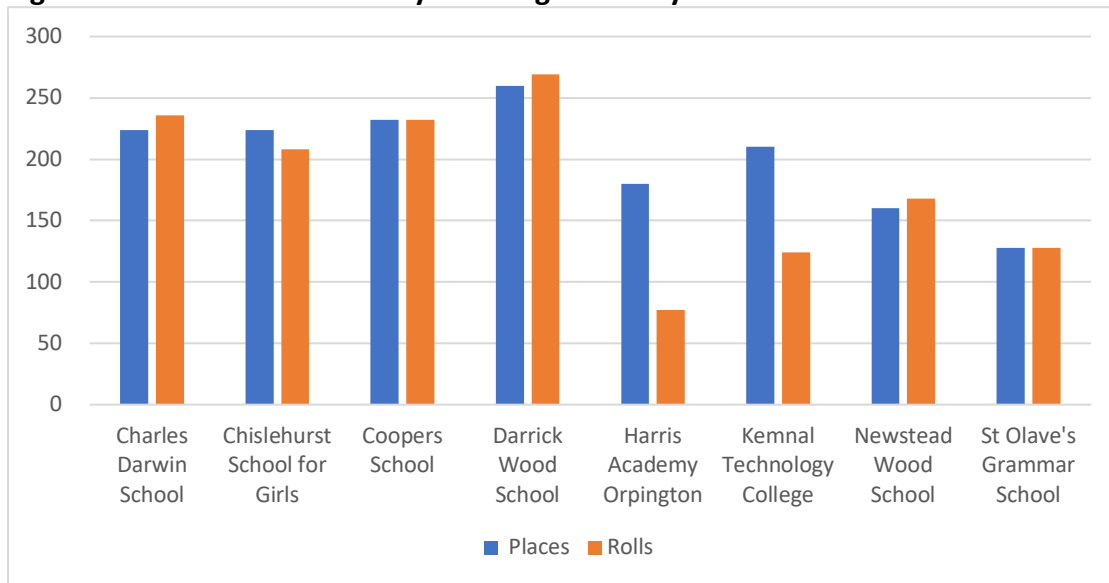


Figure A2: Schools in Secondary Planning Area 2 by Year 7 Places and Rolls



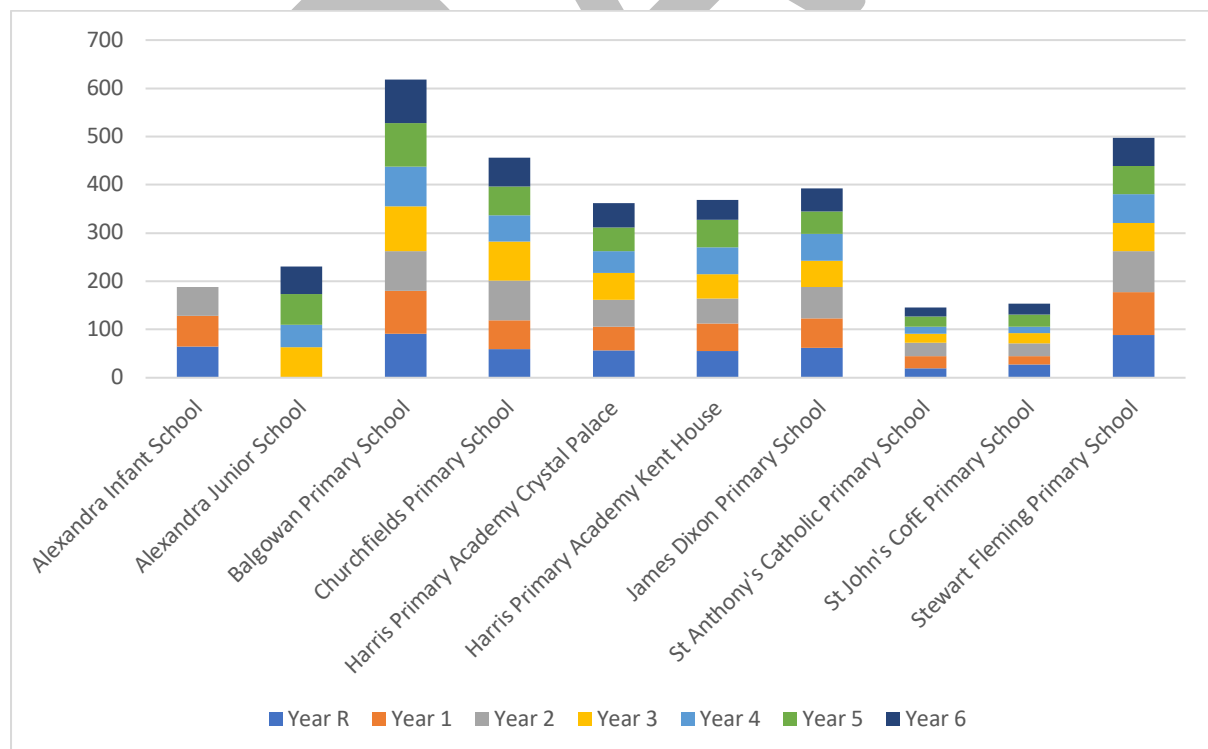
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PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 1 - CLOCK HOUSE, CRYSTAL PALACE & ANERLEY, PENGE & CATOR

No change

WARD	SCHOOL
Clock House	Balgowan Primary School Churchfields Primary School Riverside (Beckenham) Stewart Fleming Primary School
Crystal Palace and Anerley	James Dixon Primary School
Penge & Cator	Alexandra Infant School Alexandra Junior School Harris Bromley Harris Primary Academy Crystal Palace Harris Kent House Harris Primary Academy Kent House St Anthony's RC Primary School St John's CE Primary School

Figure A5: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 1

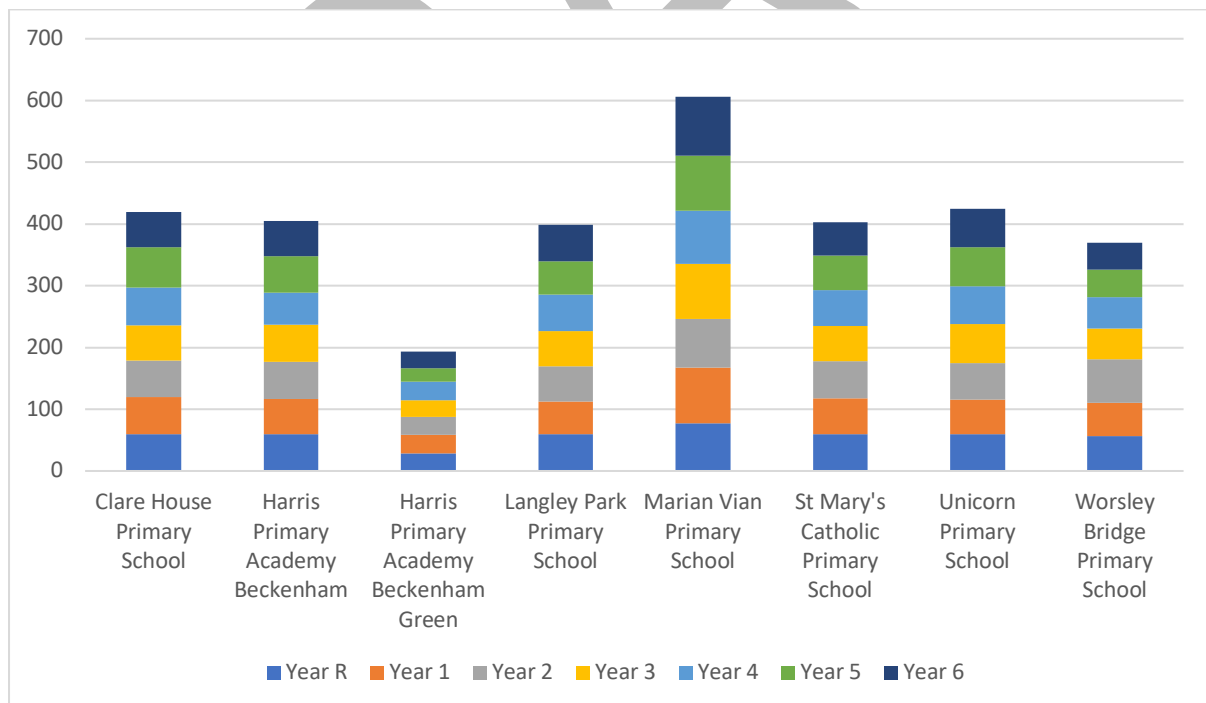


PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 2 - BECKENHAM TOWN & COPERS COPE, KELSEY & EDEN PARK

No Change

Beckenham Town & Copers Cope	Clare House Primary Harris Primary Academy Beckenham Green St Mary's RC Catholic Worsley Bridge Primary School
Kelsey Park & Eden Park	Eden Park High School Harris Beckenham Harris Primary Academy Beckenham Langley Park School for Boys Langley Park School for Girls Langley Park Primary Marian Vian Primary School Unicorn Primary School

Figure A6: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 2



PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 3 – HAYES & CONEY HALL, WEST WICKHAM

Hayes & Coney Hall	Hayes Primary School Hayes School Keston CE Primary School Pickhurt Infants School Pickhurst Junior School Wickham Common Primary School
West Wickham	The Glebe Hawes Down Primary School Oak Lodge Primary School Riverside (West Wickham)

Summary of Changes

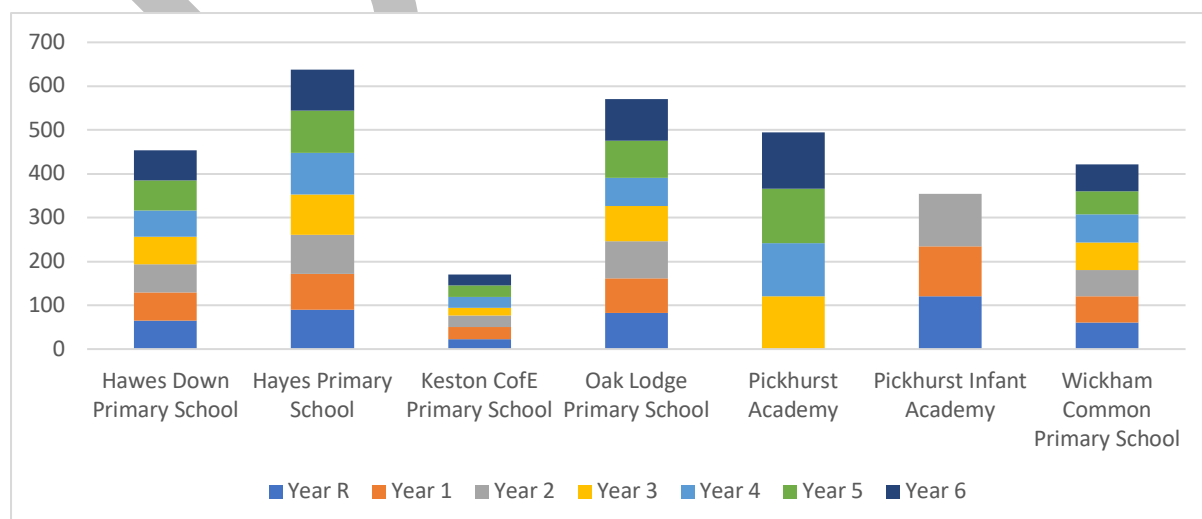
Shortlands & Park Langley to Planning Area 4

Schools Moving In	Schools Moving Out
Keston CE Primary School	Harris Primary Academy Shortlands Highfield Infant School Highfield Junior School St Mark's CE Primary School

Rationale:

To align Planning areas to new ward boundaries, Keston CE Primary School moves into the planning area from Planning Area 5. The 4 schools previously in Shortlands Ward, now part of Shortlands and Park Langley Ward, move into Planning Area 4 to reflect the new ward's inter-relationship with central Bromley, including the incorporation of parts of the pre-2022 Bromley Town Ward.

Figure A7: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 3



PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 4 - BICKLEY & SUNDRIDGE, BROMLEY TOWN, PLAISTOW, SHORTLANDS & PARK LANGLEY

Bickley & Sundridge	Bickley Primary School Bullers Wood School Bullers Wood School for Boys La Fontaine St George's CE Primary School St Joseph's RC Primary School Scotts Park Primary School
Bromley Town	Bromley Beacon Academy (Beacon House) BTA (Hayes Lane) Ravensbourne School
Plaistow	Burnt Ash Primary School Parish CE Primary School
Shortlands & Park Langley	Harris Primary Academy Shortlands Highfield Infant School Highfield Junior School St Mark's CE Primary School Valley Primary School

Summary of Changes

Schools Moving In	Schools Moving Out
Harris Primary Academy Shortlands Highfield Infant School Highfield Junior School St Mark's CE Primary School	Raglan Primary School

Rationale:

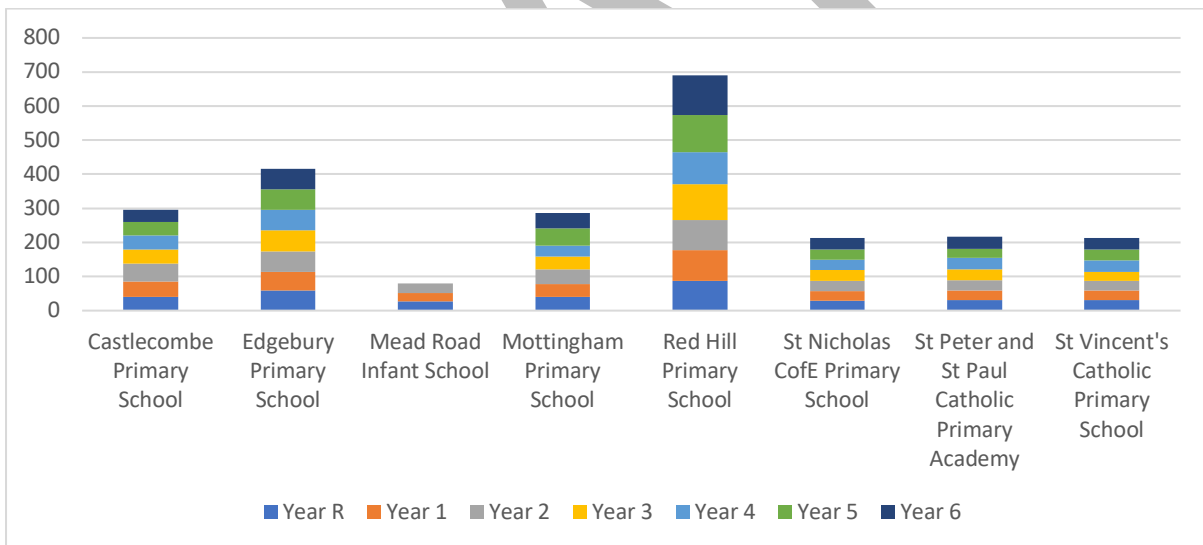
The Boundary Commission changes had the impact, through Raglan Primary School and Valley Primary School moving wards, of there being no primary schools in Bromley Town. Bromley Town is a focus of population growth and to reflect the schools that serve his community the new Shortlands and Park Langley Ward, that previous included parts of Bromley Town Ward, has been moved into planning area. This has the impact of adding Harris Primary Academy Shortlands, Highfield Infant School, Highfield Junior School and St Mark's CE Primary School to the planning area as well as retaining Valley Primary School. Raglan Primary School moves to Planning Area 5.

PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 6 – CHISLEHURST, MOTTINGHAM

No Change

Chislehurst	Chislehurst School for Girls Coopers Edgebury Primary School Marjorie McClure Mead Road Infant School Redwood Academy Red Hill Primary School St Nicholas CE Primary St Peters & St Paul's RC Primary
Mottingham	Elmstead Wood Primary School Ravensworth Primary School St Vincents RC Primary

Figure A10: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 6



PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 7 – ST MARY CRAY, ST PAUL'S CRAY

St Mary Cray	Harris Primary Academy Orpington Manor Oak Primary School Perry Hall Primary School Poverest Primary School St Mary Cray Primary School St Philomena's RC Primary School
St Paul's Cray	BTA Midfield Grays Farm Primary School Kemnal Leesons Primary School Midfield Primary School Riverside (St Paul's Cray) St Paul's Cray CE Primary School

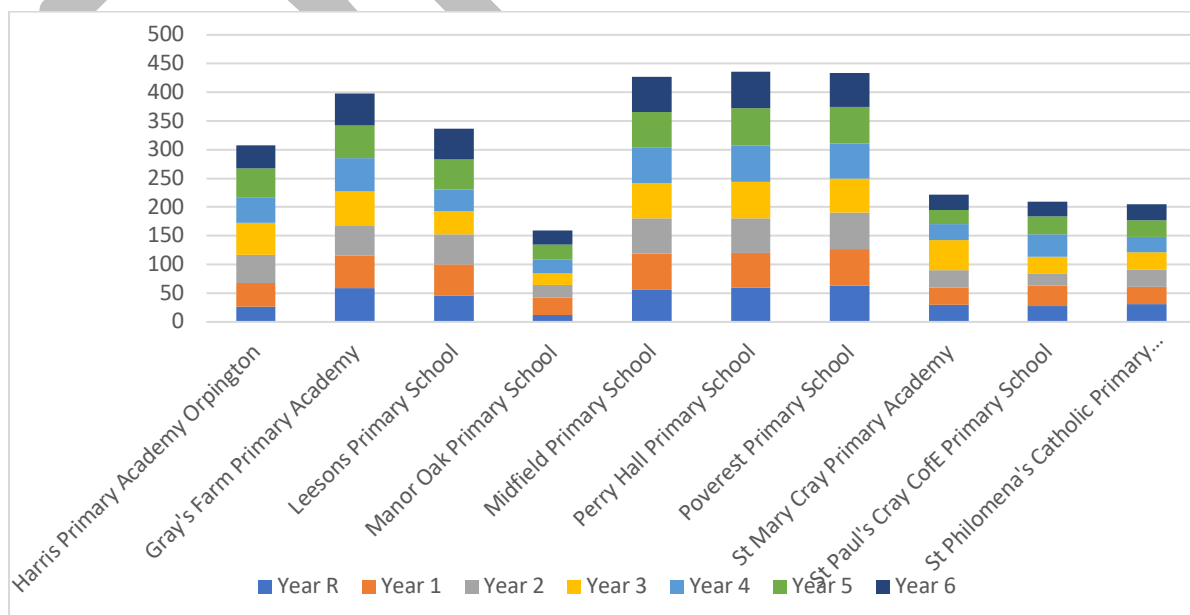
Summary of Changes

Schools Moving In	Schools Moving Out
Harris Primary Academy Orpington	

Rationale:

Under the May 2022 Boundary Commission changes Harris Primary Academy Orpington moved into the new St Mary Cray Ward from Orpington Ward. The proposals reflect these changes.

Figure A11: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 7



PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 8 – Orpington, Chelsfield

Orpington	Blenheim Primary School Bromley Beacon Academy (Orpington) Harris Academy Orpington St Olave's
Chelsfield	Chelsfield Primary School Green Street Green Primary School Holy Innocents RC Primary School The Highway Primary School Warren Road Primary School

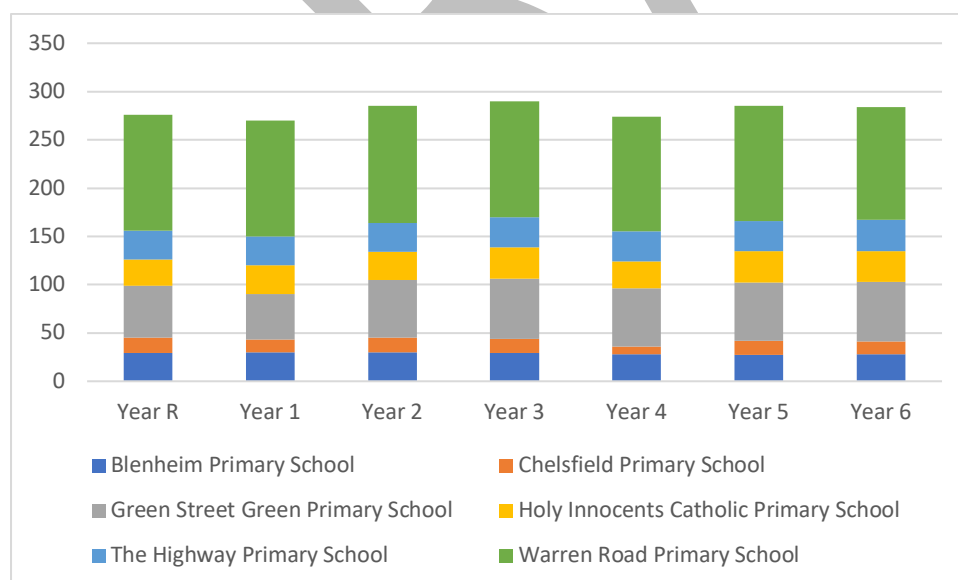
Summary of Changes

Schools Moving In	Schools Moving Out
	Harris Primary Academy Orpington Pratts Bottom Primary School

Rationale:

Under the May 2022 Boundary Commission changes Harris Primary Academy Orpington moved into the new St Mary Cray Ward and Pratts Bottom Primary School moved from the former Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom Ward to Darwin Ward. The proposals reflect these changes.

Figure A12: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 8



PROPOSED NEW PRIMARY PLANNING AREA 9 – BIGGIN HILL, DARWIN

Biggin Hill	Biggin Hill Primary School Charles Darwin Oaklands Primary School
Darwin	Cudham CE Primary School Downe Primary School Pratts Bottom Primary School

Summary of Changes

Schools Moving In	Schools Moving Out
Pratts Bottom Primary School	

Rationale:

In May 2022 Pratts Bottom School moved from the former Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom Ward to Darwin Ward. The proposed change by adding Pratts Bottom School to Planning Area 9 will reflect this change.

Figure A13: Proposed population of schools in Planning Area 9

